OTTAWA LIGHT COMMISSION RAIL TRANSIT D'ENQUÊTE SUR LE RÉSEAU DE TRAIN LÉGER SUR RAIL D'OTTA TRAIN LÉGER SUR RAIL D'OTTAWA

Public Hearing

Audience publique

Commissioner / Commissaire

The Honourable / L'honorable C. William Hourigan

VOLUME 18

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1	Ottawa, Ontario
2	Upon commencing on Thursday, July 7, 2022, at 9:02 a.m.
3	THE REGISTRAR:
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Good morning. Welcome to day
5	18 of the hearings. Our first witness is Mr. Mario Guerra from RTM. Are you there, sir?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I am, sir.
7	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Okay. You're going to be asked
8	questions this morning. We have an echo. Stand by. Okay, you're going to be asked
9	questions this morning from a number of counsel. Before we do that, though, we need
10	you to either swear and oath or affirm to tell the truth. It's your choice. What do you
11	prefer?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To affirm.
13	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Okay, stand by.
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA, Affirmed:
15	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Ms. McGrann,
16	Commission counsel, will begin.
17	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MS. KATE McGRANN:
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Good morning, Mr. Guerra. To begin with,
19	would you please provide us with a brief overview of your professional background as it
20	relates to the work that you did on Stage 1 of Ottawa's Light Rail Transit System?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sure. I've been working in transit since
22	1980, started off as an apprentice with the Toronto Transit Commission. Eventually,
23	from there, I worked my way up to the be in charge of all maintenance for rail vehicles
24	with the TTC. I worked in New York for almost two years as in charge of
25	maintenance. And then I've been working on P3 projects from a bid perspective, and
26	the last four or five years as Vice President of Operations in Charge of Transit Projects
27	for SNC-Lavalin And then the last two years, I've been the Acting CEO and General
28	Manager for RTM in Ottawa.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And so you started that role in
2	about June of 2020; is that right?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Going to we'll be bouncing
5	around throughout the chronology of the project a little bit today but, to start with, I'm
6	just going to ask that you be shown a document. It's at RTM592807.
7	EXHIBIT No. 288
8	RTM00592807 – Email from Epi Hajjar to Hall Manton et al
9	Re – Lessons Learned Workshop #3 3 May 2021
10	MS. KATE McGRANN: So this is an email, and it's actually an
11	invitation to a Teams meeting. The subject is "Lessons Learned: Workshop No. 3" and
12	it was sent on May 3 rd , 2021, to you and a number of others, and you can see that
13	there's a series of Word documents attached. We'll be looking at some of those later in
14	the evidence, but just to help position everyone, can you help us understand what the
15	Lesson Learned Workshop is that was described in the title of this email?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe, to the best of my recollection, it
17	was to learn from some of the things in Ottawa Stage 2 that we can look to try and
18	improve on going forward on other projects.
19	MS. KATE McGRANN: And, sorry, this was to learn from Ottawa
20	Stage 2 or from Stage 1 for the purposes of Stage 2?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Stage 1 from the purposes of Stage 2.
22	MS. KATE McGRANN: From Stage 1 for the purposes of Stage 2?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And we can take this document
25	down for now. It's my understanding that before you took on the role of Acting CEO and
26	General Manager of RTM, you sat on RTM's Board of Directors; is that right?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
28	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And during what period of time did

1	you serve on the board?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm going to say probably two years prior
3	to revenue service I would have started on the board.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: So approximately 2017 to 2019 kind of
5	thing?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That sounds about right.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then did you continue on as a
8	member of the board until you became acting CEO and general manager?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did.
10	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then at that point, how did your
11	position on the board change?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I now report to the board as the CEO
13	and general manager.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I understand that the terms
15	"board of directors" and "executive committee" were used interchangeably to describe
16	that group of individuals at RTM; is that right?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Just speaking generally about the period
19	of time around trial running and heading into revenue service, we have heard evidence
20	that there were reliability issues with the system, and in your Commission interview, you
21	spoke to the fact that the reliability of the system wasn't was it should be. Do you recall
22	giving that evidence?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: And just in terms of the issues with the
25	reliability of the system, I'd like us to take a look at one of the lessons learned
26	documents that we saw attached to that email that just popped up. It's at
27	RTM592807.1.
28	EXHIBIT No. 289:

4

1	RTM00592807.0001 – ORLT Lessons Learned Mitigation
2	Plan/2 – Liquidated Damages 8-Subcontrators, 10-Rolling
3	Stock Provider March 2021
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: So the title of this document is "OLRT
5	Lessons Learned Mitigation Plan/2: Liquidated Damages, Subcontractors, Rolling Stock
6	Provider", and there's some numbers in there as well. It's dated March 2021, and the
7	issue identified here is:
8	"The subcontract of the rolling stock and service
9	provider was lacking strong contractual protection to
10	cover the risks and prime agreement requirements,
11	resulting in delays and non-compliance." (As read)
12	And then if we scroll down a little bit so we can see the findings,
13	you'll see that this document says:
14	"The Alstom Citadis 1500V" (As read)
15	And that's the vehicle that's used on Stage 1 of Ottawa's light rail
16	transit project?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: So it says:
19	"[That vehicle] was a prototype hybrid vehicle, with its
20	first test runs on the OLRT project, and therefore it
21	was a continuous trial and error scenario." (As read)
22	And I wonder if we can stop there for a second. And the first
23	question I have for you is, at what point in time did you and your colleagues come to the
24	conclusion that the vehicle was a prototype hybrid vehicle?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: As a board member, I was more focused
26	on the maintenance aspect of the business. The choosing of the vehicle type and the
27	evaluation of the vehicle type would have been more on the OLRTC side of the
28	business.

1	MS. KATE MCGRANN: Understood, but as a member of first the
2	board and, at this point in time, acting CEO and general manager, you took part in these
3	lessons learned exercises with your colleagues, correct?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did some, yes.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: And these documents are intended to,
6	among other things, capture the results of the work that you all did together to capture
7	the lessons learned?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And so I guess I'm wondering if you can
10	tell us at what point you and your colleagues came to the conclusion that this vehicle
11	was a hybrid vehicle, as it's described in this document here.
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, from a maintenance perspective, at
13	the point that the system went into revenue system, when we started seeing repeated
14	failure with the vehicles and the reliability wasn't what we thought it would be.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: And did that come as a surprise to RTM
16	that the vehicle was a prototype hybrid vehicle with the reliability issues that you saw?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The fact that it was a hybrid vehicle was
18	not a surprise, but the fact that there were so many reliability issues I would say yes.
19	MS. KATE McGRANN: What about the concept that it was a
20	prototype vehicle that involved a continuous trial and error scenario? Was that a
21	surprise to RTM at the time that the system went into trial running?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would have to say I wasn't as involved in
23	the day to day, but from my perspective the answer is no, it's wasn't a surprise.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: And so this conclusion that the vehicle is a
25	prototype hybrid vehicle, was that something that RTM took into account when it was
26	preparing to maintain the vehicle through trial running and into the revenue service
27	period?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To a certain extent I would say yes.

1	MS. KATE MCGRANN: Okay. Can you speak a little bit to now
2	that affected RTM's preparations?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, for example, we retained Alstom, the
4	vehicle supplier, as our maintainer, under the impression that they would be better
5	suited to maintain the fleet.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: And do you know if the conclusion that this
7	was a prototype hybrid vehicle was shared with Alstom, the maintaining arm of that
8	company?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: They're one company. I would assume
10	they were fully aware.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: But did RTM have discussions with
12	anyone from Alstom about the impact that the nature of the vehicle would have on the
13	maintenance requirements heading into revenue service?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not that I can recall.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: And to your knowledge, did RTM or RTG
16	have discussions with the City about the fact that the vehicle is a prototype hybrid
17	vehicle that's in a continuous trial and error scenario?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Pre-revenue service I couldn't tell you; I
19	wasn't involved, but post-revenue service, at least when I became involved, there were
20	discussions around that, yes.
21	MS. KATE McGRANN: Can you summarize what the purpose of
22	those discussions were and what the takeaways were?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, they mostly centred around incidents
24	and whether Alstom had experience any of those incidents anywhere else. I mean, the
25	vehicle was unique to Ottawa in some extents, but there were similar type vehicles in
26	service elsewhere around the world.
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay, but the document that we're looking
28	at here describes this vehicle as a prototype vehicle with continuous trial and error.

1	Maybe we can stop with the continuous trial and error for a second. Was the
2	continuous trial and error scenario, described in this document, still in play when the
3	vehicles went into revenue service?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To a certain extent I would say yes.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And is that something that was
6	discussed with the City?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would probably say yes. Indirectly
8	through conversations, yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what was the City's reaction to the
10	notion that the vehicle is a prototype that's still in the midst of a continuous trial and
11	error scenario?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I seem to recall one of concern.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And can you be a bit more specific
14	about how that concern played out from the City's perspective?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. Concern and I'm trying to
16	remember here. Concern with regard to the impact on reliability of a vehicle that was, in
17	fact, a prototype in many ways. It was about that concern. Without having that
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Mr. Guerra, I'm sorry to interrupt you, but it
19	looks like your counsel has indicated that he'd like to speak, so we'll just let him go first
20	and then we'll come back to this.
21	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Yes, counsel? Does counsel for
22	the witness have an objection or something they want to say? Is counsel for the
23	witness there?
24	Ms. McGrann, who is it that seems to be
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Mr. Capern has put up a raised hand icon
26	on his screen, so I just want to make sure that we're not missing
27	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Sure. Mr. Capern, are you out
28	there?

1	Right. Let's just proceed, then.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. His audio is not working, so I
3	wonder if we can just hang on a second, because I do think
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Let's take a break and
5	we'll figure it out.
6	THE REGISTRAR: All rise. The Commission will recess for a few
7	minutes.
8	Upon recessing at 9:14 a.m.
9	Upon resuming at 9:17 a.m.
10	THE REGISTRAR: The hearing is now resumed.
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA, Resumed:
12	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. I see the witness,
13	Commission counsel, and does Mr. Capern have a objection, or there he is.
14	Mr. Capern, what do you have to say? You're on mute, sir. Mr.
15	Capern, you're on mute.
16	MR. GORDON CAPERN: Apologies, Commissioner. I the
17	reason I was interrupting was because the audio on the webcast, which my client group
18	is watching because they don't have the access to the Zoom, was not functioning for the
19	first few minutes of Mr. Guerra's evidence, and so I wanted to alert the Commission that
20	there was an issue with the public broadcast that was interfering, at least with my
21	client's ability to participate. So that was the reason for my interruption, and I apologize
22	for it.
23	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. I appreciate you letting
24	us know. I take it that issue has been resolved? Do we know?
25	MR. GORDON CAPERN: I believe that it has.
26	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: It's been resolved. I'm getting the
27	thumbs up from everybody in the control room, so
28	MR. GORDON CAPERN: Yeah. Yes.

1	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: I think we're all set.
2	MR. GORDON CAPERN: Yes. Thank you for your indulgence,
3	Commissioner.
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: No, thank you for letting us know.
5	Go ahead, Ms. McGrann.
6	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MS. KATE McGRANN (cont'd):
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So turning back to RTM592807.1
8	that's on the screen, we had been talking about the City's reaction to the notion that the
9	vehicle's a prototype hybrid that's still in the continuous trial and error scenario, at least
10	to some extent, as it enters Revenue Service, and I think, Mr. Guerra, you had
11	communicated that the City expressed concerns about the reliability of service that
12	could be expected. Is that a fair summary of your evidence?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. But I think, as I alluded to earlier,
14	my involvement with the City would have been more during my tenure as CEO and GM.
15	I wouldn't have really had any conversations with the City prior to Revenue Service
16	around this subject matter at the Board level.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And so part of what I'm going to do
18	as I work through these documents with you is get your understanding of the group that
19	worked on this lessons learned exercise. I want to get your understanding of what led
20	to these conclusions and then how these issues affected the project.
21	So if you're not able to speak to a certain aspect of it, then you can
22	just let us know.
23	Looking at the bullet point list so we have looked at the first
24	paragraph the second half of the first paragraph says:
25	"For the prime agreement, the Canadian content
26	requirement within a certified manufacturing facility
27	with experienced and skilled workforce has to
28	achieved, as well as service proven history

1	demonstrated. However, the provider falled to meet		
2	such contractual criteria, this resulting in the		
3	manufacturing to take place within the maintenance		
4	and service facility by local unskilled workers, and the		
5	risk of such decision absorbed by the project." (As		
6	read)		
7	A couple of questions. The provider here, is that Alstom, the		
8	vehicle manufacturer?		
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe it is, yes.		
10	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And when the paragraph ends with		
11	the notion that the risk of such decision absorbed by the project, is that the risks created		
12	by departing from the plan and instead, manufacturing vehicles in the maintenance and		
13	service facility with local unskilled workers?		
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, this particular piece of information		
15	would have been provided by OLRTC, who were the arm of RTG that are had a		
16	contract with Alstom from a supply. As a maintainer, we really were not privy to any		
17	such agreements or arrangements.		
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So I'm going to take you to another		
19	lessons learned document from the same email chain, and it's at RTM592807.2.		
20	EXHIBIT No. 290:		
21	RTM00592807.0002 – OLRT Lessons Learned Mitigation		
22	Plan – 03 – Minor Deficiency List, 05-Transition into		
23	Revenue Service, 07-Premature integration March 2021		
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: So this is a document titled "OLRT Lessons		
25	Learned, Mitigation Plan/" I'm going to leave the numbers out but "Minor Deficiency		
26	List, Transition into Revenue Service, and Premature Integration," also dated March		
27	2021. Are you familiar with this document, sir?		
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I am.		

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So the issue that this document		
2	says it deals with is misunderstandings of the contract penalties and key performance		
3	indicators, as well as unexpected open deficiencies lists appearing during transition in		
4	Revenue Service.		
5	And we'll move into the findings in a second, but I wonder if you car		
6	just speak to the issue that's identified in this document and how it impacted the project,		
7	from your perspective?		
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I can speak to it from again, from		
9	a maintenance perspective.		
10	MS. KATE McGRANN: M'hm?		
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: And from a maintenance perspective, the		
12	City's interpretation of the penalties associated with KPIs, in our mind, was overly		
13	punitive and thus, may have taken the focus away from other aspects of the business.		
14	And the open deficiencies list that we went into with Revenue Service also, I believe,		
15	took the focus away from the maintenance and repairs that the system needed,		
16	because the list was rather exhaustive, large.		
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: And if we just scroll down so we can look		
18	at the findings section of this document, if we look at the second paragraph under		
19	"Findings", it says:		
20	"Furthermore, a lack of vetting-in period allowed for a		
21	hard stop between existing system (bus) and newly-		
22	transitioning project, leading to multiple failure points."		
23	(As read)		
24	Can you describe the hard stop that's described in this first		
25	sentence here, help us understand what that refers to?		
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I'll start by maybe addressing vetting-		
27	in period, which is also referred to as "soft start" versus a "hard stop". Soft start allows		
28	for the project to the word being stressing out the system, ensuring that, you know,		

- the PA is being applied in the way that it's supposed to be applied. The system is
- working, and doing so without -- initially, without, you know, clients on the system. That
- 3 would be a soft start.
- A hard stop is where you just flip on the switch one day and you're
- in Revenue Service without the benefit of a trial period or a soft start or a vetting-in
- 6 period.
- 7 **MS. KATE McGRANN**: Okay. And sticking with the explanation
- that you've just provided about the vetting-in period for a moment, I know the
- 9 Commission has heard evidence about the importance of a vetting-in period to shake
- out issues and allow everyone to get used to the system.
- You've mentioned the vetting-in period being a time to understand
- how the Project Agreement works. Can you speak a little bit more to that purpose?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, you know, the Project Agreement, in
- many ways, leaves a lot left to interpretation in terms of -- so in having the time to get
- agreement on the interpretation of KPIs and things of that nature would have gone a
- long way to ensure a smoother transition.
- MS. KATE McGRANN: So is the idea there that through the
- vetting-in period, both RTM and its subcontractors on the one hand, and the City on the
- other hand would see how each is interpreting the KPIs, would identify where there are
- 20 potential mismatches, and would take the opportunity to try to resolve those
- 21 mismatches before opening the system to Revenue Service and bringing customers in
- to rely on the service to be provided?
- 23 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, especially on a brand-new system,
- 24 absolutely, that's correct.
- MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then if we can look at the
- impacts for a second -- because you talked about the number of minor deficiencies that
- were open, and I wonder if we can just, in particular, look at the last three bullet points
- under the "most important impacts" list here. So we've got:

1	"Remaining open deficiencies list, transitioned and
2	newly appearing deficiencies early in the transition."
3	(As read).
4	Can we stop for a second there and just speak a little bit more
5	about that? So you mentioned that the minor deficiencies list was "exhaustive", I think
6	is that you used; is that fair?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
8	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that minor deficiencies list was
9	examined by RTG, and the City, and the independent certifier at the time of substantial
10	completion. Was RTM consulted about the entries on the minor deficiency list at any
11	point up to the time that substantial completion was achieved?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I was not involved in the day-to-day
13	back during the revenue service but, to the best of my recollection, we would have
14	been made aware of the list just prior to revenue service.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: Just prior to revenue service?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what about the milestone that came
18	before revenue, the substantial completion milestone, to your knowledge, based on your
19	experience as a member of the executive committee or board of directors, was RTM
20	made aware of the status of the minor deficiencies list as it stood at the time that
21	substantial completion was applied for? Was it given the opportunity to feedback?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To the best of my recollection, somewhat,
23	but I don't remember to the best of my recollection again, I'll say that I wasn't
24	involved in the day I don't remember it being brought to the attention of the board. I
25	may be wrong, but I don't recall it.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then turning to the size of the
27	list and the number of items that were on it, can you speak to the impact that the
28	number of minor deficiencies had on the reliability of the service and, in particular, the

1	maintainers	responsibilities	at the	start of	revenue	service?
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MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, in general, the list of 2 retrofits, for example, that needed to be done on the vehicle, you're sharing space in a 3 facility. You're sharing space in a facility with the vehicle supplier, with the maintainer, 4 and with the warranty team responsible to perform -- address the deficiencies vehicles, 5 so -- so you're, in essence, competing for space. So the more -- the more retrofits and 6 7 deficiencies you need to address, the less time you may have to deal with other issues 8 such as maintenance or -- whether it be corrective or preventative. There's only so 9 much space available to be able to do that. MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And the facility that you're referring 10 to is a maintenance and storage facility? 11 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, the Belfast facility. 12 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** Okay. So you're competing for space as 13 between the supplier, the maintenance team, and then the warranty team; that's what 14 15 you said, right? 16 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct. MS. KATE McGRANN: And I believe that, as far as the constraints 17 you're dealing, you're also dealing with the fact that there's a limited number of 18 engineering hours that can be used on any particular day to address issues with the 19 vehicles? 20 **MR. MARIO GUERRA:** Yes, that definitely is something that 21 22 affects your ability to maintain, maintain the infrastructure and as well as offer sufficient time for vehicles to be tested. 23 24 MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then one more constraint that you're operating under, I understand, is the number of vehicles and the number of 25 spares available. So if there's a limited number of spares, then you can only get so 26 27 much work done because vehicles need to be out on the line during the day; is that

right?

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Τ	wik. wiakio goekka. Correct, especially during the morning
2	peak service when the numbers are higher.
3	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So with those constraints and the
4	competition for space that you've described, I take it you would have to prioritize the
5	most pressing issues on any given day in order to try to meet the service requirements;
6	is that right?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, Alstom would, yes, our
8	subcontractor, yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And it's fair to say that the
10	subcontractor operating under all of those constraints may not be able to deal with
11	priority issues as quickly as they would have otherwise liked, for all the reasons we've
12	discussed?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that would be true.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: And so then, I take it, it just took a little bit
15	more or quite a bit longer to get to items on the minor deficiencies list than would
16	have otherwise been envisioned?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, absolutely.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: And there are still minor deficiencies
19	outstanding today, correct?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There are still retrofits outstanding today,
21	yes.
22	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then the reference to "newly
23	appearing deficiencies early in the transition", do you know what that's speaking about?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can I can speculate if that's all right.
25	You know, as the vehicles or the system, the infrastructure, you know, goes into
26	revenue service, new issues start to appear that otherwise would not appear during
27	testing and commissioning, so so these deficiencies now need to be dealt with, and
28	typically through some sort of program, retrofit, or and that. So that is in addition to

1	what was already open going into revenue service.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I take it that the appearance of
3	deficiencies, although you may not have known what they were going to be, the fact that
4	additional deficiencies may appear, that risk was known to RTM at the time that the
5	system went into revenue service?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry, the risk that I just want to make
7	sure I understand your question the risk that there would be additional deficiencies?
8	MS. KATE McGRANN: That additional deficiencies may appear.
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Always, yes, on a brand-new system. I
10	would qualify that by saying probably not to the extent that they happened, though.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: Well, in and I'm thinking, in particular,
12	given the language that we looked at on the last lessons-learned document about the
13	fact that this was a prototype and a continuous trial-and-error scenario, my expectation
14	would be that RTM would be expecting more deficiencies than you may otherwise
15	expect from a service-proven vehicle; is that fair?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think, in retrospect, yes.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. The next bullet point in this list
18	says:
19	"Start of revenue service was not ready, but pressure
20	to start due to schedule delays." (As read).
21	Let's start with the first part of this bullet point where it says, "Start
22	of revenue service was not ready." What's that referring to?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I again, that would be something that
24	would have been RTG and OLRTC, but I wouldn't have any insight into that.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Can you speak to the discussions that the
26	lessons-learned exercise had that led to this bullet being on this document?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, this would have been the group, the
28	OLRTC group, the construction group that was in charge of that, that would have dealt

with the start of revenue service and	pressures and whatnot.(Our goal as the
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- 2 maintainer was to try and be ready for when revenue service finally took place, and that
- was through mobilization. That was our role.
- 4 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** Okay. And in your role as maintainer, in
- 5 preparing for revenue service, were you, and was the RTM Board, aware at the time
- 6 that the system was not ready for revenue service at the start?
- 7 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say no, I don't think I could say we
- were aware it was not ready, no.
- 9 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** And then this bullet point goes on to say,
- "Pressure to start due to schedule delays." Can you speak to the pressure to start
- revenue service that's described in this bullet point?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I wasn't intimately involved. I mean
- every project has pressure to start. But in this particular case, again, it's not something
- that, as the maintainer, we were involved in.
- MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I just want to make sure that I
- understand you evidence here, sir. As a member of the RTM Board of Directors or
- Executive Committee of the maintainer, you, in that role, were not aware that the
- system was not ready for the start of revenue service?
- 19 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say no, that's not something I
- would say we were aware of.
- 21 MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And you were -- you and the other
- members of the board or executive committee of a pressure to get revenue service
- 23 started due to schedule delays?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I mean I think everybody felt the
- pressure, but I was -- I couldn't speak to any of the details around that.
- MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then with respect to that the
- 27 last bullet point in this list, which says:
- 28 "Trial running should have been from two weeks to

1	several months." (As read).
2	Do you can you speak to how this conclusion was arrived at by
3	your group?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think this, I believe, speaks to the start
5	soft that we talked earlier where we should have you know, we should have taken
6	more time to ensure, in retrospect, that the system was thoroughly tested or stressed to
7	flesh out any issues, technical issues, as well as any commercial issues, as we
8	discussed before.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And there have been some
10	suggestions made in the evidence before the Commission that extending trial running to
11	a period longer than two weeks would not have identified further deficiencies. What's
12	your reaction to that suggestion?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't agree with that.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: And can you explain why you don't agree
15	with it?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, the more time you have to test, and
17	stress, and communicate with all the parties on how to resolve issues, the better off the
18	system's going to be when it's finally in revenue service. That's just in my mind, based
19	on my experience. The more time, the better, especially especially on a brand-new
20	system like this one in Ottawa.
21	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then sticking with the notion of a start
22	for a moment, there's been some evidence that the City did in fact engage in a soft start
23	through the running of a parallel bus service for three weeks, through the decision to
24	launch the system on a weekend as opposed to a weekday, to the decision not to offer
25	free service and others. Can you speak to whether you agree with those aspects and
26	the characterization of the beginning of service as a soft start?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would not characterize those as a soft
28	start, no.

1	MS. KATE MCGRANN: Okay. And why is that?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, it's simply as we said earlier when
3	we looked at soft start versus hard start. Flipping the switch and going directly at the
4	forum and the service to me is not a soft start, regardless of whether you're starting on a
5	weekend or a weekday.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what about the three weeks of parallel
7	bus service that was provided?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I think that does not speak to a soft
9	start with regards to the system, In my mind that's I think that's an insurance policy in
10	case the system isn't working. The bus service is there to back it up.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And just to help us understand.
12	What is it about the three weeks of parallel bus service that does not qualify as a soft
13	start to you? Is it because there are passengers that are riding the system? What is it?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It's because it really is not the system is
15	still in full revenue service with full passengers, full service. The PA is being applied
16	fully as the City chooses to interpret it. There is no ability to look at anything that might
17	come up and through discussions and workshops ensure that it's dealt with before you
18	go into full revenue service. The bus service simply does not do anything to help with
19	that.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Would it be fair to say that one of
21	the things that or one of the opportunities that a soft start would have provided that
22	wasn't provided here is the opportunity to identify issues, workshop the resolution of
23	issues, and have those issues resolved without the pressure of having to provide full
24	passenger service?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Absolutely. I agree with that 100 percent.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And if we scroll down a little bit
27	looking at this document, in the Overview section, I just want to quickly touch on
28	something here. That's perfect.

1	This section describes that the rules of engagement could be	
2	clarified with the client and this is the look forward part of this exercise, I believe	
3	during contract negotiations and allow for a bedding in period. And we've spoken to the	
4	importance of that a little bit, including a winter. Can you speak for a moment about the	
5	importance of having a winter included in the bedding-in period?	
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, this is, I think, a nice to, not	
7	absolutely need to. But you know, how you react to a system during the first winter	
8	months is critical in ensuring success long term. All sorts of things are going to happen	
9	that you maybe didn't foresee. Maybe the wind blows and you have snow drifts in	
10	certain areas and not in others. I mean, that's a very simple example. But those kinds	
11	of things could be vetted out simply by having a bedding-in period during the winter.	
12	And again, especially on a brand new system.	
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And there's been evidence in the	
14	Commission's proceedings that trains were running at least on part of the track and	
15	maybe more in winter conditions. But from the perspective of the maintainer and the	
16	first winter that was encountered in revenue service, is it your view that having a	
17	bedding-in period through a winter season would have been beneficial to this project?	
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, absolutely.	
19	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And why is that, despite the fact	
20	that there had been trains running in winter conditions prior to the opening of revenue	
21	service?	
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, trains were running for	
23	testing and commissioning purposes. The system really wasn't being stretched to its	
24	full capacity as it, you know during the winter conditions 15 trains out, the switches	
25	operating as they would during revenue service and things of that nature.	
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Oaky. And I take it that the stressing of	
27	the system under revenue service conditions, the importance of doing that s because	
28	that kind of running may bring issues to the fore that may not have appeared during the	

1	testing and commissioning. Is that what we're looking at?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, it could be technical issues.
3	It could be commercial issues. It could be anything, yes, absolutely.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then part of the way through
5	this paragraph it says:
6	"It is critical that the operation and maintenance group
7	exhaustively inspects the entire deliverable from the
8	constructor for inclusion on the deficiencies list at the
9	time of substantial completion. As a construction
10	contractor, the remaining deliverables are largely
11	governed by the contents of this list. If issues arise
12	that are not on this list, post substantial completion,
13	generally it is much more difficult to bring
14	responsibility of any issue to the contractor."
15	So for starters, just to get us positioned, the construction contractor
16	and the contractor who is referred to throughout, would that be OLRTC?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And when this document says that
19	it's critical that the operations and maintenance group exhaustively inspect the entire
20	deliverable for inclusion on the deficiencies list at the time of substantial completion,
21	what's being described there?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, that we have the ability to inspect the
23	system and to ensure that these things do get first of all, that they don't impact our
24	ability to maintain the system, and secondly that there's a commitment to deal with them
25	in the timeframe that's successful, that's acceptable from a maintenance perspective.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Reading this, it raises a question as
27	to whether on Stage 1 there were deficiencies that existed at the time of substantial
28	completion that didn't make their way on to the deficiencies list and that's what led to

1	the recommendation that there would be this exhaustive inspection for inclusion of
2	matters on the deficiencies list. Is that accurate?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think that's a possibility, yes.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And so is it the case then that this
5	kind of exhaustive inspection that's contemplated here may have caught some issues
6	that weren't identified through the testing and commissioning that was done on the
7	system?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It's a possibility, yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And do you know whether
10	deficiencies that were later identified following substantial completion, whether anyone
11	on the RTG side of this project formed the view that those deficiencies could have and
12	should have been identified earlier in the timeframe of he project?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can't speak to specifics. I can only
14	speculate that probably, yes.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then if ewe move on through
16	this paragraph where it says:
17	"As a construction contractor the remaining
18	deliverables are largely governed by the contents of
19	this list."
20	I take that to mean that for OLRTC as it has tried to finish up the
21	construction of the project, it's focused on the deficiencies list and trying to close those
22	items out, and maybe not so much focusing on new deficiencies that appear; is that
23	fair?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I would say they're focused on both
25	but probably more so on existing deficiencies.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And any new deficiencies that
27	appear then become if OLRTC does not deal with them, they become RTM's to deal
28	with; is that generally what happened here?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I would say that's accurate.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And the problem that's described in
3	the last sentence here:
4	"If issues arise that are not on this list post substantial
5	completion generally it is much more difficult to bring
6	responsibility of any issues to the contractor."
7	I take that to mean, sir, that if issues arise that aren't on the
8	deficiencies list, even if they ought to be the responsibility of OLRTC to take care of and
9	resolve, it becomes much more difficult to get OLRTC to take responsibility for those
10	issues. Is that fair?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There is a process in place. But yeah, and
12	it needs to be followed to ensure that it is a warranty related issue and not due to lack of
13	maintenance, for example. So there is a process that needs to be followed.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And understanding that there is a
15	process, I think what this document is saying is that if you don't get the issues that exist
16	on that deficiencies list while you can engage in the process it becomes, as it says here,
17	much more difficult to get OLRTC to take responsibility for those issues; is that fair?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that's fair. OLRTC had its
19	subcontractors, yes.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And was that the experience that
21	you had on this project? Did you see that play out?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did.
23	MS. KATE McGRANN: And when you saw that issue play out did
24	it mean that it took longer for issues affecting the reliability of the system to be
25	addressed?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In some cases, yes.
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: And we can take this document down now.
28	We've heard evidence about Alstom's staffing levels through trial

running heading into revenue service and you spoke to Alstom staffing levels in your 1 Commission interview. And you said that the concerns about understaffing on Alstom's 2 part were a matter that the RTM board was aware of. Do you remember giving that 3 evidence? 4 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. 5 MS. KATE McGRANN: And in your Commission interview you 6 7 said that this understaffing issue was one that was escalated through the RTM board to 8 Alstom senior staff. Do you remember giving that evidence? 9 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. I do. **MS. KATE McGRANN:** And I'm paraphrasing here, but I take it 10 that that escalation didn't initially lead to much of a change, but eventually, with time, 11 Alstom did increase its staffing. 12 MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct. 13 MS. KATE McGRANN: And I think in your Commission interview 14 you indicated that particularly after the second derailment, Alstom's staffing approach 15 16 changed for the better. MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it did. 17 MS. KATE McGRANN: Can you just describe in a bit more detail 18 the RTM board's efforts to address the Alstom staffing issue? 19 MR. MARIO GUERRA: So first I'll maybe, if I can, explain Alstom 20 staffing essentially is in two parts. There's the maintenance aspect and there's the 21 22 supply aspect. The supply is dealing with warranty-related issues, and the maintenance 23 is dealing with maintenance-related issues, obviously. Our concern was one as it 24 relates to our ability to deliver cars into service, but we did not, as an RTM entity, have a contract with Alstom supply. So we were dealing through the Alstom maintainer, and at 25 times, in all honesty, it was a little confusing as to who did what on the Alstom side. 26 27 So we met with senior managers from Alstom consistently to voice our concerns with the regard to staffing levels on both sides. It was a concern that we 28

1	had, and the City as well expressed the same concern.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what was the reaction that you
3	received in those meetings?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, in some cases they worked to try
5	and increase the resources. In most cases, they simply did not. So I think it was mixed
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: And the contract that RTM had with
7	Alstom and the aspects of that contract that would allow RTM to try to get Alstom to
8	staff up, for example how effective was the contract in assisting in those efforts?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I'm not a commercial contract
10	person, but the contract is performance-based, so we cannot tell Alstom they must have
11	x number of employees. We can simply say it's performance-based, the reliability is
12	such, and we believe one of the reasons their a lack of resources. So we said that they
13	needed to address that.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And you spoke a little bit about the
15	division between retrofits as opposed to preventative and corrective maintenance. In
16	your Commission interview you said that Alstom's responsiveness with respect to the
17	retrofits also came to the attention of the RTM board. Do you remember giving that
18	evidence?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: And you explained that the retrofits would
21	fall on the supply side or the construction side, and that the RTM board voiced concerns
22	over this. But this would have been OLRTC that would have had to meet with Alstom in
23	that particular matter; is that fair?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's fair.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And so RTM and OLRTC have an
26	interface agreement as between the two organizations; is that right?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
28	MS. KATE McGRANN: And in your Commission interview, you

1	were asked a question about the effectiveness of the interface agreement, and I'm
2	going to pull that evidence up so that we can go through it together. And then I'll have
3	some questions for you about it.
4	So if we could turn up TRN69. And we'll want to go to PDF page
5	116. And if we can scroll down a little bit, we're going to start at line 13 here.
6	Can you see that transcript okay?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can.
8	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So starting at line 13, you're asked
9	"With respect to the speed at which Alstom was
10	addressing the retrofits and the issues that arose
11	there, how effective was the interface agreement
12	between RTM and OLRTC in resolving this issue or
13	seeking to resolve it?" (As read)
14	And you responded:
15	"In that particular instance, the interface agreement
16	itself was, from the perspective of because we
17	would simply ask for OLRTC to intervene because"
18	(As read)
19	And then I'm going to skip ahead here:
20	"That would ultimately impact our ability to deliver
21	service, right? So" (As read)
22	And then you say:
23	"And that led to a lot of issues around the penalties
24	and assessing penalties and who was responsible
25	and all that wonderful contractual stuff that's still
26	ongoing today." (As read)
27	And you're asked:
28	"Okay. So when you're talking about penalties and

1	assessing penalties, are you speaking about the
2	penalties that the City can levy against RTM?" (As
3	read)
4	And you responded:
5	"Yes, especially because it's complicated because
6	you're in a warranty period as well. So there's you
7	know, you get assessed. Let me played it out for you
8	once through. So RTG gets assessed penalties by
9	the City for various APRs, or non-performance, or
10	whatever it is." (As read)
11	I'll stop for a second there. What's an APR?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think I might have said KPIs and it didn't
13	come across correctly.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And a KPI is a key performance
15	indicator?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that's a measure in the project
18	agreement that is applied to RTM and its subcontractors?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it is.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So turning back to your answer
21	here:
22	"RTG would flow those deductions down to RTM. If
23	it's within Alstom's scope, then deductions get flowed
24	down to Alstom maintenance. You know, and then
25	they claim it's due to defect or warranty, and so then i
26	comes back up through us to RTC, to Alstom supply.
27	It's kind of that's how it would work." (As read)
28	And you're asked:

1	"Okay. So when you say it's complicated by the fact
2	that it's in the warranty period, does the complication
3	flow from the number of parties who are engaged
4	from that?" (As read)
5	And you say:
6	"From that and also assigning responsibility because
7	it's the maintainer will state that it's CC defect, and
8	the constructor or supplier will say that it's due to poor
9	maintenance, so there's always a little bit of friction
10	there." (As read)
11	And then we clarify:
12	"Just so someone who's reading this transcript will
13	know what you're talking about, the maintainer is
L4	RTM, and they would be saying it's a CC defect. The
15	CC is OLRTC?" (As read)
16	You reply:
17	"Yes. And their subs would be Alstom maintenance
18	and Alstom supply." (As read)
19	And then you're asked:
20	"The exercise in determining the responsibilities for an
21	issue like this has that exercised any impact on
22	RTM's ability to performance its maintenance and
23	obligations under the project agreement?" (As read)
24	And you say:
25	"It's hard to make a direct link, but certainly it had an
26	impact from the perspective of the we are assessed
27	penalties, and in turn so is Alstom maintenance in the
OQ	first instance. And so from that perspective, you

1	know, the fact that you're not being paid is not a good
2	motivator. So it's hard to make a direct link, but I
3	would say indirectly probably somewhat." (As read)
4	Two questions for you here. You mentioned the fact that you're not
5	being paid is not a good motivator, and that's a reference to the fact that the City was
6	not making payments under the contract due to the deductions that they'd levied to
7	RTM; is that right?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that RTM is passing deductions, at
10	least some of them, down to Alstom in that instance?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
12	MS. KATE McGRANN: And you've identified that non-payment as
13	an indirect factor that may have an impact on the maintenance services that are
14	provided.
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes.
16	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then I'm going to ask you, sir, did this
17	all have another impact in that the friction or the need to sort out who's responsible for
18	dealing with these issues did that have any impact on the speed or efficiency at which
19	the issues could be resolved, from the perspective of the provision of reliable service?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, as I said, it's hard to make a direct
21	link, but I would have to say the answer is probably yes.
22	MS. KATE McGRANN: We can take that document down.
23	If we can pull up RTM592807.8.
24	EXHIBIT No. 291:
25	RTM00592807.0008 – OLRT Lessons Learned Mitigation
26	Plan/01 – Interface Agreement Alignment March 2021
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: And just while we're talking about the
28	interface agreement and the interplay between Alstom maintenance, RTM, OLRTC, and

T	Alstoni manufacturing, ii i can put it that way, this is a document titled. OLK i Lessons
2	Learned: Mitigation Plan Interface Agreement Alignment". The issue identified here is:
3	"The current status and nature of the interface
4	agreement is adversarial, putting the construction
5	group and the maintenance group as individual
6	standalones without alignment and having separate
7	objectives and cost centres." (As read)
8	And am I right, sir, that the construction group described here is
9	OLRTC and the maintenance group is RTM?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In this particular project, yes.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And this describes the interface
12	agreement between those two organizations, right?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: And it describes it as adversarial. Can you
15	just speak to your experience of the interface agreement and to the extent that your
16	experience was adversarial to help us understand why this conclusion is set out here?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think one example we just covered is the
18	whenever there's an incident, a failure or some sort of issue during the warranty
19	period on a CC defects claim, typically, in some cases, the constructor will accept it or
20	the in some cases, they won't, and it makes for the relationship, some friction there,
21	because we are assigned the deductions in the first instance, so we're the ones that
22	take the brunt of those deductions, "we" being RTM.
23	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And for somebody who's looking at
24	this situation from the outside at the sort of thousand-foot level, they may form the view
25	that okay, so there's RTG, there's RTM, there's OLRTC, but really, this is the same
26	family of companies, and there's certainly a lot of interrelations between them.
27	What led to the adversarial nature of the relationship between RTM
28	and OLRTC?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, I can speculate. I think the you
2	know, the as the findings talk to there, the deliverables are different for each entity. I
3	think that's probably the biggest factor.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: And understanding that the deliverables
5	are different, the constructor is putting the system together, the maintainer is
6	maintaining it after the fact, but isn't there a common goal to have a system that works
7	as described in the Project Agreement and is capable of being maintained as
8	envisioned in that agreement through the entire life cycle of the relationship?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There should be, but at times, probably
10	not.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: And if you can't answer this question, then
12	you'll let me know, but what, in your experience, led to that departure from the common
13	goal?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think it's just the nature of the contracts
15	and the way they work.
16	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So if we scroll down a little bit and
17	look at the findings here, it says:
18	"The findings resulting from the workshops identified
19	that the interface agreement between the maintainer
20	and constructor should allow for the transfer of the
21	construction project as a facet of the maintenance
22	agreement." (As read)
23	It goes on to say, "This includes but not limited to" and it
24	describes a couple of options, a non-exhaustive list though.
25	And it goes on to say:
26	"Partner stakes must be consistent for both the
27	construction and maintenance contractors, both
28	working towards a common goal and to find

1	successful handover, supported by an executive
2	committee that has a clear mandate to protect the
3	interests of the parent companies, both embeded in
4	the construction phase, and accountable for the
5	results." (As read)
6	I have a couple of questions about this, but first, can you unpack
7	this for a little bit and help us understand what's being described in this paragraph?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I think the first paragraph talks about,
9	you know, the constructor having a role with regards to the maintenance agreement,
LO	and then it gives some examples through integrated deliverables, you know, budgetary
l1	change orders, liabilities, and so on, whereas now, their involvement basically stops at,
L2	you know, Revenue Service, plus warranty.
L3	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And when the second paragraph
L4	talks about the partner stakes must be consistent for both the construction and
L5	maintenance contractors, was that not the case on this project?
L6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think for the most part it was.
L7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Can you speak to me about the parts
L8	where it wasn't?
L9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think in essence, we had four.
20	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: I think we may have a freezing
21	issue. Just stand by.
22	Mr. Capern, if you could alert your client to the fact that he's frozen?
23	Okay. The witness is back. I think you're muted, so if you want to -
24	- there we go. Okay. Let's proceed.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: I believe that you're still muted, Mr.
26	Guerra.
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Is that better?
28	MS. KATE McGRANN: That is better, and we can hear you just

1

fine. Can you hear me?

MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I can. Thank you. 2 **MS. KATE McGRANN**: Okay. So where we lost the connection 3 with you there was I had just asked you to describe where the -- where OLRTC and 4 RTM were not working towards a common goal, so could you start again? Sorry about 5 6 that. 7 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry, I'm afraid -- maybe I'll just start --8 you kind of asked me to unpack the -- that was the question, right, that you asked? 9 **MS. KATE McGRANN**: Yes. Please go ahead. MR. MARIO GUERRA: Okay. So I'll start at the first paragraph 10 again. 11 I think that the first paragraph talks about the constructor having a 12 role during -- as part of the maintenance agreement, and it gives examples of how that 13 might be achievable through integrated deliverables, budgets, liabilities, and so on. 14 15 The second one talks about the partner stakes be consistent so 16 that there's more of a common goal within the companies, a more holistic look at the project rather than silos of maintenance and construction. 17 **MS. KATE McGRANN**: Okay. So with respect to the need for 18 more of a common goal, can you describe where there wasn't a common goal between 19 OLRTC and RTM on the Stage 1 Project? 20 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I think, as I said earlier, the 21 22 deliverables were not the same. You know, the constructor's intent on getting the 23 system up and running, getting it constructed, getting it up and running, and seeing it 24 through its warranty period, whereas the maintenance is more of a long-term -- in this particular case, 30-year view. And oftentimes, the two don't align very well. 25 MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And this document speaks to the 26 27 need for the construction and maintenance contractors to be working towards a common goal and a defined successful handover. Would you describe the handover in 28

this project to have been successful?

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2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't characterize it as fully
3	successful, somewhat but not fully. In retrospect, certain things could have been done
4	a little bit better.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what, in your mind, could have been
6	done better?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think we talked about deficiencies list, is
8	one thing. I think the handover, the information, the documentation could have been
9	handled better. The maintenance of the system during construction could have been
10	handled a little bit better. Things those are a few that come to mind.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And we've talked about the
12	deficiencies list and the impact that that had on, in particular, the reliability of the system
13	in Revenue Service. Can you speak to the handover and documents and the
14	implications of how that was done for the provision of reliable service in this project?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I think the focus was on, you know,
16	achieving Revenue Service, so things like documents being handed over took a little bit
17	of a back seat, and as a result, they were not handed over in a manner that would have
18	in retrospect, would have been easier to deal with. So as a result, at times, we
19	struggled to find certain documents.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: And as a result of struggling to find certain
21	documents, did RTM and/or its subcontractors find themselves without information
22	required to identify or resolve issues that came up during Revenue Service?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think it just made it a lot more difficult to
24	get the information, but eventually, we did get the information.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And when you speak about it being
26	more difficult to get information but eventually getting it, it sounds like that could have
27	led to a less efficient resolving of issues as they arose; is that fair?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, it's hard to make a direct link, but I

Т	think that's there's probably some truth in there, yes.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then you also spoke to
3	maintenance of the system during construction as something that could have been
4	improved. Is that a fair summary of your evidence?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: And if that had been the case here, if
7	maintenance on the system during construction had been done to the level that you're
8	envisioning in this document, what benefits would have flowed to the project as it goes
9	into Revenue Service?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I think in retrospect, I think what I
11	meant to say there was the involvement of the maintainer during the construction period
12	to maintain the system, and thus, I think it would have ensured a much smoother
13	transition rather than us just being handed the system on Day 1. We would have
14	already been there experienced and we would have been assured that the system was
15	maintained as it should have been, so
16	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So it sounds like the benefits that
17	would flow from that would be twofold. One, the system is maintained to the level that
18	you would want it to be as you're heading into revenue service; is that fair?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: And two, the maintainer has already
21	started its way along the learning curve and so it's quite a bit further along in its
22	familiarity with the system and its ability to issues as you head into revenue service as
23	opposed to having those learning experiences while there are passengers on the
24	system; is that right?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then, to the extent that you can, if you
27	could just help us understand what's envisioned in this document when it says that:
28	"The construction and maintenance contractor should

1	be supported by an executive committee that has a
2	clear mandate to protect the interests of the parent
3	companies embedded in the construction phase and
4	accountable for the results." (As read).
5	What's that describing?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think, in essence, that exists currently
7	through the interface agreement. I think this just needs this just looks to formalize
8	that process a bit more to ensure that the the holistic interest of the projects are dealt
9	with rather than I mean there exists executive committees for OLRTC; there exists
10	one for RTG and one for RTM. I think this speaks to an overarching executive
11	committee for the entire project. At least that's what I think it does.
12	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I presume, and I'll ask you, is
13	the idea behind the overarching executive committee that that may help address the
14	issue that this document's dealing with, which is the adversarial nature of the
15	relationship that arose between OLRTC and RTM?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Now we can take that document
18	down. And we had spoken before, as part of our discussion leading into the interface
19	agreement topic about Alstom under-resourcing, as perceived by RTM, and you spoke
20	about the steps that the board took to address that, and you spoke about the fact that
21	Alstom has since taken significant steps to upgrade its approach in staffing. In your
22	Commission interview, you said that that really happened after the second derailment; is
23	that fair?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Right.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: What would you say to someone, such as
26	an OC Transpo customer, for example, who asked you why it took the second
27	derailment for RTM's subcontractor, Alstom, to staff-up appropriately for this project?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can't explain. I'm sorry. You'd have to

1	ask somebody from Alstom.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: In terms of RTM's efforts, is there anything
3	that could have been done prior to the second derailment to devote the number and
4	kind of resources necessary, do you think?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: From my perspective, I don't think there's
6	anything else that we could have done, no.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I I recognize we're bouncing
8	around a little bit here, sir, but I do want to bring up another document that touches on
9	an issue that we have been discussing, and so that's going to be RTM592807.4.
10	EXHIBIT No. 292:
11	RTM00592807.0004 – OLRT Lessons Learned Mitigation
12	Plan/06 – Interface and Tactical Handover March 2021
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: So this is a document titled "OLRT Lessons
14	Learned: Mitigation Plan, Interface and Tactical Handover". The issue identified here is
15	that there are interface and integration issues related to the handover from one phase of
16	a project to another in relation to the various stakeholders. And if we could just scroll
17	down to take a look at the findings, this document says:
18	"It was discussed that independent groups and teams
19	working on the same project have poorly documented
20	data to support an effective handover which results of
21	information, poor document structure, and lack of
22	coordination due to the delineation of responsibilities."
23	(As read).
24	And when you mentioned earlier that there were issues with
25	document handover and things like that, is this is that consistent with what we're
26	reading about here?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it is.
28	MS. KATE McGRANN: So it's describing the same kind of issues?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: And you had you had used the word
3	"siloed" earlier to describe, I think, OLRTC and RTM; is that right?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: At times, yes.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And so is that we're talking about
6	and this document discusses independent groups and teams working on the same
7	project, the same kind of idea as being the silos of RTM and OLRTC?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes, yeah.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: The flooding of information, poor
10	document structure, and lack of coordination, does that describe part of RTM's
11	experience at the time of the handover of the system?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Somewhat, yes.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then this document goes on to
14	say:
15	"To add to these transition difficulties, tactical issues
16	such as the client's lack of knowledge and
17	understanding"
18	Would that be the City?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay.
21	" created multiple triggers (errors), not allowing the
22	system to report, reset, or correct itself which resulted
23	in the flooding of the network due to a system not
24	designed for "trigger happy testers"." (As read).
25	Do you know what's being described there?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't recall this, to be honest with you.
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. If we can look at the findings that
28	are noted here, the first three bullet points speak to speak to poor management of

1	documents, key information being missing, and the burden and risk of sorting out and
2	aligning the data was with the RTM group. So I take it, on this project, then, the
3	document issues described here fell to RTM to deal with; is that fair?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that would be an additional burden on
6	the RTM group that wouldn't have been anticipated as you're preparing for revenue
7	service; is that fair?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's fair, yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: So one more item on the to-do list as RTM
10	is trying to provide reliable service to customers?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I'd say that's fair, yeah.
12	MS. KATE McGRANN: Did this draw the focus of RTM, at least in
13	part or at times, away from its primary responsibilities of maintaining the system?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: As I said, it's hard to make direct links with
15	these things, but I would say yeah. I mean when the information is not immediately
16	available and you have to struggle to find it, yes, it would.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then the fourth bullet here:
18	"None or limited access to the software and systems
19	used during construction." (As read).
20	What's that in reference to?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm struggling trying to remember
22	specifically what that reference is, to be honest with you?
23	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. We can move onto the next bullet
24	point:
25	"Limited tactical handover." (As read).
26	What's that describing?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can speculate. It related to, you know, a
28	plan in terms of how the handover takes place. You know, in retrospect, that should

1	nave been specified more clearly in terms of now that happens and what it looks like,
2	and I think that's what this talks to, having that in place.
3	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And was it the experience on this
4	project that the plan that was in place was not sufficient to achieve the kind of handover
5	that RTM was hoping for?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I think in retrospect, it may have
7	been a listing of document, but in terms of how they're handed over and you know, as
8	we had discussed earlier, the structure and all that, we would have benefitted from
9	having something like that in place.
10	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that would be a more more of a
11	complete for how the system was to be handed over from OLRTC to RTM and its
12	subcontractors?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, as it relates to the documentation in
14	this case, yes.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And then this bullet point appears
16	to well, does draw a distinction between tactical handover and strategic handover.
17	What is that difference in your mind?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't know, to be honest with you?
19	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Then we'll just move on to the last
20	bullet point, which says:
21	"Resources did not follow, often sent to other projects
22	too soon." (As read).
23	Was it your experience on this project that the resources that RTM
24	needed were not there or were sent to other projects too soon?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think in some cases, I agree, it probably
26	was.
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: And can you give us some examples as
28	they pertain to the provision of reliable services, resources that either weren't there or

were sent to other projects too soon?

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MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think from a design perspective, at times, 2 you're looking for information on something and people have moved on. I think we ran 3 into that a couple of times. I mean, eventually, we'd get the information, but it's a little 4 bit more difficult to do so. 5 MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. I think that there's a -- it's been 6 7 raised that OLRTC, as far as resources to complete warranty work, may not have had 8 the resources that were required; was that your experience on this project? 9 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, if OLRTC includes Alstom supply, then the answer is probably yes. 10 MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And what about OLRTC more 11 generally? 12 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean the interface agreement allows us 13 to do the work and then -- and then be reimbursed, so it's not as big an issue in that 14 15 particular instance. 16 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** Okay, subject, I suppose, to the comments you made earlier about the friction of that relationship and the inefficiencies that may 17 follow? 18 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. 19 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** And just if you can speak generally to the 20 sort of cumulative effects of the document issues, the lack of a complete plan for 21 22 handover, and the resources that weren't there and weren't there for as long as you 23 needed. Can you speak to the cumulative impact of all of that on RTM's ability to 24 provide a reliable service during the revenue period? MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, RTM is responsible in the first 25 instance to react to issues. In some cases we have to react without being able to 26 27 consult the constructor because it's safety related or service related or whatnot. And then you know, then deal with whether it's a warranty issue afterwards. 28

1	For the more long-term issues that weren't safety or service critical,
2	sometimes it did impact the timing of getting those issues resolved.
3	MS. KATE McGRANN: And that impact on the timing, did that
4	have a in cases, at least, did that have a flow-down effect to the reliability of the
5	service that could be provided?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In some cases, but again I'll state that from
7	a service and safety critical perspective, issues were dealt with right away.
8	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. In your Commission interview I'm
9	shifting focus now so you can take this document down.
10	Just I want to speak to you about some evidence you gave in your
11	Commission interview where you spoke about an army of City representatives that were
12	on the system at the start of revenue service looking for things that were wrong and
13	reporting what they found back to you. Do you remember giving evidence along those
14	lines?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
16	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And can you just explain how that
17	activity impacted the maintenance team in its work trying to provide revenue service to
18	customers?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, we were just overwhelmed, I think.
20	I believe, if I recall correctly, 900 work orders in September alone, the first month of
21	revenue service. We just couldn't keep up and as a result, you know, some safety
22	critical not safety critical; I'll rephrase. Service critical stuff probably wasn't getting
23	done in a timely manner. Not probably; it wasn't because we just didn't have the time
24	and the resources to be able to do it all.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And in your view, based on your
26	experience there, the 900 work orders, was that a clear reflection of the needs of the
27	system or was that artificially inflated as a result of the activities of the City
28	representatives?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, I mean, they were artificially I mean,
2	they were picking on just every little thing out there. Most of it, I don't think, was of a
3	relevant nature.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: So it sounds to me like that activity was
5	counterproductive to the goal of providing reliable service to the customers?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, yeah. I mean, you can I'm just
7	trying to think of an example. For example, reporting a dirty floor in the station, that's
8	fine. We clean them every night so unless there's a slip hazard or something like that,
9	you know, that doesn't warrant the work order. That's probably a fairly good example of
10	what was going on.
11	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Did you or did anybody at RTM
12	speak to the city about the impact that this activity was having on the maintainer to try to
13	address it?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: We did. We tried to make the City see that
15	the way that the work orders were being entered in what I call batches made it
16	impossible for us to react in a timely manner. But at least for September they continued
17	on for the month.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And ultimately were the was
19	RTM able to come to some sort of understanding with the City that addressed this
20	artificial increase of work orders?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. it improved once I would say the
22	next month, you know, we reduced that number substantially but the City did not have
23	the number of people on the system as they did during September. So the numbers
24	decreased.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So the issue sort of naturally
26	resolved itself as the number of people from City moving through the system and testing
27	it decreased?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. And it's like we said before. You

1	get better at reaction and dealing with issues as well. And this is why, you know, I keep
2	going back to the soft start. This is where all these things get flushed out, right?
3	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And did anybody at the City talk to
4	RTM in advance about the fact that the City would have representatives on the system
5	at the start of revenue service moving through the system looking for issues, testing the
6	system, things like that?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I'll say, I was on the Board but to
8	the best of my knowledge no, we didn't expect such an onslaught of work orders.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And Mr. Charter gave some
10	evidence about this activity during his appearance before the Commission earlier this
11	week. I'm just going to show it you and then ask you for your reaction to it.
12	So if we could pull up TRN205. And we'll want to go to page 125 of
13	the PDF. And if we can take a look at line 7 onwards. You'll see that Mr. Charter is
14	asked:
15	"I want to give you the chance to deal with Mr.
16	Guerra's evidence that RTM is being flooded with
17	work orders generated by an army of people who are
18	going through and interacting with the system,
19	looking for problems. So talk to me about the
20	information that you gave to Mr. Jacob about the
21	City's intention to have people interacting with the
22	system once it opens to revenue service."
23	And Mr. Charter says:
24	"Part of it is we want people in the system, using the
25	system and we'd like to capture issues before they
26	happen. So I'd rather have my staff try the escalators
27	and elevators before having maybe potentially a
28	customer who's stuck in an elevator for a period of

1	time. I don't want to find out through an unfortunate
2	event that the passenger emergency intercom didn't
3	work properly. So I had staff from time to time go test
4	those, press a button, make sure it functions properly
5	so it was a combination of thinking what customers
6	would do but as well it was part of our oversight."
7	And I guess the question I have for you, sir, is what's your reaction
8	to the idea that it would be beneficial to have City representatives moving through the
9	system during revenue service testing the system to try to find issues before they
10	impact a customer?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, that's what testing and
12	commissioning is for, in my mind. It's not to happen when you go into revenue service.
13	It is the passengers that are stressing the system and checking the system and
14	reporting issues that may happen. In my mind, what Mr. Charter, with all respect,
15	describes here should be done as part of the testing and commissioning phase without
16	passengers on board. Or better yet, during a soft start. I'll say that again.
17	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And the reason or one of the
18	reasons that you would want to do it without customers on board, I take it, is so that the
19	customers don't have to bear the brunt of all of this activity and the issues that follow.
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Absolutely.
21	MS. KATE McGRANN: If we can take this document down. Just
22	while we're speaking about the relationship between RTM and the City, once revenue
23	service had started, Mr. Charter in his Commission interview and then in his
24	appearance before the Commission also spoke about hesitancy on the part of the City
25	to take RTG at face value when it came to suggestions that RTG or RTM may make
26	about mitigating efforts the City could take to address some of the issues that came up
27	during service. And Mr. Charter gave that evidence in the context and discussing
28	requests to the City to adjust the brake profile used in relation to wheel flats.

1	My question for you is, did you observe any hesitancy on the part of
2	the City to take requests coming from RTG or RTM about how issues could be
3	addressed at face value? Did you find the City hesitant to take suggestions?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think in some cases, yes. But I think with
5	time the relationship improved and I think that was less and less a recurrence.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: When it was an occurrence, early in the
7	relationship, early in revenue service have I got the timeframe right?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: When it was happening, did it have any
LO	impact on RTM's ability to provide reliable service?
l1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say indirectly probably yes.
L2	MS. KATE McGRANN: And can you help us understand how that
L3	worked?
L4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I think you talked about the brake
L5	rate as an example, something that now is commonplace and it happens. We have an
L6	agreement. But initially it wasn't and it was there was a bit of a back and forth in
L7	terms of when it should be and how it should be applied. And that did result in flat
L8	wheels which resulted in vehicles being out of service and whatnot.
L9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And can you think of any other examples
20	where the City's hesitancy to take RTG or RTM at face value may have impacted the
21	reliability of the service provided?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, at times, incidents happen on the
23	line and Alstom and RTM, they believed that it's not warranted to take the vehicle out of
24	service but the City will take the vehicle out of service at times when we believe it
25	should stay.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay.
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: But again, I think that's improved
28	significantly as well.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I take it that the need for RTM
2	and the City to work collaboratively together is essential to the provision of reliable
3	service; is that fair?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Absolutely, yes.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: And you spoke to the importance of that
6	partnership relationship in your Commission interview, and I'd like to take you to some
7	of that evidence now, so if we could turn up TRN69.
8	(SHORT PAUSE)
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then if we could go to page 159 of the
10	PDF. So we'll look at line 15 here or so 14, I suppose. So you're asked:
11	"Based on what you know about the project and the
12	relationship involved and things like that, is there
13	anything that you think could have been done or could
14	be done to create more opportunities for the kind of
15	partnership relationship that you've described to
16	happen?" (As read)
17	And you say:
18	"Yeah, I mean, open dialogue. I mean, you know, it's
19	almost like there's a fear of or perception that we're
20	being cut given any breaks." (As read)
21	And if I could just stop there for a second to clarify your evidence,
22	were you describing a fear on the part of the City, that it would be seen to be giving
23	RTG or RTM breaks?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
25	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then you go on to say:
26	"Like, that if we discuss something, that it will be
27	perceived as us getting a break rather than looking at
28	it from the long-term success of the project. And

1	because of that, you know, the opportunity to actually
2	have progressive discussions around the payment
3	and these other things don't present themselves. And
4	that's probably a little bit politically driven, if I'm being
5	honest with you, in Ottawa." (As read)
6	So in this answer, when you spoke about this impediment to having
7	an open dialogue between the City and RTG, and you speak about it being a little bit
8	politically driven, do you think that the communications with the public and the media
9	around this project have contributed to that environment?
LO	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, this is my opinion, obviously, but
l1	the answer is yes.
L2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And could you describe a little bit
L3	what you think the impact of that has been?
L4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, we talked about the ability for us to
L5	resolve an issue let's say the punitive applications of the payment or something like
L6	that. And if anything changes, from my opinion anyway, there seem to have been the
L7	fear that that could be perceived as cutting us a break, and that wouldn't be looked
L8	upon very well.
L9	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And that wouldn't be looked upon
20	very well by members of the public?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The Commission, members of the public,
22	yes.
23	MS. KATE McGRANN: And by the Commission are you referring
24	to the Transit Commission?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: And would you include members of City
27	council in that group of people who you think there was a fear of them not seeing it?
Ω	MR MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't know. I mean. I know the

1	Commission a little bit. I wouldn't know about City councillors.
2	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So we can take this document
3	down.
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right, Counsel. We'll take the
5	morning break.
6	THE REGISTRAR: All rise. The Commission will recess for 15
7	minutes.
8	Upon recessing at 10:29 a.m.
9	Upon resuming at 10:53 a.m.
10	THE REGISTRAR: The Commission has resumed.
11	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Okay, we're back. Please
12	proceed.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Before the break, we had been
14	talking about factors that may have gotten in the way of RTM and the City having an
15	open dialogue about the project, and I'd like to show you the document at
16	RTM592807.5.
17	EXHIBIT No. 293:
18	RTM00592807.0005 – OLRT Lessons Learned Mitigation
19	Plan/ 9 – Media Perception of Performance March 2021
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: This is a document titled "OLRT Lessons
21	Learned: Media Perception of Performance", and the issue identified here is:
22	"Negative communication in the media regarding the
23	rolling stock of the OLRT project. Harmful public
24	image and reputation impacted by misinformation and
25	inaccurate headlines." (As read)
26	Do you see that? I'm not sure that we can hear you, Mr. Guerra.
27	You don't appear to be muted, but we're not getting any volume from you.
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: How about now?

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Now we can hear you. Thank you.
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry.
3	MS. KATE McGRANN: No. That's all.
4	So I'd asked you, you can see the document, okay; you see the
5	issue that I just read aloud to you?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And if we can scroll down a little bit
8	I want to take a look at what else is described in this document. So there's a mention of
9	a lack of a set communication plan and a lack of alignment with the City early in the
10	launch of the project. Is that consistent with your experience on the launch of this
11	project when it came to public communications?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't know that I had anything to do with
13	that, to be honest with you.
14	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Well, let's go a little bit further and
15	see if you can speak to anything in this document.
16	So the second paragraph, under the heading "Funding", says:
17	"Expectations from the City client was perfection from
18	day one." (As read)
19	Can you speak to that point?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think I would agree with that.
21	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And it goes on to say:
22	"Reliability was judged from a misunderstanding of
23	the functionality of a rail system and the expectations
24	of adaptational transition from bus to rail, without the
25	education of new operators, users, and general
26	public." (As read)
27	Would you agree with that description?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To a certain extent, yes.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And to the extent that you disagree
2	with it, please explain that to us.
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, I think from the perspective that it
4	was a brand new system in a city that had very little experience with light rail, I would
5	agree with the statement.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I want to focus on the bullet
7	pointed list here, which describes, first:
8	"The project team was not ready for the media
9	aggressiveness and bad press received." (As read)
10	From your roles, first on the RTM board of directors and then as
11	acting CEO and general manager, did you experience the media and press as it's
12	described in this document?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes, more so when I took over
14	as RTM CEO.
15	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And the next bullet point says:
16	"No communications were provided to the media from
17	the project team, and therefore the project suffered
18	the impacts of such." (As read)
19	Can you speak to the impacts on the project of the media
20	aggressiveness and the bad press here?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, I can speculate from my
22	perspective and what I was exposed to: the fact that there was only one side of the
23	story being told, from my perspective.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: And what impact did that have on the
25	project, do you think?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, it's hard to make direct links, but I
27	would say that it probably didn't go over well with staff and whatnot the fact that we
28	weren't able to put our opinion out there.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And before the break we'd been
2	talking about evidence you gave in your Commission interview about one obstacle to
3	open communication between RTM and the City being a fear on the City's part that it
4	might be perceived to be giving RTM or RTG a break on this project. Do you think that
5	the media communications contributed to that environment at all?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, media, especially social media.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: And if we can just scroll down a little bit
8	further, the last two bullet points here describe:
9	"The project communication team was not consulted
10	on the media correspondence being offered; no
11	communication was issued by the project team; and
12	the communications issued to the media lacked
13	knowledge and capacity to explain the issues arising
14	(As read)
15	And I'd suggest to you that's consistent with what you just said
16	about only one side being told in the media.
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: And then the overview here describes:
19	"A better education and transition from bus to rail
20	would have been required." (As read)
21	It talks about the City needing to be "more direct and
22	communicative, offering better education to the general public on their new system",
23	and "should have managed the media in a more effective manner".
24	What benefits do you think might have flowed to the project if that
25	had happened?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think people would have understood the
27	issues a little bit better and why they were happening, and maybe overall the project
28	wouldn't have been perceived in the manner that it was initially.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And thinking about the partnership
2	between RTM and the City, do you think if this kind of approach had been taken to the
3	media, that would have facilitated a more effective partnership relationship as between
4	the two organizations?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, it's only my opinion based on what I
6	was exposed to, but I would agree with that statement, yes.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And we can take this document
8	down.
9	I'm going to show you another document. It's COW466007. If we
10	could scroll down a little bit, this is the operational restrictions document for Stage 1,
11	and we're looking at revision 3. Are you familiar with this document?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I am.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Could you speak to the steps that RTM
14	took to ensure that it was consistently implemented during time that you were acting
15	CEO in June?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe that RTM provided its own
17	document outlining what actions it would take with regards to the various documents
18	contained here.
19	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So am I would I be right in
20	understanding that RTM took the information from the Operational Restrictions
21	document and put that information into its own operations documents?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
23	MS. KATE McGRANN: We can take that document down. And I
24	will be jumping around a little bit now, sir. I apologize for that, but I did want to ask you
25	about one other aspect of RTM's relationship with the City. In your Commission
26	interview you describe the City at times as "micromanaging". Do you remember give
27	that evidence?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: And one of the things or one of the
2	impacts you said that had was that it drew focus away from you and members of your
3	team from the maintenance work to deal with other issues that were being raised by the
4	City; is that fair?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
6	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And I just I want to give you the
7	opportunity to address this. What would say to, for example, an OC Transpo customer
8	who says that the City's micromanagement of RTM is warranted given the system's
9	performance to date and, in particular, the second derailment?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would I could understand how
11	someone might arrive at that conclusion, but I would not agree with it.
12	MS. KATE McGRANN: And why not?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think the partnership needs to be
14	different, not one that micromanages, but one that explores a way to resolve issues at a
15	higher level. RTM and our subcontractors, we were contracted with the maintenance of
16	the system, and to be micromanaged in our in conducting that work, I don't think, is
17	good for anyone.
18	MS. KATE McGRANN: And why isn't it good? Like, what flows
19	from that?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Because, ultimately, you have two parties
21	doing the same job. You have RTM and its subcontractors, you know, saying, "This is
22	what needs to be done. This is how it needs to be done," then you have another party
23	telling you same thing, and sometimes not speaking the same language.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay.
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: And that creates conflicts.
26	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay.
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: And therefore, you have to explain take
28	time to explain why you're doing things the way you're doing it rather than just doing it.

1	MS. KATE McGRANN: And would that have would that have
2	negative impacts on RTM's ability to provide reliable service to efficiently resolve issues
3	as they arise?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think yeah. And I think when you're
5	being micromanaged, it really does not allow you to work at the level that you should be
6	at because you have to take time to deal with that.
7	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. I have two more documents I'm
8	going to ask you questions about. The first one is a report from Network Rail on its
9	maintenance assessment, and the second details some a return-to-service status
10	update from TRA. So we'll start with the Network Rail document. It's at NRC1. And if
11	we go so this is a Network Rail Consulting Report, Rideau Transit Maintenance. It's a
12	maintenance assessment on the Ottawa LRT, and the date is the 5 th of December,
13	2021. Just to situate ourselves here, if we could go to page 11 of this PDF, this
14	describes the scope of Network Rail's work, and it says:
15	"NRC, Network Rail Consulting, was requested to
16	provide a technical assessment of the effectiveness of
17	RTM and its subcontractors' maintenance framework
18	and organization of the following asset groups as
19	described in Appendix A to Schedule 53 of the Project
20	Agreement." (As read).
21	And it lists some assets and things. Are you familiar with the work
22	that Network Rail did?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I am.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. So if we could turn back to page 8
25	of this document it's quite a lengthy document. We don't have time go through all of it
26	today, but I will ask you about some conclusions that are set out in the overview,
27	starting with under the heading "Supervision and Oversight". The report says:
28	"The structure of the preventative maintenance

1	process is quite thin. All the inspections are
2	completed by frontline staff and there are no
3	documented requirements for anyone else to review
4	asset conditions." (As read).
5	And it goes on to say:
6	"There does not appear to be particularly strong
7	oversight of the work done by frontline staff." (As
8	read).
9	And keeping in mind that this report is delivered on December 5 th ,
10	2021, can you speak to what, if anything, RTM has done in response to this finding by
11	Network Rail?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, yeah. I mean we've on the
13	oversight piece, for example, we've not reorg'ed to ensure more oversight on the
14	technical and management side of the business. So, for example, on the management
15	side, we now have 24/7 management oversight of the business, which includes all
16	subcontractors. And on a technical side, you know, we've staffed up with subject-matter
17	experts to be able to provide technical oversight on our subcontractors and on
18	ourselves to ensure that preventative maintenance activities are conducted in a timely
19	and proper manner.
20	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And looking at the next heading on
21	the document, "Assurance", the document says:
22	"The quality department have a schedule of internal
23	audits that have been well-delivered and documented.
24	However, these are limited to desktop review
25	confirming that procedures are up to date and that
26	there is a suitable evidence of compliance. They do
27	not review the quality of finished work." (As read).
28	Could you speak to what, if anything, RTM has done in response to

1	this finding?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, so this is more on the technical
3	oversight where we now we still do the desktop audits, as we're required to do, but
4	now down a level where we actually will do quality checks on the preventative
5	maintenance activities, documenting everything from employee qualifications, safety
6	guidelines, as well as the to ensure that the tasks are being completed in accordance
7	with the work method statements.
8	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And if we can scroll down to the
9	next page, I just want to you briefly about the sentence under the heading "Reporting".
10	The document says:
11	"We did not see a structured reporting and review
12	process." (As read).
13	And they conclude:
14	"We conclude that it is difficult for management to get
15	a high-level picture of what's going on and to be able
16	to drill down into detail to identify and prioritize
17	appropriate actions." (As read).
18	What, if any, steps did RTM take in response to this finding?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: So again, the oversight ensures that have
20	a loop back to ensure that issues and gaps are addressed, and we continue to work
21	with Alstom, primarily, with regards to the assets in terms of reporting on the reliability of
22	the vehicles and the actions that are being taken to deal with issues to improve
23	reliability.
24	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And the steps that RTM has taken
25	so far to respond to the findings with respect to supervision, oversight, assurance, and
26	reporting, what has the impact of those steps been on the project from what you've
27	seen?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I'll qualify, when I say RTM, I'm

- including Alstom and maintenance in that as well. And from my perspective, it's
- 2 significantly improved things from the perspective of dealing with issues openly and
- honestly, transparently. We now have daily meetings with the City and Alstom where
- 4 issues are discussed and everybody has an opportunity to contribute. So it really has
- 5 sped up our ability to deal with issues and ensure that we don't repeat the same
- 6 mistakes.
- 7 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** Okay. We can take that document down.
- 8 And, as promised, the last document that I'll be asking you some questions about today
- 9 is at TRA4. And we'll just use this to ground some questions I've got for you about the
- return to service following the second derailment. So we're looking at a PowerPoint
- presentation titled "Independent Evaluation: Confederation Line 1, safe return to service
- status update". It's a technical briefing to the City of Ottawa Transit Commission by
- 13 Transportation Resource Associates Inc. dated November 5th, 2021. Have you seen
- this document before?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't recall seeing it, no.
- 16 **MS. KATE McGRANN:** Okay. If we could just go to slide 25 of this
- document -- so that's numbered slide 13. I wonder if we can get down to slide 25. I'm
- sorry. That's great. So earlier in the presentation, there's a description of mitigation
- 19 and corrective actions that were taken associated with the root cause of the
- derailments, but this PowerPoint presentation also describes that all light rail vehicle
- 21 safety-critical open items were addressed prior to trains entering testing, including
- wheels, and I'm wondering if you can speak at all to the steps that were taken to
- 23 address safety critical open items on the vehicles during the time that the system was
- 24 down following the second derailment?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: As they related to the derailment, or just in
- 26 general?
- MS. KATE McGRANN: The work that was done during the return
- to service work following the second derailment, so whatever work was done, if you

1	could just describe it at a high level for us.
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, obviously, we did a lot of work to deal
3	specifically with the issue at hand, which was the you know, the quality control
4	associated with ensuring that the type of incident that happened for the second
5	derailment with the bolts not being torqued, to there was a whole quality control and QA
6	focus with Alstom ensuring that things are checked.
7	We also had to come up and revise the work method statements in
8	terms of how things are done and how they're documented as well.
9	And then and specifically, we had to come up with checks of the
10	fleet to ensure that the vehicles were safe for Revenue Service. So that was the
11	process in terms of coming up with what that looks like, and then actually executing on
12	it.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And this PowerPoint presentation
14	also describes testing of the vehicles and including testing of mock service. Do you
15	have knowledge of the work that was done there?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. Mock service essentially was, you
17	know, to test the vehicles to ensure that they were fit for service.
18	When the system is shut down for the length of time that it was and
19	the vehicles aren't operating, then when you put the vehicles back into operation, things
20	are going to happen, so the purpose of the mock service was to address any of those
21	issues.
22	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And if we can scroll down to Slide
23	30, I just want to point out one particular statement in this and get your reaction to it.
24	So this slide is describing mock service. It was testing based on
25	established criteria. Did RTM have input into that critera at all?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, we did.
27	MS. KATE McGRANN: And how would you describe the criteria
28	that was applied to the mock service testing?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Probably a little more than what was
2	required, but at that point, you know, we were pretty much at the mercy of the City and
3	its consultants, so you know, it was what it was, and we abided by it.
4	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And this statement this the
5	third main bullet point on this slide says, "Mock service will continue until safety and
6	reliability are assured."
7	I take it that the mock service testing was completed?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Eventually, yes.
9	MS. KATE McGRANN: And how did what was your view of the
10	results of the mock service testing?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think in general, for the most part, it was
12	a useful exercise to ensure that the vehicles were reliable, safe and reliable.
13	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And we can take this slide down.
14	My last question for you, Mr. Guerra, is if you could just speak to
15	RTM's view of the current status of the system from a safety perspective and a reliability
16	perspective?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think from a reliability perspective, we've
18	achieved near 100 percent availability in the last two months, so from an availability
19	perspective, it's quite good. You know, we've taken that even though we're only
20	putting 11 trains in service, we are providing at least 15 every day, which is part of our
21	deal with the City. So from an availability perspective, I think we're doing quite well.
22	Safety, safety is always first, no matter what we do, so I believe that
23	the system is very safe and that all the proper safeguards are in place in cases where
24	something might happen.
25	So both from an availability and from safety, it's reliable. I think
26	from an infrastructure perspective and from a reliability as it relates to infrastructure, I
27	think there's still a little bit more work to be done. I think the system is reliable, but I
28	think we need to focus on ensuring that it is reliable long term.

1	You have to appreciate, there was a lot of emphasis put on the
2	vehicles because of what happened. We need the same level of emphasis to be put on
3	the infrastructure. And I think we're well on our way to getting there, and I think we will
4	get there in a short period of time.
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And can you just speak at a high
6	level to the plans in place to get there? Are they comprehensive, do you have
7	confidence in them, do you have any concerns about this?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. The plans are all in place. We've
9	hired independent consultants where needed to help us get there quicker. It's just a
10	matter of executing on what we've committed to doing, and I think that the system will
11	be the better for it, going forward.
12	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. And my last question for you is,
13	from an operations perspective, how would you describe the relationship between RTM
14	and the City at this point in time?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say the relationship is I'm going
16	to separate the commercial and put those aside, because I no need for me to speak
17	to those.
18	From an operational perspective, you stated, I think the relationship
19	is very good, I think better than it's ever been on this project. And I believe that because
20	of that, you're seeing the reliability that you're seeing.
21	MS. KATE McGRANN: Okay. Those are my questions for you for
22	now. Thank you very much for your time.
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you.
24	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you, Counsel.
25	Next up is the City of Ottawa.
26	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER:
27	MC CATHEDINE OF EACON MEDCIED. Cood marring
	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Good morning.

1	Good morning, Mr. Guerra.
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Good morning.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: To start off, I believe you
4	told Commission counsel that prior to taking on your current role as Acting CEO and
5	General Manager of RTM, you were on the RTM Board of Directors, correct?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I believe in your
8	interview with Commission counsel, when you were in that role on the RTM Board, you
9	told Commission counsel you were not really involved in the day-to-day operations; is
10	that correct?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not as I am today, no.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. And so it's fair to
13	say that your involvement in the day-to-day really only started when you became CEO
14	and General Manager in June 2020; is that fair?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would agree with that, yes.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So before that time, you
17	had oversight from a board level, correct?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I want to talk a little bit
20	about the comments you made in your interview with Commission counsel with regards
21	to how RTM was not ready for how involved the City would be on a day-to-day basis.
22	Do you recall making those statements?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you knew that there
25	would be daily operating meetings between the City and RTG and RTM, correct?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And that's in the Project
28	Agreement, that the parties would meet and discuss the previous day's operations and

1	any issues that arose on that day, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you also discussed
4	with Commission counsel, I think, in your interview and also today, your perception that
5	the City had an army of people on the system whose sole purpose was to find things
6	that were wrong and report those things, correct?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you explained that
9	this was really in the first few months of operation, more so in the first month, and then it
10	tapered off. You told Commission counsel that in your interview. Do you remember
11	that?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And again, this was at
14	the time when you weren't involved in the day-to-day operations, you were at the
15	oversight on the board level, correct?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So you'll agree with me
18	then that your perception of the City staff seeking out issues in that first month, that's
19	not direct knowledge, is it? You weren't there, you weren't on the ground in the day-to-
20	day, correct?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. That would have been communicated
22	to us, sorry, by management of RTM.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And that management
24	would have been Mr. Jacobs?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you weren't
27	involved in any of those daily meetings between the City and RTG and RTM to discuss
28	any of the issues that came up, say, in September, October, November, 2019, correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I was not.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So again, you have no
3	direct knowledge about the work orders in that period, do you?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do, based on what was provided to us by
5	management.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. So you don't
7	have direct knowledge of the discussions of the work orders, because you weren't in
8	those discussions. Your knowledge is from what was reported to you by Mr. Jacobs?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Would you agree with
11	me that a responsible owner sending in staff to ensure that issues are not sitting
12	undiscovered or buried by a maintainer is good standard practice?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To a certain extent, yes.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you'll agree with me
15	that the City wasn't actually creating these issues that were being identified in
16	September 2019, it was identifying existing issues and reporting those, correct?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Issues that typically would not be reported
18	through that process.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: But it wasn't it was
20	identifying issues, correct?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would assume I would say yes, but
22	again, I would say issues that I didn't believe to be worthy of being reported through a
23	work order. They're issues that get addressed through the ongoing maintenance of the
24	system.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Sir, maybe you didn't
26	understand my question, so I'll repeat it and rephrase it.
27	What I'm asking is, the City didn't create any issues, it was
28	identifying existing issues, whether you agree with how it was reported or not, correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To the best of my knowledge, that's
2	correct.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And isn't it the case that
4	a number of these issues that were identified and work orders created, those were for
5	OLRTC to complete, they were design and construction deficiencies; is that fair?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I don't think that's fair. I think there
7	was a mix of things.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So some were for
9	OLRTC to complete and some were for RTM to complete?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I would say that's probably correct,
11	yes.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the evidence that
13	we've heard in this hearing thus far is that in the first three weeks of service, service
14	went well and that would be in September 2019, correct?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It depends on what your definition of
16	"service went well"; from a vehicle perspective, yes. But from the number of work
17	orders that were generated you would think that service was not running well.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So it's fair to say in this
19	period RTM was not dealing with maintenance issues on the vehicles, correct?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, we have subcontracted Alstom to do
21	that for us.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I believe you told
23	me Alstom wasn't or you told Commission counsel, sorry, that Alstom wasn't
24	sufficiently resourced at the beginning of the project?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That was our impression, yes.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Regarding the work
27	orders, are you aware that the City agreed to cap the work order amount to \$10,000 a
28	day for deductions despite the volume of work orders?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm not a lawyer or a contractor but I
2	believe that's the way that the PA is suppose dto work. So I don't know that the City
3	agreed to anything.
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Are you aware that the
5	City has imposed or agreed to this \$10,000 cap?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would agree that the cap is in place, yes.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And will you agree with
8	me that the City reviews disputed work orders?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And when it's time to
11	levy deductions, the City has been reasonable and discussed those work orders and the
12	deductions with RTG and RTM?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think they've been discussed. I don't
14	know about the City being reasonable about it.
15	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Well, let's take a look at
16	one. Do you recall a work order for wood slats above the guideway?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think I do, yes.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And are you aware that
19	the City agree to remove a higher deduction for RTM's failure to follow the corrective
20	and preventative maintenance plan and instead lowered the deduction to a service
21	quality failure? And as a result the deduction was only \$1000?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: If it's the same one that I believe it was
23	also when the City initially levied deductions of over \$800,000.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: But sir, I'm asking about
25	this particular work order.
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm that's fair. I'm asking you if it's the
27	same work order where the City initially levied over \$800,000 in deductions for one work
28	order. Is that the same one that you're referring to?

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: The one I'm referring to
2	was recently put into the PD and we can pull it up if you like. I believe it's COMH66.
3	EXHIBIT NO. 294:
4	COMH0000066 – Work Order No: 00089983 7 June 2021
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: For me to recall a work order
6	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Let's just wait for the question,
7	okay?
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Of course.
9	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: This may help. They're going to
10	bring up the work order so you can see it, okay? Just wait.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Do you see that, sir?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can.
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this is a work order
14	I believe, we see for a small section of wood slats dislodged above the guideway; do
15	you see that?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says, yes.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So then do you recall
18	that this work order, the City removed the higher deduction for not following a corrective
19	and preventative maintenance plan, and lowered it to a service quality failure?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That may be the case. But I don't recall
21	every single work order.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So you don't have any
23	knowledge about this work order one way or another?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I know there was a couple of work orders
25	that I was made aware of. I'm going to agree with you, that's the case.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Well, that's fine, sir. If
27	you don't recall, that's fine. We can take that down.
28	I believe there's another work order for a cracked bathroom mirror,

1	if you'd like to see it. It is COMH67.
2	EXHIBIT No. 295:
3	COMH0000066 – Work Order No: 00089983 7 June 2021
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this work order as it
5	comes up, you'll see there it's for the public bathroom at Tunney's Pasture. This work
6	order is currently under dispute between the parties, correct?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: If you say so.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: The parties the City
9	and RTG /RTM they're currently reviewing and negotiating this work order?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I can't speak to a specific work
11	order.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: You have no knowledge
13	about this specific one? Okay. We can take that down.
14	Would you agree with me that the City has at times modified any
15	disproportionate deductions under the work orders?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: They have at times, yes.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I just want to be
18	clear. When we're talking about these deductions, under the PA it's deductions as a
19	result of failure points being assigned, correct?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Both, yes. Failure point assigned as well
21	as monetary deductions.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. And they're
23	deductions, not penalties under the PA, correct?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Some are both.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I believe they're called
26	deductions though? Is that fair?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that's fair.
28	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay, I want to shift a

1	little bit into some of the early issues that were experienced on the system. You're
2	aware that there were issues with both the vehicles and the infrastructure in the winter
3	of late 2019 and early 2020, correct?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would have been aware of that through
5	the Board, yes.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Let's pull up
7	COW0487417.
8	EXHIBIT No. 296:
9	COW0487417 – City of Ottawa Letter to RTG 18 December
10	2019
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this is a letter from
12	the City dated December 18th, 2019, And at the bottom of the first page we see a
13	heading "Interaction and availability impact". And do you see the first paragraph states:
14	"Since the launch of the system RTG has generally
15	failed to rectify ongoing issues with vehicle
16	performance including with the TCMS and the door
17	subsystems and with infrastructure performance due
18	to switch failures."
19	Do you see that?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I see it.
21	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So then there were
22	TCMS and door issues in December 2019?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, not intimately involve but from what
24	I can recall, yes, there were.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the same with
26	switch failures? They were happening in December 2019?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so, yes.
28	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. let's pull up

1	another document, COW0489797. This is a letter dated January 9, 2020. And if we
2	scroll to the second page in the first paragraph we see under the bullet, it says:
3	"Based on the City's preliminary assessment of the
4	events of December 31, the root cause appears to be
5	related to the long-term buildup of metallic dust on the
6	vehicle rooftops."
7	Do you see that?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I see it.
9	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And there was a system
LO	event on December 31st, 2019, correct?
l1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I seem to recall one, yes.
L2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And it caused an
L3	extensive service disruption, correct?
L4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It caused a service disruption, yes.
L5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. We can go to
L6	COW0523348.
L7	EXHIBIT No. 297:
L8	COW0489797 – City of Ottawa Letter to RTG 24 January
L9	2020
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this is a letter dated
21	January 24, 2020. And let's turn to the second page of this letter, please. We'll see
22	there are three bullets. If we scroll down just a little bit. There we go. And you'll see
23	the second bullet there was an overhead catenary system in the St. Laurent tunnel
24	failure, correct?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I remember that happening, yes.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And there were ongoing
27	and repeated switch failures on the system? Do you see that underneath?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I also recall being told about that as well,

1	yes.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And those issues
3	affected the service of the system, correct?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that would be fair.
5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. Let's pull up
6	COW0523248.
7	EXHIBIT No. 298:
8	COW0523348 – City of Ottawa Letter to RTG 24 January
9	2020
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: This is a letter dated
11	March 10, 2020, and this is a notice of Project Co. event of default. Do you recall this
12	letter, sir?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we scroll down to
15	the second paragraph we see that that the narrative states:
16	"Simply put, the system RTG has supplied is not
17	performing consistently or reliably."
18	Do you agree that as a result of the failures experienced during the
19	winter of 2019 and 2020 that we just looked at, the City issued this Notice of Default?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I wouldn't be if that's what the
21	letter says, then yes.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the failures that we
23	just looked at the failures with the TCMS, the doors, the inductors, the switches, the
24	OCS those are not a result of anything that the EROs were doing, correct?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The EROs themselves or the City in
26	general?
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: The EROs themselves.
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I have no reason to believe that, no.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: They were failures with
2	the system and the infrastructure?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And with the vehicles as
5	well, I should say?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And remedying or
8	rectifying these issues, that was RTG's responsibility under the Project Agreement,
9	correct?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And let's look at this
12	because it came up yesterday. If we could go to COW280; this is the Project
13	Agreement.
14	EXHIBIT No. 299:
15	COW0000280 – OLRT Amended and Restated Projects
16	Agreement 12 February 2013
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we could go to
18	page 90 of the PDF, please, and we scroll down, we see, under section 20.1(b), it
19	states, starting at the third line:
20	"If at any time during the project term any of the
21	design and construction works, the system, or any
22	parts thereof do not fully satisfy the output
23	specifications and/or any term or condition of this
24	project agreement other than the Project Co. proposal
25	extracts, Project Co. shall, at its own cost and
26	expense, rectify the design and construction works,
27	the system, and any part thereof." (As read)
28	Do you see that, sir?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Can I ask what schedule of the PA this is?
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: This is in the body of the
3	PA. This is in the main body.
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The main body. Okay. Yeah, I can see it.
5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So just so that we
6	understand, Project Co that's a reference to RTG, correct?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the reference to the
9	project term you'll agree with me that's the 30-year term, so it includes the design and
10	construction as well as the 30-year maintenance term.
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, I don't have access to all
12	the definitions, but that would make sense.
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. You have no
14	reason to disagree that it's the entirety of the project?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do not.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So then you'll agree with
17	me that it doesn't matter when a defect arises, if it's in design and construction or in the
18	maintenance period. From the City's perspective, the issue needs to be corrected
19	pursuant to this term of the project agreement, fair?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Fair.
21	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the City is not going
22	to investigate who needs to fix the problem, if it's OLRTC or RTM or Alstom. It all falls
23	to RTG under this provision of the project agreement, fair?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says. Yes, it's fair.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And it's RTG's
26	responsibility to ensure that that issue or defect is addressed, correct?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
28	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Can we go to

1	COWU568420, please?
2	EXHIBIT NO" 300:
3	COW0568420 - RTG Letter to City of Ottawa 25 April 2020
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: This is a letter from RTG
5	dated April 25 th , 2020, and if we scroll down, we'll see that the subject is "RTG revised
6	plan".
7	So this is RTG's plan to remedy the March 2020 default; is that
8	correct?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think it's a plan, as it says, to address
10	comments, yes.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And in fact, this was the
12	revised plan. So there had been an earlier version, and this is the version that RTG
13	sent revising its plan sent on March 31st, I believe, correct?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I didn't have intimate involvement in
15	that, but I believe that's the case, yes.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. We can take that
17	down.
18	I want to talk about the derailments now, which I believe occurred
19	when you were GM and CEO of RTM. So you should have more knowledge, to be fair
20	to you.
21	So let's look at COW0494474, please.
22	EXHIBIT No. 301:
23	COW0494474 – RTG Letter to City of Ottawa 21 July 2021
24	with attached Incident Report 28 June 2021
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And we'll start first, Mr.
26	Guerra, with the derailment in the yard. So this is a letter from RTG dated July 21st,
27	2021, and we see the "Re" line is "final derailment report of the LRV1116 on March 14 th
28	2021". And if we scroll through this, I think to page 4, we see that an Alstom report is

1	attached to the letter, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we turn to page 2
4	of this report, under "Incident" we'll see the LRV16 was coupled to LRV17, and LRV17
5	was the leading car, correct?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And in the next
8	paragraph, we see that the vehicles moved through curve 19 in the MSF and that's
9	the maintenance storage facility and that IMC and LMC1 bogie on LRV16 derailed,
10	correct?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And let's turn to the next
13	page. Under "event marker 2-3" so it's at the top we see that even after the LMC1
14	bogie had climbed and derailed, LRV17 did not see any errors and continued, correct?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I just want to move
17	through some pages of this document, so if we can just scroll through, please. So we're
18	going to look at some pictures. So you'll agree with me, as we look at these pictures,
19	that there was damage to the infrastructure, correct?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There was some damage, yes.
21	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: There was damage to
22	the duct work and also to the switch, correct?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, the switch heater.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And there was also
25	damage to the vehicle, correct?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And so if we can scroll
28	through, please, to the next page, and the next, we see here there was significant

1	damage to the vehicle, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There was, yes.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And LRV16 was out of
4	service for an extended period of time; is that correct?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Even as recently as
7	spring of this year, correct?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
9	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this derailment, it
10	occurred when an Alstom hostler was operating the train, correct?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay, we can take that
13	down. Thank you.
14	I want to talk now about the two mainline derailments, and we'll do
15	this chronologically or sequentially. So let's start with the August derailment.
16	LRV19 derailed about 90 metres east of Tunney's Pasture station;
17	is that right?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's right.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And let's turn up
20	COM218, please.
21	EXHIBIT No. 302:
22	COM0000218 – Transportation Safety Board Letter to City of
23	Ottawa 27 September 2021
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this is a letter from
25	the TSB dated September 27, 2021. And if we scroll down to the third page, please,
26	we'll see the accident, and it's referring to August 8 th , 2021. So this is the August
27	derailment, correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And that derailment was
2	caused by a failure in the axle bearing assembly; is that correct?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we turn to page
5	10 of this document, under the heading "Roller Bearing Heat Detection", the letter states
6	that:
7	"an overheated roller bearing within the cartridge
8	assembly can potentially fail catastrophically without
9	being observed or detected." (As read)
10	Do you see that?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry. Are you in the first paragraph?
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Yeah. I think it's the
13	third line down.
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA:
15	"The condition of the roller bearings cannot be
16	inspected." (As read)
17	Is that where you're at? Sorry.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Sorry. It's in the third
19	line from the bottom or fourth line from the bottom:
20	"an overheated roller bearing within the cartridge
21	assembly can potentially fail catastrophically without
22	being observed or detected." (As read)
23	Do you see that?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I see it.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we go to page 12
26	of this PDF, we see the paragraph that's just at the top of your screen now. It starts:
27	"As demonstrated by this derailment, there can be
28	serious consequences resulting from an overheated

1	roller bearing failure on an LRV and commuter
2	passenger service." (As read)
3	Do you see that?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah.
5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then the TSB
6	makes a suggestion and says:
7	"OLRT may wish to ensure that it has heat detection
8	systems in place to monitor temperatures of LRV
9	cartridge roller bearing assemblies in order to detect
10	overheated roller bearings in a timely manner and
11	intervene before an in-service catastrophic roller
12	bearing failure occurs." (As read)
13	Do you see that?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
15	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the City did in fact
16	request that RTG and its subcontractors undertake engineering to add on-board heat
17	detection systems, as suggested by the TSB. Do you agree with that?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Let's look at
20	COW0523362.
21	EXHIBIT No. 303:
22	COW0523362 – RTG Letter to City of Ottawa 18 October
23	2021
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this is a letter from
25	RTG dated October 18 th , 2021, and the subject line is "Additional on-board monitors".
26	And if we scroll to the first paragraph, please second paragraph, we see that RTG is
27	advising the City that:
28	"Alstom is continuing to look in the heart sensors as

1	one of the possible long-term mitigation measures,
2	but it feels it is premature to conclude on any
3	measure until the root cause analysis is completed."
4	(As read)
5	So is it fair to say that Alstom thought it was premature at this point
6	to commence the engineering work for any on-board heat detection systems? Is that
7	fair?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think for any detection systems in
9	general, yes.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And that's because
11	according to Alstom, the root cause analysis was still outstanding?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Alstom eventually did
14	agree to undertake some heat detection work, though, correct?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think they agreed to look at detection
16	methods.
17	I think the use-of-heat detection and I'm not an expert but, from
18	what I recall, was deemed as something that would not have prevented the derailment,
19	so they agreed to look at other methods of detection.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So that was also at the
21	City's request; is that fair?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So let's look at
24	COW0593900.
25	EXHIBIT No. 304:
26	COW0593900 - City of Ottawa Letter to RTG 3 November
27	2021
28	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Say the number again, please.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Of course, 0593900
2	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Stand by.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Thank you. Thank you
4	very much. So this is a letter date November 3 rd , 2021. Do you see that, sir?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we turn to the
7	second page of this letter, we see in the first paragraph that:
8	"Alstom disagrees with proceeding to immediately
9	undertaking the necessary design and engineering in
10	order to install heat-detection system on the vehicles
11	as requested by the City." (As read).
12	And I believe that's what you just said, which is that Alstom didn't
13	think it was necessary for the heat-detection systems, correct?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Alstom didn't think that the heat-detection
15	system would have prevented the incident, yes.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then, further down
17	the page, we'll that the City requests that RTG in the third paragraph sorry, in the
18	first paragraph that starts, "Further to the onboard heat-detection systems," we see
19	that:
20	"the City request that RTG undertake the necessary
21	design and engineering for some early-detection
22	methods." (As read).
23	Which I believe you had spoke to earlier, correct?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And those methods are
26	on-board wheel excessive slip/slide notification, purpose-built and/or customized
27	wayside solution for detection of axle and bearing failures, and then a wheel back-to-
28	back measurement tool, correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And Alstom does
3	eventually agree to undertake the work for the first and third options, the on-board
4	wheel excessive slip/slide notifications and the wheel back-to-back measurement tool,
5	correct?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, and I believe the second on as well
7	once the root cause was determined. It is part of our return-to-service plan.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the root cause for
9	the September derailment, that's only been recently delivered, correct?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And that root cause is
12	preliminary in nature; it's not a final root-cause analysis?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't characterize it as final. No, it's
14	missing some information, correct.
15	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I believe is it fair
16	to say that OLRTC and RTG don't accept the findings in this preliminary root-cause
17	analysis?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In its current form, I think they require
19	more information, I believe. That's my understanding of the situation.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Because it's preliminary
21	in nature?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, you'd have to ask RTG, but I would
23	assume, yes.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. We can take this
25	down, please. Let's move to the September derailment now, please. So on September
26	19th, there was a derailment on the main line, and this time there were passenger on
27	board; is that correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And there was
2	significant damage to both the vehicle and the infrastructure caused by that derailment?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I think we can all
5	agree that the derailment was caused by a bold that was not retorqued properly and not
6	caught by the maintenance at Alstom?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, several bolts.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the failure to torque
9	the bolt, that occurred after the refurbishment operation that Alstom undertook in
10	response to the first derailment, correct?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you'll agree with me
13	that there was nothing in terms of the ERO that caused the derailment, correct?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That caused it?
15	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Yes.
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not necessarily, no. I would necessarily
17	agree with that, no.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: You think the ERO
19	caused the bolt not to be retorqued?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, but I think the RO should have noticed
21	the problem and stopped the vehicle sooner than it did.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: The ERO should have
23	noticed the problem and stopped the vehicle, but the vehicle had already derailed,
24	correct?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: But it would have minimized the impact to
26	the damage to the vehicle and the infrastructure.
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. But my question
28	was, the ERO couldn't have prevented the derailment, correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: From happening in the first instance, no,
2	he couldn't he or she.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Let's look at
4	COW0104775. This is the letter from the TSB dated November 2 nd ; do you see that?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I don't think we
7	need to walk through this entire letter because we've done this with other witnesses, but
8	if we could look at the last page, please the last page of the letter, sorry. Scroll up.
9	And up a bit. Thank you. We see in the final paragraph that the TSB concludes that:
10	"This accident has demonstrated that there could be
11	serious consequences resulting from the inconsistent
12	and incomplete maintenance of safety-critical
13	components on an LRV in commuter passenger
14	service." (As read).
15	Correct?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says, yes.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the TSB says:
18	"OLRT may wish to conduct an in-depth review of all
19	work performed on safety-critical components to
20	confirm that procedures are followed and that there is
21	sufficient oversight in place to prevent a similar
22	occurrence from happening again." (As read).
23	Correct?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says, yes.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And so isn't it fair to say
26	that it's not just the lack of tightening a bolt; there was a the TSB was concerned with
27	the overall oversight that led to the bolt not being tightened, correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: On some levels, yes.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I'd like to now show you
2	a video of the derailment so that we can talk a little bit about what happened. So we
3	can pull up COW0593795.
4	EXHIBIT No. 305:
5	COW0593795 - OLRT Video 19 September 2021
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And for context, this is
7	from the westbound platform facing east at Tremblay Station, and it's dated September
8	19th, which is the date of the derailment. Okay, so we can plan that, please. So we see
9	the train arrive in the station, correct?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And we see a group of
12	people leaving the train, correct?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And do you recognize
15	the gentlemen who has just stepped off the train?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I do.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: That's Mr. Steve Nadon,
18	the RTM Maintenance Director, correct?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And we see him pulling
21	out his phone, correct?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And we see the train
24	departing the station, correct?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: You'll agree with me that
27	Mr. Nadon got off the train, but he didn't take any actions to stop this train. He didn't hit
28	the passenger emergency intercom, did he?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There was no reason for him to do that, so
2	no.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: He didn't put his door
4	foot in the door to stop the train?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I don't see the reason why he
6	would have.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Well, Mr. Nadon told
8	Commission counsel in his interview that he heard a clanging sound beneath him and
9	he though a cable had come loose or that something was dragging and, as such, he
10	told his wife to get off at the next station because he didn't think the train was going to
11	make it. Don't you think that's reason enough for him to alert the driver that there might
12	be something wrong with the train?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean I'm not going to speak for Mr.
14	Nadon, but my understanding is that's the reason why he pulled out the phone, was to
15	let control know that there may be a problem with the vehicle.
16	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: But he didn't take any
17	other actions; you'll agree with me?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There was no known incident to take
19	actions. It was just that he heard something that wasn't right?
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Mr. Guerra, my question
21	was pretty simple. He didn't take any other actions; he pulled out his phone, and that's
22	it, correct?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I didn't think I don't believe he
24	needed to take any other actions.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Sir, I'm not asking I'm
26	sorry. I'm not asking what you believed he needed to do. I'm asking what he did or
27	didn't do and I think it's clear from the video. He didn't put his foot in the door. He didn't
28	pull the passenger alarm; correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: He did not.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Can we go to
3	COW0523375? This is a letter dated September 24 th , 2021 and this is a notice of
4	Project Co. event of default. Do you see that?
5	EXHIBIT No. 306:
6	COW0523375 – City of Ottawa Letter to RTG 24 September
7	2021
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I see it.
9	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you'll agree that the
10	City issued a second Notice of Project Co. Event of Default in response to the two
11	derailments, correct?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so.
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And RTG is still under
14	is still in default correct?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, that's a contractual legal term that
16	I have no I can't speak to and I believe it's still in litigation anyway so I'm not going to
17	comment on that.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. So you don't
19	know one way or the other? That's fine.
20	In 2021 we can take this down prior to the derailments, RTG
21	was running reduced service, I believe you told Commission counsel this morning?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Reduced service?
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I was running 11 trains;
24	is that correct?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Prior to what? Sorry, I didn't hear the
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I'm sorry, in 2021 RTG
27	was running reduced service; is that correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: At some points, yes.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. So let's look at
2	COW0523357. And this is a letter dated March 16th, 2021. And if we go to the
3	attachment, please? It attaches a term sheet regarding a variation for temporary
4	service level decrease. Do you see that?
5	EXHIBIT No. 307:
6	COW0523357 – RTG Letter to City of Ottawa 16 March
7	2021
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
9	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And we see under the
10	purpose in the beginning, the last sentence in that paragraph states:
11	"This temporary service level decrease is being
12	implemented to take advantage of the period of low
13	ridership and in order to improve reliability of the
14	system,"
15	Correct?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that's what it says.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So this allows RTG and
18	RTM to take advantage of low ridership because of COVID, correct?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes,
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And improve the
21	reliability of the system, correct?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I think if we just
24	scroll down we'll see under "Temporary service level decrease" on the next page, I
25	believe, the parties agreed that RTG could put into service 11 double-car trains,
26	correct?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
28	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And let's look at

1	COW0495244. This is a letter dated May 12 th , 2021 and again if we scroll down to the
2	attachment it attaches an amendment to the term sheet regarding the variation for
3	temporary service level decrease, correct?
4	EXHIBIT No. 308:
5	COW0495244 - RTG Letter to City of Ottawa 12 May 2021
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we scroll down to
8	section 2 we see that it extends the date for return to prior service level from May 3 rd ,
9	2021 to August 16 th , 2021, correct?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
11	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So that in effect means
12	that RTG was running this 11 car service up until August 16 th , 2021, correct?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what was agreed to, yes.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you'll agree with me
15	that it was easier for RTG to ensure 11 trains were in service?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think it was easier for everybody, yes,
17	including the City.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And including RTG?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: And including RTG.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And this reduced service
21	extended up until the time of the August derailment, correct?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And let's look at
24	COW0505470. And this is a term sheet for a variation for temporary service level
25	decrease and it's dated December 24th, 2021. Do you see that, sir?
26	EXHIBIT No. 309:
27	COW0505470 – Term Sheet Regarding Variation for
28	Temporary Service Level Decrease 24 December 2021

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And again if we scroll
3	down the temporary service level decrease, there we go, we see that RTG is putting in
4	no fewer than 11 double-car trains, correct?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So then again, RTG
7	and I believe you had said this earlier was running 11 double-car trains for the
8	morning peak period, correct?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, and being paid accordingly.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Yes, that's right. And
11	we can scroll down to the next page, please. And the failure points are sorry, the
12	next page. Monthly service payments. So it's being paid for putting in the 11 car
13	service, correct?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That was pro-rated, yes.
15	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: We can take that down,
16	please. And so you'll agree with me that these service reductions were examples of the
17	City and RTG working collaboratively together to ensure service for the customers?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes, I agree.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. Are you aware
20	that the City's independent expert Mott MacDonald issued a report in April 2022
21	regarding the Confederation Line?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I am.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Let's look at the report.
24	It's at COM0010116. And I'd like to look at the second on vehicles in volume 5 so that's
25	page 180 of the PDF, please. And we'll just see under the Summary:
26	"The purpose of this volume is to summarize Mott
27	MacDonald's findings regarding the review of revenue
28	service vehicles as well as providing a summary of

1	recommended changes or repairs or upgrades that
2	are required to improve the performance of the project
3	systems and project operations and maintenance."
4	Do you see that?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So let's turn to page 185
7	of the PDF, still in this section. If we scroll down to section 3.1.2.3., this subsection is
8	titled "Backlog of deferred maintenance." Do you see that?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And the first sentence in
11	this paragraph states that:
12	"The backlog of deferred maintenance is included in
13	the MSC monthly reliability and maintainability
14	reports, September 2019 to January 2021."
15	Do you see that?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And just before we go
18	on, those reports, those are Alstom documents; are you aware of that?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so, yes.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Yeah. So then
21	according to those Alstom reports in January 2020 there were 235 deferred items for
22	maintenance, correct?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says, yes.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then in January
25	2021 there are 575 deferred items so that's more than double, correct?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says, yes.
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Is it fair to say that's not
28	a downward trend that one would have expected of the maintenance provider?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Obviously.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Yeah. They were
3	deferring more and more maintenance. There's an increasing backlog, correct?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's not uncommon though in the
5	industry.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: It's not uncommon for
7	backlog of maintenance to pile up?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, it's not uncommon. It depends. You
9	have to take debriefs and find out why, what the maintenance is. In some cases I'll
10	give you an example. If you're talking about preventative maintenance you could open
11	work orders in the system for preventative maintenance activities for a year. Those
12	would come up as backlog but in actual fact the work hasn't been done because it's not
13	scheduled to be done yet. The work order stays open. So you really need to look and
14	dig deep into why those items are there. It could have been that in January they
15	inputted a lot of preventative maintenance work orders and that's why the numbers
16	grew. So just to make a statement based on the numbers alone, I don't think is
17	sufficient.
18	And in my years of experience in the industry, it's quite common to
19	carry a level of backlog that is not safety or service critical; it's normal that that be done
20	And I believe that if you look at the numbers today they're probably in the 100 to 200
21	item range. So no longer there.
22	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. So let's unpack
23	that a little bit.
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sure.
25	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: I believe you told
26	Commission counsel that Alstom had inadequate staffing levels until after the second
27	derailment so that would have been until after September 2021, correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In my opinion, yes.

1	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And so when there's this
2	volume of deferred work or backlog of work being done in January 2020 and January
3	2021, that's at a time when, in your opinion, Alstom had insufficient resources, correct?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And now I believe you
6	just told me that the number is closer to 100 in terms of deferred or backlog of
7	maintenance and that's consistent with Alstom having more resources on the project?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I think it's consistent with the vehicles
9	being more reliable and overall being better managed. And a backlog is also a matter
10	of timing, as I said earlier. You could open a whole bunch of preventative maintenance
11	work orders tomorrow and your numbers will jump. So the 100 number that I'm giving
12	you right now is after factoring in the exclusion of preventative maintenance work
13	orders. The actual number is probably larger than that.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Is it fair to say that the
15	575 number of deferred items that's not all preventative maintenance?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. Oh, sure. There are open work
17	orders for items that need to be addressed, no doubt, but it's also fair to say that none
18	of them are safety- or service-critical.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. That wasn't my
20	question, though. My question was globally about deferred maintenance, and that in
21	January 2021, there was more deferred maintenance than in January 2020, fair?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: On the face, without looking at the
23	numbers, yes, that seems to be accurate.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And if we turn to page
25	243, I believe, these are recommendations coming out of volume 5, which we were just
26	in, on the vehicles. And we'll see the first recommendation from Mott MacDonald is
27	dealing with the backlog of deferred maintenance. And in fact, they indicate that:
28	"an independent review of the long-term stopped

1		and cannibalized vehiclesassociated
2		materials/equipmentcarried out as part of an overall
3		asset condition assessment, as [it is] likely these
4		assets may deteriorate if left in an inoperable
5		condition for long periods of time."
6	Do you see	that?
7	MR. MARIO	O GUERRA: I do.
8	MS. CATH	ERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then Mott also
9	recommends that:	
10		"a detailed independent analysis be conducted of
11		[all] items of equipment suffering from premature
12		failure."
13	Correct?	
14	MR. MARIO	O GUERRA: I see it, yes.
15	MS. CATH	ERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then:
16		"It is recommended, possibly in conjunction with
17		[those two] itemsthat an independent review is
18		carried out in order to understand the root cause of
19		the deferred maintenance backlog."
20	Do you see	that?
21	MR. MARIO	O GUERRA: I see it.
22	MS. CATH	ERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So Mott is
23	recommending that there's an i	ndependent assessment to understand why there's the
24	deferred maintenance backlog,	which I think is consistent with what you were saying:
25	you have to dig into the number	rs, correct?
26	MR. MARIO	O GUERRA: Yes.
27	MS. CATH	ERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Are you aware that Mott
28	MacDonald made a number of i	requests for information from RTG in order to obtain

1	information for its report?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm aware that requests were made, yes.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And are you aware that
4	many of those requests were not answered?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so, but it's hard to remember
6	specifics.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. We can take this
8	document down. Thank you.
9	This morning you discussed with Commission counsel some SNC-
10	Lavalin lessons learned documents. Do you recall that?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And I believe in one of
13	the early ones, you told Commission counsel that you had some discussion with the
14	City regarding a hybrid vehicle and the fact that it was a prototype, and the City was
15	concerned when you had that discussion with them. Do you recall saying that?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. Informal discussions, yes.
17	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And based on what
18	you've told us and your involvement, that would have been post-RSA, correct?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That would have been more so when I
20	took over as CEO, yes.
21	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: So it would have been
22	closer to the June 2020 period?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Soon after that, yes, probably.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Regarding the minor
25	deficiencies list, you'll agree with me that the items on that list were for RTG to address
26	correct?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
28	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And it would be work

1	that OLRTC, as the construction contractor, had to complete?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Or the subcontractors for the most part,
3	yes.
4	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Right. It's not
5	maintenance deficiencies, because it's at the time of substantial completion, correct?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
7	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And under the project
8	agreement, those have to be completed by final completion, correct?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so, yes.
10	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And final completion still
11	hasn't been achieved by RTG on this project, right?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't be privy to that, but I believe
13	you're right.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. With regard to
15	the launch of the system, are you aware, from your position on the board and your
16	oversight role, that the first two weeks between RSA and the public launch so
17	between August 30 th and September 14 th the system was being exercised?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm aware the City was conducting various
19	exercises, yes.
20	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And so that would have
21	given the opportunity for the City and RTG to sort out issues and assess things like
22	KPIs; is that fair?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I don't think that's fair. I think the
24	exercises were more from an operational perspective, rather than a technical or
25	contractual perspective.
26	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Did RTM raise with the
27	City that it wanted to exercise from, for instance, the KPI perspective?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, we objected to the way that the KPIs

1	were interpreted and the numbers. I believe
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: During
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: From what was being reported to me at
4	the board, we were
5	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: During these first two
6	weeks of exercising the system before public launch?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe during the first month, yes, which
8	would have included those two weeks.
9	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Will you agree with me
10	that deficiencies that are latent deficiencies those were for RTG to identify under the
11	latent deficiencies regime in the project agreement?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe that's what the project agreement
13	says, yes.
14	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And RTG delivers the
15	substantial completion notice and the RSA notice under the project agreement, correct?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, you're asking me questions I
17	believe are true, but I wouldn't know them I couldn't speak directly to the project
18	agreement, but I believe that's correct, yes.
19	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. And on that
20	basis, you'll agree with me, then, if there are too many deficiencies, then RTG really
21	shouldn't have delivered its notices, should it. It's not in the City's control, is it?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think ultimately the City has control over
23	making the decision to go into revenue service, from my understanding.
24	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: But it's RTG that
25	delivers the RSA notice saying it's ready to go, correct?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. I believe so, yes.
27	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And then from the City's
28	perspective and I think we already covered this under the project agreement, those

1	deficiencies that's for RTG to address, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe that's what the PA states, yes.
3	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Just one last topic for
4	you, Mr. Guerra.
5	I believe you told Commission counsel that you've worked on P3
6	bids; is that correct?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did, yes.
8	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And given your P3 work,
9	you'll agree with me that owners don't have the ability to look behind the face of the bids
10	that they receive, correct?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry. Can you maybe explain that a little
12	bit more?
13	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Sure. The owners
14	receive a bid from the proponents, but they don't have the opportunity to go in and, let's
15	say, look at the risk analysis that went into preparing that bid, correct?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, it's been a while, but believe you're
17	correct.
18	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: They look at the prices
19	that they're given and they follow their procurement practices and apply their financial
20	evaluation criteria based on what they're given from the proponent, correct?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, my experience in bidding projects is
22	from a maintenance perspective, but it sounds right.
23	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay. And so then
24	you'll agree with me that if a company was willing to bid aggressively so that they could
25	have an advantage in the procurement process because the owner can only see what
26	they're providing, it has no knowledge about how the bidder came to the prices in its
27	bid, correct?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, you're talking about things that are

1	outside my purview, but I believe you're right.
2	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Based on your
3	experience with P3 bids.
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. Understand my experience was
5	purely to provide information to bid the maintenance aspect of the business.
6	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: And you'll agree that it's
7	important to the proponents that that information how they're pricing, even on the
8	maintenance side that's confidential information to the proponents. They don't want
9	their opponents in the bidding process to know that information.
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I think there's some clarity, but for
11	the most part, yes.
12	MS. CATHERINE GLEASON-MERCIER: Okay, sir. Thank you
13	very much for your time today. Those are all my questions.
14	Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
15	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you, Counsel.
16	Next up is Alstom.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MICHAEL VALO:
18	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Good afternoon, Mr. Commissioner, and
19	good afternoon, Mr. Guerra. I'm Michael Valo. I'm a lawyer for Alstom.
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Hello.
21	MR. MICHAEL VALO: For the record, that's V-A-L-O.
22	So Mr. Guerra, I have a few questions for you. I'm going to bounce
23	around a little bit because I want to address some of the evidence that's come out this
24	morning.
25	If I could ask the court operator to queue up COW593793, this is
26	another CCTV video, Mr. Guerra, from Tremblay station that recorded the derailment
27	incident in the departing of the train. And if you recall, counsel for the City had asked
28	you about Mr. Nadon and what, if anything, Mr. Nadon could do, and had asked you

about whether or not you had a view of whether the ERO had caused the derailment. 1 Do you recall that? 2 --- EXHIBIT No. 310: 3 COW0593793 – OLRT Video 19 September 2021 4 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do. 5 MR. MICHAEL VALO: And your evidence, if I understood it 6 7 correctly, was certainly not the ERO caused the derailment -- the vehicle was derailed in 8 the station -- but that he may have contributed to the excessive damage to the 9 infrastructure. Do I have that right? MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct. 10 MR. MICHAEL VALO: And the video we saw -- I'm going to ask 11 the court operator to start the video. It's really around 50 seconds that it becomes of 12 interest, but we'll see the train operator here. You'll see, sir, this view we have is much 13 further down the platform than the one you had just been shown; is that right? 14 15 MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's right. 16 MR. MICHAEL VALO: And we -- I'm not sure whether we'd be able to see Mr. Nadon because we're now at the other end of the platform, but I think 17 what we'll see in this video, which we did not see in the first video, was the actual 18 vehicle scraping against the platform, all of the ballast that had been thrown up. 19 Have you seen this video before, sir? 20 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe I have, yes. 21 22 MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. I'm sorry for the wait here. You 23 know, it shouldn't be long. I don't see the time, but I know it's around 50 seconds. So 24 here we see the train departing. I think your evidence, sir, was that again, the -- what you're talking 25 about in terms of the contribution is had the ERO recognized all that ballast and dust 26 27 being thrown up and the vehicle scraping against the side like that, he could have stopped the train there, right, at that time? 28

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I believe that the operators were
2	trained to look at the cameras that show the side view.
3	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And had the operator been looking at this
4	and the cameras stay on for a period of time after the train leaves the station?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe that that the dust that it flare up
6	should have been visible, because it's quite straight in that area, and yes.
7	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And you're aware, this is, of course, a silent
8	video, but the spotters had described all that ballast and dust and scraping as "very loud
9	noise". You're aware of that?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm not aware, but that makes sense, yes.
11	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And if the window of the cab had
12	been open, presumably, someone in the cab could have heard the very loud noise?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I can't speak to that.
14	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Sir, have you read OC Transpo's
15	investigation report on this incident?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe I did. It's been a while, but yes.
17	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Can we pull up TRN75, please? And what
18	you can see here, sir, is that this is the investigation report of the incident prepared by
19	OC Transpo. Do you see that?
20	EXHIBIT No. 311:
21	TRN00000075 - CleverCAD Incident Report 23 September
22	2021 (Exhibit #2 Brandon Richards)
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I see it.
24	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And if I could ask the operator to take us to
25	page 13, please, and in particular, toward the bottom. And what oh, I'm sorry, just a
26	little further up so we can see the top of and what we see here, sir, is these are the
27	contributing factors identified by OC Transpo. And to be perfectly fair to you, this is not
28	the cause, but as you say, contributing factor. And if you see Number 3 there, it says,

1	"Inattention."
2	And this is OC Transpo's conclusion:
3	"ERO Adam was troubleshooting with NOC for the human waste smell inside LRV 38.
4	The following is a portion of the radio transcript." (As read)
5	And that's, of course, how we know.
6	And if you scroll down a little further, and could we just pause right
7	there, you can see in the last line of the box at page 3, ERO Adam, "It's not burning. It
8	smell"
9	And then in brackets, "background noise on rails," indicating that it
10	was audible to those listening through the radio that something was amiss.
11	But then I want to take your attention to the last paragraph at the
12	top of page 4.
13	"The determination placed on determining the human
14	waste smell inside of LRV 1138 may have prevented
15	ERO Adam from identifying possible signs of
16	derailment or mechanical issues with LRV 2138." (As
17	read)
18	Would you agree that that's consistent with what you were
19	explaining to City's counsel?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think yes, I would agree.
21	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Thank you, sir. We can take this down,
22	please.
23	I want to turn back, sir, to a document that Commission counsel
24	took you to this morning, a lessons learned document. It's RTM592807.0001. And if we
25	could just scroll down a little bit, please, that would be very helpful, just so we see the
26	findings.
27	Sir, you see there in the second line of the findings, per the prime
28	agreement that Canadian content requirement was required, are you familiar with the

2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, I'm not it's definitely outside my
3	level of expertise, but I believe that projects that are funded need to be a certain
4	percentage of Canadian content, yes.
5	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And just further down in the same
6	paragraph, it says, "However, the provider failed to meet such contractual criteria."
7	Are you aware, sir, of Alstom failing to meet the Canadian content
8	criteria in this project?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Again, as I said, I think, earlier to
10	Commission counsel, this is I was on the Board of Maintenance. This would have
11	been things that would have been discussed with OLRTC and Alstom supply, and even
12	RTG. It would have been outside my purview, so
13	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Had you I'll leave the question then, if you
14	don't have direct knowledge. Certainly, it's not something we've heard about in this
15	inquiry.
16	So let me direct your attention then to the first bullet, if I could,
17	under "It was also noted".
18	You'll see there it says, "No involvement from the rolling stock
19	provider for the first two years."
20	I take it, sir, that that is not in reference to the first two years of
21	Revenue Service, is it?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't know, to be honest with you.
23	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Well, let me come at it this way. You are
24	aware that in addition to Alstom's maintenance service team, there was also a warranty
25	team under rolling stock co-located at the MSF at the start of Revenue Service, correct?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I'm aware of that.
27	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And that team remained there and
28	continues to remain there in order to perform retrofits and other kinds of work?

Canadian content requirements?

Τ	WIR. WARIO GUERRA. 1 es, il does.
2	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And so at least that bullet can't apply to the
3	maintenance period; you'd agree with that?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not as it's current no, I would say I
5	would agree that's true, yes.
6	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And I suppose you have you
7	wouldn't be aware of the evidence we've heard in this inquiry that detailed design work,
8	for example, on the supply side, started as early as 2012 and at least by 2013?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm aware of that. I've read that, yes.
10	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. So it can't be that there was no
11	involvement from the rolling stock provided in the first years of the supply contract
12	either, could it?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Based on that, no, it couldn't.
14	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. So we have as we said here
15	today, we don't know what that bullet means?
16	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I couldn't tell you, no.
17	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay, thank you.
18	I'll ask that to be taken down, please.
19	You had you told Commission counsel this morning, Mr. Guerra,
20	that from your perspective, Alstom had not appropriately staffed the project until after
21	derailment number 2. Do you recall that?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
23	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Sir, do you have the figures in your mind of
24	what Alstom's staff naturally look like?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: At this point, I do not.
26	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. So if I told you as of July 2019, just
27	before Revenue Service, the maintenance services group had 90 staff, would you know
28	one way or the other?

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		Cr-Ex(Valo)
1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Are you talking i	ust for maintenance, not

MR. MICHAEL VALO: No, just the maintenance staff.

- including ---
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would have no reason to dispute that. 4
- MR. MICHAEL VALO: And if I told you by November 2019 -- so 5
- just after the start of Revenue Service -- that number had grown to 130 staff, would that 6
- 7 sound right to you?
- 8 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm not in a position to dispute it. I ---
- MR. MICHAEL VALO: And if I told you that from November 2019 9
- through October 2021 -- so just after the derailment -- Alstom's maintenance services 10
- staffing levels remain between 130 and 140 individuals, would you have reason to doubt 11
- that? 12

2

- MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. I think my opinion is based on the lack 13
- of resources available at times to react to incidents. That led me to believe that they 14
- 15 were insufficiently staffed, whether that be incidents on the line or incidents related to
- 16 the infrastructure. In my mind, and based on my years of experience, if Alstom had
- been adequately staffed, then they would have been able to react to these incidents in a 17
- more timely manner, so that's where that comes from. 18
- MR. MICHAEL VALO: I see. So your comments are related to 19
- certain anecdotal incidents where you felt there wasn't sufficient response? 20
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, no. They're not anecdotal. When you 21
- 22 have a failure on the line and it takes an hour for a mechanic to react to that failure, to
- 23 me, that is not an organization that's sufficiently staffed, and that's what my opinion was
- 24 based on, those types of incidents.
- MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. I'd like to, if we could, pivot to a new 25
- topic, sir. 26
- 27 I take it you're familiar with the term "hostler"?
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: I am. 28

1	MR. MICHAEL VALO : They're the folks who move trains around
2	the yard; is that correct?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct, yes.
4	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And originally, there actually were not
5	supposed to be hostlers the trains were intended to move around the yard under
6	unmanned train operation, or UTO?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's not entirely true. The yard is
8	intended to be fully automated but, in order to get vehicles in and out the maintenance
9	bays, you would still need somebody to actually move the vehicles. Because of safety
LO	reasons, the trains do not go in automatic mode into the maintenance facilities.
l1	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay.
L2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: So there will be still some need for some
L3	hostlers.
L4	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. But you'd agree, certainly, that UTO
L5	the UTO system, was not ready at the time of revenue service?
L6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct, yes.
L7	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And so it was necessary for RTG to provide
18	a different solution for moving vehicles around the yard and so they entered into a
L9	variation agreement with Alstom for Alstom to provide the hostlers; is that right?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
21	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Now, I don't know what, if any, opportunity
22	you've had to watch or read some of what's taken place at the inquiry, but perhaps
23	you're familiar with the examination of Mr. Larry Gaul of STV that took place earlier this
24	week?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe I managed to read some of his
26	comments, yes.
27	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And you know Mr. Gaul was, sir?
Ω	MR MARIO GLIERRA: 1 do

1	MR. MICHAEL VALO: He was an STV consultant concerned with
2	operations?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
4	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And Mr. McLuckie, who is one of the
5	lawyers for the ATU in this inquiry asked Mr. Gaul about the hostlers in the yard and he
6	suggested to them that Alstom did have enough hostlers to move trains around to
7	position it for revenue service which, to be fair, Mr. Gaul also agreed with. Are you
8	familiar Mr. Gaul's evidence in that regard?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe I may have read it, yes.
10	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. I'd like to put up, if we could, a
11	document. It's ALS13967.
12	EXHIBIT No. 312:
13	ALS0013967 – Alstom Letter to RTG 2 August 2018
14	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And what we should be looking oh, here it
15	is. Marvellous. So this is an Alstom letter, sir. It is from 29 August 2018, as you can
16	see, and this if we scroll, Mr. Court Operator, we'll see that that this, subject line,
17	"Train hostlers", and what we're looking at is Alstom's proposal to provide hostlers. And
18	what we can see from the third paragraph there is where I'm reading:
19	"As a result of this, RTM requested Alstom to provide
20	personnel and to manage this activity in preparation
21	for trial running currently scheduled for October 14.
22	Alstom has reviewed with RTM and determined the
23	following personnel are required." (As read).
24	And then the next paragraph is:
25	"Alstom and RTM can review from time to time the
26	number of people needed and, if both parties, adjust
27	the number accordingly." (As read).
28	And if I could just ask the court operator to take us down a little

1	further to the second page, you'll see here, sir, Alstom has prepared an estimate of
2	people it required in order to provide those hostler services, right?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It looks that way, yes.
4	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And it's 19 total with two supervisors for 21
5	people.
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it states, yes.
7	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And if we look if we can queue up
8	another document, please, it's ALS17674.
9	EXHIBIT No. 313:
10	ALS0017674 – RTM Letter to Alstom 13 September 2018
11	MR. MICHAEL VALO: We'll see here, this is an RTM letter that
12	follows just afterward, September 13, 2018. And if we could scroll down, please, I'm
13	focused on the third paragraph, sir, where RTM acknowledges to Alstom:
14	"It's acknowledged by all parties that the number of
15	staff and specific positions indicated in your above-
16	referenced letter are estimated and subject to
17	adjustment, as mutually agreed. The duration of this
18	agreement is indeterminate at this time and shall end
19	upon the implementation of the full UTO." (As read).
20	So you'd agree this letter represents the agreement by RTM to
21	accept Alstom's proposal for the supply of hostlers?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes. That's what it states, yes.
23	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And the supply of those hostlers were
24	provided on a cost-reimbursable basis; is that right? A unit rate was applied for the
25	hours of each hostler and that's how Alstom was compensated?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
27	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And to the extent additional hostlers
28	were required, that could be agreed by the parties, and the unit rate that had been

1	agreed would apply to any additional hostler that worked?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
3	MR. MICHAEL VALO: So you'd agree with me, also, Mr. Guerra,
4	that any increase in the number of hostlers required RTM's approval?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And are you aware, sir, that, in fact,
7	subsequent to this agreement, Alstom did propose to RTM that the number of hostlers
8	needed to increase but RTM refused to add hostlers?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I seem to recall that. I can't remember
10	specifics, but yes.
11	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay, I'll help with specifics. Happy to do
12	that. If we could open ALS
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Mr. Commissioner, I was wondering if we
14	can maybe take a five-minute break.
15	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: That's fine. We'll do that. Stand
16	by.
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you, sir.
18	THE REGISTRAR: All rise. The Commissioner will recess for five
19	minutes.
20	Upon recessing at 12:25 p.m.
21	Upon resuming at 12:32
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA, Resumed:
23	
24	THE REGISTRAR: The Commission has resumed.
25	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right, are we all set? Very
26	good.
27	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MICHAEL VALO, (cont'd):
28	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. Welcome back. I had just asked the

court operator just before we broke to gueue up ALS14144, so if we could do that, 1 please, that would be helpful. 2 --- EXHIBIT No. 314: 3 ALS0014144 – Alstom Letter to RTM 18 February 2020 4 MR. MICHAEL VALO: And just to reorient ourselves, Mr. Guerra, 5 we were talking about hostlers. We had just seen how the hostler variation came into 6 7 being. And now what I wanted to look at is a slightly later correspondence from Alstom. We can see this a February 18, 2020, letter. And I'm interested in the second 8 9 paragraph, if we could scroll to the one just below. So that -- that's perfect right there. And what you can see here, Mr. Guerra, is -- and I'm focused now on the second line of 10 paragraph 2: 11 "Alstom further notified RTM on June 28, 2019, under 12 letter ALSMNTRTM118, that additional hostlers were 13 required because the scope of operations had 14 15 changed. Additional time was taken to get train 16 positioning when decoupling and recoupling trains and, due to safety concerns, there was a need to add 17 support." (As read). 18 And then Alstom goes on to say that: 19 "RTM failed to provide an official response." (As 20 read). 21 Do you see that, sir? 22 23 MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's what it says. 24 MR. MICHAEL VALO: Now, did you -- were you aware in June 2019, so just before the trial running-period started, that Alstom had requested 25 additional hostlers? 26 27 MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't have been involved in the intimate details such as these at the time. I was on the board so I wouldn't have had 28

1	intimate knowledge of this, no.
2	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And so you weren't aware, then, as
3	Alstom reports here that:
4	"Notwithstanding RTM failed to respond, Altstom, of
5	concern for safety risks and in order to secure trial
6	running, on its own accord, increased the number of
7	hostlers"? (As read).
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I remember the issue in general being
9	discussed at the board level, vaguely. I remember there was an issue about Alstom
10	justifying why they needed them. I don't know if that was ever done or not other than
11	the simple statement like that.
12	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay.
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: But that's from the board level, so I'm
14	much higher level; I wasn't involved in the detailed discussions such as these.
15	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Well, let's fast-forward, and we'll go to May
16	2021. And it's a letter, ALS16399.
17	EXHIBIT No. 315:
18	ALS0016399 – Alstom Letter to RTM 14 May 2021
19	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And as I said, this is a 24 May 2021 letter in
20	which Alstom comes back to RTM again to request the number of hostlers be
21	increased. And if we scroll down, please, I want to just look at that first paragraph there
22	I'm looking in the:
23	"In light of recent safety measure implemented
24	following the recent LRV derailments, as detailed
25	below, the number of hostlers is becoming severely
26	insufficient to attend to train movements." (As read).
27	And Mr. Operator, if we could just scroll down a little further, the
28	little final bullet there:

1	"The current shift in workload of the hostlers is over
2	loaded." (As read).
3	And then the paragraph below:
4	"The current number of hostlers is insufficient. Alstom
5	requests RTM immediately approve to increase the
6	hostlers to 28 hostlers in two leads/supervisors." (As
7	read).
8	So you'd agree with me with that this is at least the second
9	incidence where we see Alstom requesting RTM to agree to increase the number of
10	hostlers?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I remember. I remember this letter. I
12	also seem to recall requiring asking Alstom for a more detailed explanation or
13	justification. And I'm not sure if that was ever provided or not, to be honest with you.
14	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Well, let's so let's look at the next letter in
15	the sequence here because that and to be fair to you, it's your letter. It's ALS14889,
16	and this is a few days later, on 28 May 2021.
17	EXHIBIT No. 316:
18	ALS0014889 – RTM Letter to Alstom 28 May 2021
19	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And if we can scroll down, you can see here
20	in the second paragraph, sir:
21	"Alstom's proposal for holsters received that's the
22	2018 version and approved by RTM provided for 21
23	full-time hostlers to perform the work related to the
24	lack of UTO functionality, as has been stated. The
25	calculations demonstrated that 21 full-time hostlers
26	would be sufficient. Prior requests for additional
27	hostlers from Alstom have been rejected by RTM."
28	(As read).

1	So here, I think you're validating that Alstom has been making
2	requests but they've been denied by Alstom, and the basis appears to me to be that
3	original calculation of 21 hostlers done in August 2018; do you agree with that?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
5	MR. MICHAEL VALO: But surely, you would agree that since
6	August 2018, circumstances in the yard had changed, hadn't they, certainly by May
7	2021?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think we acknowledge that in the next
9	paragraph.
10	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Well, let's before we get to May 2021,
11	focusing just around trial running, you're aware Mr. Gaul reported to Mr. McLuckie this
12	week that there weren't even enough hostlers for trial running; do you agree with that?
13	Do you recall that?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I recall reading that was Mr. Gaul's
15	statement, yes.
16	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right, as in his role as consultant to the
17	City. Did you have an opportunity to speak with Mr. Gaul at the time, or anyone from
18	STV, during trial running about the need for additional hostlers?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean Mr. Gaul and we've probably
20	spoken on occasion. I couldn't recall if we spoke about this issue, specifically. I don't
21	recall.
22	MR. MICHAEL VALO: At the very least, would you agree with me
23	sir, that when Mr. Gaul told my friend, Mr. McLuckie, that Alstom was short-staffed on
24	hostlers, that was because RTM decided Alstom didn't need more hostlers?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I would agree that that was Mr. Gaul's
26	opinion.
27	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right, sorry.
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah.

Т	wik. wildnach valo. Maybe you misunderstood my question.
2	No doubt about it, that's Mr. Gaul's opinion. I'm just wondering whether you'd agree
3	with me that the reason the numbers did not increase was not because Alstom didn't
4	request more hostlers; it was because RTM decided that Alstom didn't require more
5	hostlers?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, there was insufficient evidence
7	provided that they needed them.
8	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. We can take this down, Mr.
9	Operator. Thank you very much.
10	I want to turn, sir, to another issue, one you actually addressed with
11	Commission counsel this morning, and that's the issue of handover documentation. But
12	before we get there, can you tell us, sir, what is RTM's executive committee?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's the board of directors, which is
14	comprised of members of the three companies in the joint venture.
15	MR. MICHAEL VALO: That's helpful. So board of directors,
16	EXCOM those are used interchangeably by RTM?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Executive committee, board of directors,
18	yes.
19	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. Thank you. And as a senior officer
20	for RTM so for example, when you became CEO, you were obligated to report to the
21	EXCO at their monthly meetings.
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. On a regular basis, yes.
23	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And your reports were honest and
24	fulsome, I take it.
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: To the best of my knowledge, yes.
26	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And you wouldn't report on every trivial
27	matter that occurred in between meetings. You would focus primarily on the issues that
28	mattered.

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. There are certain duties that are
2	delegated down to mean, so on those day-to-day duties I would not report everything to
3	the board; that's correct.
4	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And I think it's non-controversial
5	because you acknowledged it this morning that OLRTC was late or failed altogether
6	to hand over critical information to RTM, prior to and even after RSA, that was
7	necessary for the maintainers to properly plan and execute their work.
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't think those were my words. I think
9	it was more along the lines that the manner in which the documents were delivered
10	could have been done a lot differently and more effectively.
11	MR. MICHAEL VALO: So that is a little different. You're saying it's
12	not that they didn't turn over the documents; they just did it in a manner that you found
13	challenging.
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In a manner that we found challenging to
15	be able to access documents, yes.
16	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And would you agree with me, in
17	terms of the timing of getting this information, RTM doesn't just get this information and
18	absorb it right away? It needs to review it, digest it, and incorporate it into their
19	preventative maintenance plans, for example.
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I would characterize that as being
21	accurate.
22	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. I'm going to ask a document to be
23	pulled up. It's RTM661110.0001. And while this is coming up, I'll just provide the
24	context. It's an April 2021 EXCO meeting minutes. Do you see that, sir?
25	EXHIBIT No. 317:
26	RTM00661110.0001 – RTM Minutes of Meeting 27 April
27	2021
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.

1	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And at this meeting if we could go to
2	page 7, please you report to RTM's executive committee that you had only just
3	received a large second tranche of handover documentation from OLRTC, right? And I
4	will take us to the last bullet of 5.5:
5	"RTM received large second batch of handover
6	documentation from OLRTC, forwarding relevant
7	documents to Alstom, and notified OLRTC of
8	remaining gaps in handover documentation done
9	poorly during handover stage. Still recovering but
10	making good progress." (As read)
11	So coming back to the evidence you just gave, sir, at least to your
12	EXCO you were reporting there were in fact gaps in the information, not just that the
13	information was provided poorly.
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. The information was provided in
15	one big excuse the term "dump" of information, and in some cases, it was very hard
16	to find the documentation. So we required OLRTC to kind of go through this again and
17	make sure that the documentation was easily accessible. Now, in some cases you're
18	right; there might have been things missing as well, but it was more about the way that
19	the information was provided.
20	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And just for context, we're looking at
21	meeting minutes from April 2021, so we're well into revenue service by now. Would you
22	agree?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct, sir.
24	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And if we could just go to another
25	document, it's RTM659452.0001.
26	EXHIBIT No. 318:
27	RTM00659452.0001 – RTM Board of Directors Presentation
28	September 2021

1	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And this, sir, is we're going to fast-forward
2	five months to September 2021, as you can see, and I'll ask the court operator to take
3	us to page 33. So September 2021 we're now a full two years into revenue service.
4	You'd agree with that, sir?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
6	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And the final bullet here says:
7	"Alstom and RTM have notified OLRTC of several
8	remaining gaps in the handover documentation. RTM
9	continues to expend considerable effort searching for
10	paper documents needed to perform the maintenance
11	services." (As read)
12	And I think that really, sort of, validates what you're saying. There
13	is a database somewhere of all these documents, but it's difficult or impossible for RTM
14	and Alstom to make actual use of it.
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct. And as the system is being
16	maintained and you come across issues and then you realize you need document A,
17	you'd go search for it and it would be very hard to find. So yes, that's true.
18	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. And we're coming out of the
19	warranty period now, aren't we, by September 2021, the two-year warranty period?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: On the infrastructure you're well into it,
21	yes.
22	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Yeah. Let's change topics again, if we
23	could related but a little different. And it's got to do with what you described to
24	Commission counsel as "crossover issues", which under the contract might be termed
25	"CC defects". But these are issues that or defects that arose in the construction
26	period that had to be addressed during the maintenance period. You'd agree with that?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Deficiencies?

MR. MICHAEL VALO: Yeah. And when you talk about crossover

KPI deductions, which are the service and quality failure deductions, those deficiencies,

those crossover issues, also did have an impact on service availability? Isn't that right?

correct. Switch incidents and things of that nature, yes, would have an impact on

MR. MICHAEL VALO: And it's true, isn't it, that in addition to the

MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I would characterize that as being

24

25

26

27

1	service.
2	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. That, of course, impacts the
3	reliability of the system. Would you agree with that?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Of course, yes.
5	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And it of course attracts from RTM and
6	Alstom's perspective, any lost kilometres, for example, would attract additional
7	deductions. Would you agree with that?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, I would.
9	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. I want to talk about a specific CC
10	defect. And it's really just because it came up yesterday, so I just wanted to make sure
11	the record was perfectly clear about it.
12	RTG's counsel raised the IndigoVision issue with Mr. France
13	yesterday. Did you happen to see Mr. France's evidence?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I haven't had a chance to review it, no.
15	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. So I'll just bring you up to speed.
16	Counsel for RTG showed Mr. France a letter from Alstom claiming that a deficiency in
17	the IndigoVision CCTV system was a CC defect that required OLRTC to fix it. Are you
18	familiar with that issue?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm familiar with the issue, but
20	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Maybe you could just help. Do you know
21	what the IndigoVision CCTV system is?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe it's the system on the vehicles
23	that provides a visual of the wayside for the operator.
24	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Actually, I believe it's the software for all of
25	the CCTV on the wayside, so in
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Right.
27	MR. MICHAEL VALO: the control room to be able it's not to
28	do with the vehicles. Does that sound

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Okay.
2	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. And counsel for OLRTC suggested
3	that there was no reason to believe that a software upgrade for the CCTV system
4	should be considered a CC defect, and I just wanted to ask whether you agreed with
5	that or not?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, I don't know. I'd have to look at the
7	specifics more clearly.
8	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Let me see if I can help. I'm going to ask
9	the Court operator to bring up RTM166056, and while this is coming up, I'll just
LO	introduce the document. It is an August 2021 set of meeting minutes for RTM's Board
l1	for ExCo.
L2	EXHIBIT No. 319:
L3	RTM00166056 – RTM Minutes of Meeting 31 August 2021
L4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Okay.
L5	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Do you recognize these, sir?
L6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
L7	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And you're identified as being present.
L8	And if we could scroll please to page 3 of the PDF, and in
L9	particular, I would like to look at 4.3, "Systems", and the final bullet there, sir, I'll draw
20	your attention to. It says:
21	"CCTV. IndigoVision software required, product of
22	bad handover from OLRTC to us. Software is about
23	three versions behind where it needs to be. Need to
24	figure out what happened during "
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
26	MR. MICHAEL VALO:
27	" handover." (As read)
28	So you'd agree with me, this is

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you. I now recall what it's about,
2	thank you. Yes.
3	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And your view is, like Mr. France's, that this
4	was an OLRTC issue, a CC defect that was to be corrected by them?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That was our belief, yes.
6	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right. So this is another case, isn't it,
7	where RTM and Alstom are aligned, but the relationship between RTM and OLRTC
8	creates can create a challenge in the resolution of these issues, right?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: There's a possibility for that to happen,
10	yes, depending on the incident.
11	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And right, depending on the incident.
12	And this is something that the parties have struggled with over the period of Revenue
13	Service to date, haven't they?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It is. It is. And but let me clarify this
15	situation a little bit. It's you know, as maintainers, we have a duty to deal with and
16	mitigate issues when required, and then use the process to determine whether it's a CC
17	defect or not. We can't just put up our hands and say, "We're not doing anything
18	because it's a CC defect." So it can cause problems, but if things are done as they
19	should, which is for whoever is responsible for that work to do the work, then the work
20	gets done and we live to fight another day about whose fault it is. That's the way it
21	should work, in my mind.
22	MR. MICHAEL VALO: And that sounds perfectly reasonable. And
23	I think you'd agree that in the case of the IndigoVision and the software upgrade, neither
24	RTM nor Alstom, nor, frankly, even OLRTC themselves, have the ability to create
25	updates to this software. That's something that has to come through IndigoVision, the
26	subcontractor, to OLRTC?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, no, but we have the ability Alstom
28	does and RTM and OLRTC, as you pointed out has the ability to engage such

1	subcontractors to get the work done
2	MR. MICHAEL VALO: So
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: in the first instance, and then deal with
4	whose problem it is later.
5	MR. MICHAEL VALO: Right, okay. So in your view, Alstom
6	should contact the subcontractors during the warranty of the construction contractor to
7	have this issue done rather than just ask OLRTC, who is in your camp, sir, and
8	available, to assist here?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. I mean, in my view, as I think I
10	testified earlier to the Commission lawyer, the goal should be to fix the problem, and
11	you don't always have the luxury of waiting for the commercial steps to be challenging
12	the letters back and forth determining whether this is a CC defect or not. We have the
13	responsibility to keep the systems going in a safe manner and reliable manner, so
14	sometimes you just have to get the work done and fight about it later rather than just
15	writing letters about whether it's a CC defect.
16	MR. MICHAEL VALO: I don't disagree with you, sir. It's and it's
17	not exactly what I'm talking about. But there are instances, as Mr. France testified to
18	yesterday, where it may not be a service or safety critical system, and so it can wait for
19	OLRTC to do it.
20	You'd agree with me, for example, that IndigoVision would have
21	obligations to OLRTC to correct errors in their system within their warranty period, right?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I'm not party to the contracts between
23	Indigo and OLRTC, so I wouldn't know that.
24	MR. MICHAEL VALO: But if that were the case, it wouldn't make
25	sense for a third party like Alstom or RTM to engage IndigoVision, pay for a correction
26	that they were obligated to make to OLRTC, and then fight about who has to pay for it.
27	That doesn't it's not particularly sensible, is it?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, it might not be what is sensible is, it

should be the way that it works, in my mind, rather than fighting about whether it's a CC 1 defect or not. In the meantime, you know, our exposure to an issue happening 2 increases. 3 MR. MICHAEL VALO: Okay. Mr. Guerra, those are all my 4 questions for you today. Thank you very much for your time. 5 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you., 6 7 MR. MICHAEL VALO: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner. **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN**: All right. Next up is STV. 8 MR. MICHAEL O'BRIEN: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner. 9 Michael O'Brien for STV. We don't have any questions for Mr. 10 Guerra. 11 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN**: So we've -- yeah, I didn't hear it 12 very well, but I believe counsel said that they don't have questions; is that correct? 13 MR. MICHAEL O'BRIEN: Yes, that's correct. 14 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN**: All right, thank you. 15 16 Next is Thales. MS. MARIA BRAKER: Hello. Maria Braker for Thales. We have 17 no questions for this witness. 18 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN**: All right. 19 20 Next is Amalgamated Transit Union. MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Good morning, Mr. Guerra. 21 22 --- CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: 23 MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Good morning, Mr. Guerra. 24 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Good morning. MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So I represent the Amalgamated Transit 25 Union. You've had some contact with ATU over your career, sir? 26 27 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Quite a bit, yes. **MR. JOHN McLUCKIE**: And you spent about 30 years at the TTC, 28

1	I understood, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And I understood from your resume that
4	was provided through Commission counsel that you had held a number of positions with
5	the TTC and you ultimately ended up as the manager of their rail fleet maintenance?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And how long did you hold that position for
8	rail fleet maintenance, sir?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, a year and a half, two years,
10	something like that.
11	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And what was involved in that job, sir?
12	What did you do as the manager of rail fleet?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I was in charge of the maintenance for all
14	the rail vehicles, streetcars, subways, SRT vehicles.
15	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: I was just going to ask you, what vehicles
16	are involved? So the TTC runs subways, runs streetcars, runs an LRT in Scarborough,
17	does it not, sir?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it does.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: You could all broadly describe those as
20	light rail vehicles?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Subway would be more of a heavy rail, I
22	believe.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. And in terms of the people that
24	carried out that instruction, I'm assuming you had people that worked under you that
25	actually performed the maintenance, sir?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, quite a few.
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And who did they work for, sir? Who was
28	their

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sorry?
2	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Who did those mechanics work for, sir?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The TTC.
4	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And so they were direct employees of the
5	TTC?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, they were.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And the TTC doesn't subcontract out its
8	maintenance for its subways; it performs that with its own people, correct?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so. Yeah.
10	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And it does the same for the Scarborough
11	LRT?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
13	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And it does the same for its streetcar
14	fleet?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
16	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that's the same as it does for its bus
17	fleet? It has its own in-house people that maintain its bus fleet?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe they may subcontract some
19	cleaning activities, but for the most part, they're all TTC employees.
20	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And they're under the same umbrella as
21	the operational people? So the TTC runs the subway, and the TTC maintains the
22	subway, correct?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And there's advantages to that, having the
25	operational side and the maintenance staff being part of one operation, isn't there, sir?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Definitely, yes. I would agree with that.
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And in the 30 years that you were with the
28	TTC, you saw those advantages, didn't you, sir?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: 1 dld.
2	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And beyond just the vehicles, the TTC
3	staff, they also maintain the subway infrastructure, don't they, sir? They have right-of-
4	way employees?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Everything, yes.
6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So the tracks, the ballasts, the signalling,
7	that's all TTC employees, primarily, isn't it?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it is, on the maintenance basis, yes.
9	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So other people build it, but the
LO	TTC employees maintain it, correct?
l1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, and when it comes to
L2	expansion or special capital projects, sometimes some of them were subcontracted, but
L3	for the most part, the system is maintained by TTC staff.
L4	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you found that worked well, right?
L5	The TTC provides a reliable public service?
L6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say it does, yes.
L7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And in your 30 years there, the subway
L8	has worked well?
L9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. We had our challenges like any
20	other system, but for the most part, yes.
21	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So you found having in-house staff was ar
22	effective way of providing a public transit system?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yes, we performed well. We
24	did well.
25	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And I understand that you stopped off in
26	New York at some point in your career?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, for a short period of time.
28	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And they have a fairly large subway

1	system as well, correct, sir?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Very large, yes.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And I understand as well that they also
4	perform most of their own in-house maintenance, true, sir?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It's all in house, yes.
6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So two large systems that run well, in your
7	view?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
9	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And both use all of their own internal
10	maintenance staff?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And even recently, when the TTC
13	expanded their system, they went up to York University in Vaughan, it's TTC staff that
14	maintain that line, isn't it, sir? It's an extension of Line 1?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe it is, yes.
16	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that just opened in 2017, I
17	understand, correct?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct, yes, I believe.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So even in their very most recent
20	expansion, the TTC has still decided that makes the most sense to use their own
21	internal staff to maintain their system.
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And a different decision was made here
24	though. You're the maintainer for this system, sir?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: For the asset, yes.
26	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. And I understood from your
27	resume that you got involved with SNC Lavalin when P3 transit projects took off in
28	Ontario; is that true, sir?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, initially with EllisDon and then SNC
2	Lavalin, yes.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So P3 transit projects that's not the
4	historic norm in Ontario, right? This is a new invention?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And previously
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: On the transit side.
8	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: On the transit side. So previously when
9	anybody wanted to build a transit system in Ontario it was public assets and public
10	employees, right?
11	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that's how the TTC did it as the
13	largest transit system in Ontario?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct.
15	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And in fact, I think they're the fourth
16	largest transit system in North America, aren't they?
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Sounds about right.
18	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right.
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The number of people moved, yes.
20	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And New York, I understand, is the largest
21	transit system in North America.
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, by far.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So two of the top five systems and they do
24	all their own in-house maintenance and infrastructure maintenance with their own
25	crews?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: They do, yes, sir.
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And they find that to be effective?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: It's worked, yes.

1	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. And here the public private
2	partnership works in the sense that there is a corporation that is responsible for the
3	maintenance, RTM, right?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
5	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you're essentially a subcontractor to
6	RTG?
7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
8	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And Alstom in turn is a subcontractor of
9	RTM?
LO	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
l1	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And is it fair to say that all of you have the
L2	objective of turning a profit on this contract, sir?
L3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That would be fair, yes.
L4	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that's
L5	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Counsel, I'm going to interrupt.
L6	It's one o'clock; it's the lunch break. All right? Down til 2:00.
L7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Sure.
L8	THE REGISTRAR: All rise. The Commission is adjourned until
L9	2:00 p.m.
20	Upon recessing at 1:00 p.m.
21	Upon resuming at 2:00 p.m.
22	THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. The hearing has resumed.
23	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Let's continue, please.
24	MARIO GUERRA, Resumed:
25	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Thank you, sir.
26	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. JOHN McLUCKIE (cont'd):
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So Mr. Guerra, as we broke for lunch I
28	was just putting to you the idea that each of the parties, the private parties to this

Т	contract, their ideal is to make money, correct?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Correct.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you do that by delivering the service
4	at the lowest possible cost?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't characterize it that way. "In the
6	most effective manner," I think would be a better way to characterize it.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. You make money if you can delive
8	the service cheaper than what the City is paying you, correct?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, that's what profit is, yes.
10	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So let's talk about Alstom's staff.
11	Does Alstom similarly want to make profit on this deal?
12	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so.
13	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So having less staff involves less costs,
14	doesn't it, sir?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes.
16	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So having less cost would tend to
17	increase your profits, sir?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not necessarily. It could lead to other
19	issues that increase your costs.
20	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Such as penalties. But in general cutting
21	your cost leads to higher profits, right?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: If you reduce your expenditure, yes, your
23	margins increase.
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So I won't spend a lot of time on staffing
25	because one of my colleagues has done that quite well this morning. But I do just want
26	to put to you that your view of the staffing at Alstom continued to be they were
27	understaffed up to the time of the second derailment?
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I believe so, yes.

1	MR. JOHN MCLUCKIE: And what experience or past experience
2	in transit did you rely on to come to that opinion?
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: In my experience in terms of what it takes
4	to respond to incidents in an effective and timely manner. For example, incidents on the
5	line, having technicians on the line that can respond to incidents. That's one example.
6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: You indicated in your interview with
7	Commission counsel that you had brought up with Alstom that you felt they were
8	understaffed and in particular in tht area. Is that true, sir?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: This is true, yes.
LO	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you indicated that they disagreed with
l1	you and did not provide additional staff as you had suggested, right?
L2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Initially, no they did not.
L3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that led to unreliability on the system
L4	because it took longer to recover dead trains, didn't it, sir?
L5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, you can make that link.
L6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: In fact, would you make that link?
L7	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I did and I would, yes.
L8	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And I just want to ask a couple of
L9	questions about the P3 then that you had said that, in your interview with Commission
20	counsel, that Alstom didn't seem to understand the implications of the P3 and in
21	particular the penalties that applied to poor performance. Do you recall telling her that?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I recall that, yes.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So the P3 is structured on the idea that if
24	you don't provide good service there's a penalty that applies to you, right?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, it's performance based, yes.
26	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. And your testimony was to
27	Commission counsel that that system didn't seem to be working to generate good
28	performance on the part of Alstom, correct?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, I think you're referring to my
2	characterization that Alstom wasn't aware of the implications of not doing so.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So they weren't aware that not
4	performing well would provide a penalty to them?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Not to the extent that it did, no. I don't
6	think they were.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And so the P3 contract wasn't effective
8	then in motivating their behaviour at least until the terms of the second derailment then?
9	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say yeah, you can characterize it
10	like that, yes.
11	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. So notwithstanding the penalties,
12	you still didn't provide good service up until that point?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh, I think we provided good service at
14	times other than the times where we had the incidents but there was
15	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: You were sorry. I didn't mean to speak
16	over you, sir.
17	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, that's fine. But there was still
18	concerns around the workforce levels, yes.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So you've been around transit a long time.
20	Yesterday or two days ago we heard from Mr. Troy Charter. I think you've met Mr.
21	Charter?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I have.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And he's been around transit for a long
24	time too. And he described transit as a grind. You have to do it day after day in order
25	to show the public that your system is reliable. Would you agree with that?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, there's challenges every day to
27	keep it going. Absolutely.
28	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And the public is going to take this system

1	only if they know it's reliable and can count on it, right sir?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Of course, yes.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So Alstom wasn't providing that reliable
4	day after day service, were they, sir?
5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, there were certainly a lot of issues, a
6	lot of breakdowns, yes.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And as part of the consortium that they're
8	a part of RTG/RTM the consortium was not providing that reliable service that the
9	public could rely on, were they, sir?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Ultimately the consortium is accountable,
11	yes.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And just going to cooperation, because
13	you mentioned that with my friend this morning, you would agree that it's important
14	there's cooperation between the maintenance the operations side?
15	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, absolutely.
16	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you'd agree from the evidence you've
17	given this morning there are quite a few times that there wasn't a lot of cooperation or
18	coordination between the consortium and the City?
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Early on, yes, I would say that was true.
20	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And there wasn't even a lot of cooperation
21	and coordination sometimes between the partners in the consortium, RTM, RTG,
22	Alstom?
23	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say at times, yeah.
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And wouldn't you agree, sir, that that
25	served to undermine the reliability of the system?
26	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean, it's hard to make a direct link but it
27	certainly didn't help matters. That's for sure.
28	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Thank you for the indulgence, Mr.

- 1 Commissioner. Those are all my questions.
- 2 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN:** All right. Thank you, Counsel.
- Next up is Transportation Action Canada, Mr. David Jeanes?
- 4 MR. DAVID JEANES: Thank you, Mr. -- hang on. You do see me
- 5 now, I hope?
- 6 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN:** I do see you and we hear you. Go
- 7 ahead.

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--- CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. DAVID JEANES:

9 **MR. DAVID JEANES:** Okay. David Jeanes, J-e-a-n-e-s, Transport 10 Action Canada. I only have a few minutes, Mr. Guerra, and I don't think I was actually

scheduled to ask you questions today. But I would like to talk to you about your views

on a soft start. We've certainly had a lot of discussion of that from witnesses throughout

these hearings and it seems that the City had a very strong view that a soft start was

inappropriate because it could not actually mimic the full transit service. In other words,

it would be -- if, for example, it was only a portion of the root, it would be requiring

passengers to make extra transfers; because of those extra transfers, it would be

inconvenient and slower for them to get to their destinations; and therefore, from the

user point of view, a soft start was a bad idea. But the question that I have to ask you is

more about, what is the benefit of soft start to the operator of the system?

MR. MARIO GUERRA: I think, especially given that a system like this is brand-new, brand-new vehicles, brand-new with the structure -- it's not a legacy system, so it is of utmost importance to be able to test the system and stress it from a usage perspective, whether that be elevators, or escalators, or vehicles, or whatever, to weed out any issues that might come up. In order to do that, you have to actually run the system and also test the system, as I said earlier, from a commercial perspective to see if the Project Agreement is being applied properly because there's always room for interpretation and for subjectivity, so it would offer you opportunity to stress the assets but also to check the system is working properly as well.

1	MR. DAVID JEANES: Right. And you'll agree that there are
2	various different kinds of soft start, possibly shorter hours than full service, only a
3	portion of the route or a certain number of stations, lower frequency, therefore fewer
4	trains, and so on. But there are different aspects a soft start where you can still get
5	some of the benefits of experience with real passengers as opposed to running empty
6	trains, as they did during the trial running, or operating only well, basically, with no
7	passengers versus real-life passengers?
8	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Absolutely, you could have done it in many
9	different ways, absolutely.
10	MR. DAVID JEANES: Okay. Now, another question I have to ask
11	you about is the very large number of reports that were submitted based on the
12	intervention of City personnel. You had quite a long discussion of that during your
13	testimony today. And I'm wondering, apart from the workload that that generated, do
14	you think that any actual failures that were service-affecting resulted from those types of
15	interventions? We don't know exactly what those people were supposed to do, but it
16	was certainly mentioned by Mr. Charter that they were supposed to be, you know,
17	testing emergency intercom systems and so on. And I'm wondering whether, in your
18	view, any of those interventions might, for example, have caused a door fault, or caused
19	a delay to the operation of a train, or some such service-affecting aspect?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean it's highly possible. None that I can
21	think of where you can make a direct link between the two, but it's possible.
22	MR. DAVID JEANES: Okay. I'm just trying to see whether, you
23	know, the users might have had a better initial experience if that parallel troubleshooting
24	hadn't been going on during the
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah.
26	MR. DAVID JEANES: initial service period.
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I mean I can only speculate, if you're
28	pushing that elevator button a hundred times an hour or whatever I'm exaggerating,

1	but if you're doing something a lot more often, it increases the likelihood that something
2	might fail.
3	MR. DAVID JEANES: Yeah.
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: But I can't make a direct link between the
5	two.
6	MR. DAVID JEANES: Okay. You did also talk about user training
7	as an aspect. And maybe your experience on other systems is there usually a break-
8	in period where you expect the users to be making mistakes, to be pressing the wrong
9	buttons, and so on? I know that in the first days of operation, there was at least one
10	incident where a user stopped that very long escalator at Rideau Station by pressing the
11	shutdown button and it actually took intervention by a technician before it could be
12	restarted.
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah, definitely, that's the case. We had a
14	lot of problems with vehicles doors where people were prying the doors open or holding
15	them open and causing incidents with the doors, so there is a period of time where
16	there is an educational process with regards to the public in terms of the dos and don'ts
17	and how that impacts the reliability of the system.
18	MR. DAVID JEANES: Yeah.
19	MR. MARIO GUERRA: So yes.
20	MR. DAVID JEANES: I'm aware of one system where, before
21	start-up this was in Houston, Texas where they actually mounted a major education
22	campaign in the schools to basically teach schoolkids what light rail was all about. Are
23	you aware of whether there was any kind of educational or promotional activity or
24	information used in Ottawa prior to the start-up?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I wouldn't know, sorry. I wouldn't know.
26	MR. DAVID JEANES: Okay. Those are all my questions. Thank
27	you very much, Mr. Guerra.
28	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you.

1	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: And Mr. Jeanes, I sincerely
2	apologize if we caught you off guard but, I must say, you did your usual excellent job,
3	even unprepared. So thank you very much for those questions.
4	MR. DAVID JEANES: Well, I apologize for the loose tie.
5	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Yeah, that's fine. That's fine.
6	Next up is witness counsel, RTM.
7	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY:
8	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Good afternoon, Mr. Guerra. I'm
9	going to start out asking you about Mr. Nadon. The City has asked a number of
10	witnesses to confirm that, in the incident where he exited the train derail, he didn't pull
11	an emergency alarm or try to stop the train from moving with his body. Do you recall
12	being asked those questions by the City morning?
13	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I do.
14	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: I'd like, just just for reference, to
15	bring up Mr. Nadon's description that incident and what he did. None of us were there
16	of course. It's in his the transcript of his formal interview, which is TRN00000169.
17	And then, we're looking for page 109 of the transcript. There it is. So here's what he
18	describes, about the middle of the paragraph. He had his family on there, and his
19	grandchildren.
20	"We took it from Blair and then, right after, between
21	St. Laurent and Tremblay, I'd heard a clinging sound
22	beneath and I thought a cable had come loose or
23	something was dragging, and so I told my wife." (As
24	read).
25	And you were read a partial excerpt of this sentence here, but not
26	the whole thing:
27	"We're going to get off at the next station because I
28	don't think this train is going to make it to our final

1	destination. It's going to get pulled out of service.
2	We'll just take the next one.' So we got off the train at
3	the station and I was on my phone calling the control
4	centre to say, 'Take this train out of service" when the
5	train departed." (As read)
6	So we knowing what you know about the situation, as Mr. Nadon
7	described it, would you, as the CEO of RTM, have thought it appropriate for your
8	maintenance director to pull and emergency alarm or to try to stop the train with his
9	body somehow in those circumstances?
10	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I would not. I think he acted
11	appropriately. Those sorts of measures for known emergency procedures. At that time,
12	there was nothing wrong. I think Mr. Nadon did everything right in what he did.
13	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: All right. We can take that down.
14	Thank you. You were also asked by counsel for the City this morning some questions
15	about deductions related to specific workorders. I believe you said you had one in mind
16	involving an \$800,000 deduction. In fairness, you said you were not in a good position
17	to speak to specific individual workorders. So instead, let me ask you the general
18	question. What are we talking about when we're talking about these things? How does
19	a workorder lead to a deduction?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: So, typically so something is reported
21	our helpdesk and we open a workorder, and there's an assessment at that point as to
22	whether there is a KPI associated with that workorder. Typically, anything that's safety-
23	critical or service-critical would have a KPI applied to it. And obviously, if there's a KPI
24	applied to it depending on the nature of the KPI, some KPIs require a response and
25	rectification plan sooner that workorder would get prioritized and we would you
26	know, we would deal with it. Other workorders are left to be dealt with when the time
27	arises or when we happen to be in the vicinity to do the work.
28	I believe, in these particular cases, these workorders were opened.

1	There was no KPI assigned because we believed none was warranted. The workorder
2	then gets closed some time later, a week, or two, or three, whatever that may be. The
3	City then notices that the workorder's been closed, assesses it, says stipulates that
4	KPI should have been assigned usually the most punitive of all KPIs, and applies that
5	KPI to the entire period that it took, from when the work order was open to closed. And
6	if you assume the most stringent of KPIs, which is maybe half an hour response time,
7	you could be looking at thousands of dollars each hour, times 24, times the number of
8	days. You could see how the numbers, as far as deductions, quickly escalate to
9	\$600,000 or \$800,000. And that's done because the City applies KPIs after the fact.
10	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Thank you, Mr. Guerra. Let me ask
11	you also about maintenance backlog/deferred maintenance. First of all, in terms of
12	terminology, is deferred maintenance the same thing as a backlog of maintenance? Are
13	they different things?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: They can be different things, but in
15	generality, people use the two terms to refer to maintenance that is put off to a later
16	time.
17	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Okay. You're aware of evidence
18	that Mr. Kanellakos gave earlier in these proceedings earlier this week, I believe.
19	What he said in particular was that he was concerned with the level of deferred
20	maintenance that they have on those trains, and that even though they're improving
21	he said they have improved recently in the last little while the concern is that if they
22	don't get ahead of that deferred maintenance, eventually that maintenance will catch up
23	under the reliability of the trains and start impacting that reliability again.
24	Were you aware of that evidence before I just read it to you?
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I was, yes.
26	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Do you have any comment on the

idea that there is a problematic level of deferred maintenance on the books at the

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moment?

1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I don't think the current level is
2	problematic. I think it's normal in any transit system, based on my 40 years of
3	experience. You're always going to have backlogs associated with vehicles or
4	infrastructure.
5	Other than safety-critical and service-critical, which is dealt with,
6	obviously, in an immediate fashion, backlog for example, let's say a vehicle there's
7	a scratch on the car, right? which needs to be dealt with, but it's minor in nature and
8	not impacting the safety or reliability of the vehicle. Rather than calling that vehicle in
9	specifically to deal with that scratch, we wait until the vehicle comes in for an inspection
10	and we deal with that backlog item then. That's why the backlog exists.
11	The other manner in which a backlog might exist which I think I
12	explained earlier, but I'll say it again is when it comes to preventative maintenance
13	activity, for example inspections. So in many cases, you may schedule inspections
14	ahead of time, and the way to schedule it is by opening work orders. So you may look
15	at a particular car, and if you're scheduling preventative maintenance activities for the
16	entire year and multiply that by 40 cars, you're going to have a lot of open work orders,
17	which people will look at and believe that it's backlog. So you need to filter that out
18	because it's not truly backlog. It's work that has been scheduled to be done but is not
19	yet due to be done. That's why I said you really have to dig into the numbers to figure
20	out what the true backlog is. But the priority always is safety and service criticality by
21	far.
22	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: So what is the current level of
23	backlog on maintenance work orders?
24	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The current level I believe is somewhere
25	between 100 and 200. It fluctuates a little bit. When you put that in perspective, you
26	have 39 vehicles in all quite an extensive amount of infrastructure. To me, that's
27	actually quite good, based on my experience.
28	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Okay. Thank you. I will move on

now to ask you a bit about the cause of the first derailment specifically. As far you're 1 aware, has the root cause of the first derailment been determined? 2 MR. MARIO GUERRA: No, I don't think it has. 3 MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: What steps has RTM been 4 engaged in to determine the root cause of the first derailment? 5 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, we were relying on Alstom's root 6 7 cause analysis, which took seven months. It came in three weeks prior to these 8 hearings, and at the end of the day really didn't provide much information in terms of 9 what the root cause was. It just served to point fingers at various things. MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: I mean, in a way, a root cause 10 analysis is a finger-pointing exercise. What do you disagree with about that root cause 11 analysis? 12 MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, there's some things I agree with and 13 some things I don't. The report points to design as an issue but really does not provide 14 15 any details around what that means. It just makes a statement, so it leaves a lot of 16 unanswered questions in terms of what is meant by that. On a couple of occasions, the report pointed to a few things that we 17 were already aware of and were already working, which is the wheel-to-rail interface, 18 lubrication of the track. I'm not an expert. I'm not sure how much of a contributing 19 factor those things were, but they are issues that need to be dealt with in the system, 20 and we are dealing with them. 21 22 MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: You mentioned you were already 23 aware of the wheel-rail interface being a problem. How were you already aware of that? 24 MR. MARIO GUERRA: We had commissioned a study by the NRC, the National Research Council, and they did a study of the track. It's their 25 expertise. And they had come to the conclusion that one of the reasons why there was 26 27 so much coordination was the wheel-to-rail interface was not being optimized, and there was a lack of lubrication in certain areas of the track. 28

1	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: I'll ask you a bit more about those
2	points in detail and what you're doing about them. Just before I do, what are the next
3	steps in the analysis of the root cause of that derailment if I hasn't yet been determined?
4	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Well, I think RTG has engaged I think
5	NRC as well to solicit information from Alstom to try and get to the root cause of what
6	caused it. The report points to the axle being an issue, but really it stops way short of
7	determining what the issue was and how it gets resolved. So I think the vehicle portion
8	needs to be thoroughly thought out, and there needs to be some sort of long-term
9	mitigation for the problem with the axle and the axle bearing.
10	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: So in terms of the wheel-rail
11	interface, you mentioned specifically corrugation and lubrication. First of all, who's
12	responsible as between RTM versus Alstom? Who's responsible for addressing those
13	items, corrugation and lubrication?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Alstom is responsible for maintenance of
15	the track.
16	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: And lubrication, just so I'm clear, is
17	applied to the track, not the wheel, right?
18	MR. MARIO GUERRA: The lubrication currently is supplied by the
19	vehicles, but the report has shown that it's not being consistently applied in the right
20	areas, because the vehicles apply lubrication on a timely basis. So that's something
21	that needs to be dealt with as well.
22	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Right. And we're talking about
23	lubricating the track is what I mean. We're not talking about lubricating parts of the
24	vehicle.
25	MR. MARIO GUERRA: No. The track, yes.
26	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Okay. So in terms of maintenance
27	of the track, let me ask you this. Before you come on board as or at the time, sorry,
28	rather, that you came on board as CEO in June of 2020, how involved was RTM in

1	managing Aistom's maintenance of the track?
2	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Honestly, not as involved as we currently
3	are.
4	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: You anticipated my next question. I
5	was going to ask if that had changed. How involved are you now, then?
6	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Very much so. I think speaking to the
7	Commission counsellor and saying that we have reorganized RTM so that we're
8	providing technical and management oversight on a much more consistent basis to
9	ensure that the activities that are required are performed in a timely and efficient
10	manner.
11	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: What are some of the activities that
12	you're currently engaged in or rather, that Alstom is engaged in in terms of track
13	maintenance?
14	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Oh. They do visual inspections. They do
15	measurements. They've done ultrasonic inspections. There's a whole gamut of
16	activities that need to be done from a track maintenance perspective. We simply
17	monitor to make sure they're getting done and that they're getting done correctly, and in
18	a timely manner.
19	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: And how about grinding when it
20	comes to the issue of corrugation?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. So grinding, Alstom did grinding
22	last year, but it was more to clean up the track, grinding to re-profile the track has yet to
23	be done, and we're looking to get that done this year.
24	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: When you mentioned lubrication,
25	and you mentioned something about it not being applied in the right places, can you
26	elaborate on what you're talking about?
27	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. So the vehicles apply lubrication.
28	They have on-board lubricators for the track, to lubricate the track. But unfortunately,

1	they're based on time, not they're not location specific, so were applying grease in the

- wrong places. So we then engaged NRC to also look a lubrication needs with regards
- to the system because you know, you need to apply lubrication, for example, coming
- 4 into a curve so that you go through the curve much more smoothly, you don't wear the
- 5 track and you don't make as much noise. So that's what we mean. And we need --
- 6 more than likely, we will need to look at wayside lubricators by the time this is done.
- 7 MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: And a wayside lubricator would be 8 positioned in a specific place on the ---
- 9 **MR. MARIO GUERRA**: Yes.
- 10 MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: --- on the ---
- MR. MARIO GUERRA: And it would apply lubrication, yes.
- MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Okay. Could I -- I'm going to ask
- you a little bit about a National Rail Council report. It's Document NRC0000001, six
- zeroes, I think, NRC six zeroes 1.
- Do you recognize this document, Mr. Guerra?
- 16 **MR. MARIO GUERRA**: I do.
- 17 MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Were you involved in hiring NRC to
- 18 prepare this?
- 19 **MR. MARIO GUERRA**: I was.
- MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: I just want to turn you to page 7 of
- 21 the PDF, so this is an executive summary. Toward the bottom is a set of paragraphs
- under "Our Findings", one that reads:

23 "Having undertaken maintenance assessments on the arrangements for newly-commissioned railways

before, we've identified the teams on these types of

projects are balancing three priorities, project closeout

27 (mainly management of defects and the collation of

28 documentation such as technical drawings and

1	manuals); O&M start up "
2	I take O&M to refer to operations and maintenance.
3	" creation of procedures and processes; finalization
4	of maintenance contracts; and one-off activities such
5	as population of assets and maintenance plans under
6	the asset information system; and steady state
7	operation of management oversight and monitoring of
8	maintenance contracts giving the arising issues." (As
9	read)
10	And then the closing paragraph:
11	"These priorities interact with one another so that
12	oversight is difficult in the absence of defined
13	processes, and the definition of processes is
14	hampered by the need to resolve outstanding issues
15	from the construction phase whilst the outstanding
16	issues themselves impede the ability to deliver
17	reliable service." (As read)
18	How would you say that these are general observations being
19	made here about these types of projects? How would you say these observations
20	relate to your experience on Stage 1 of the Confederation Line?
21	MR. MARIO GUERRA: I would say they're bang on.
22	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: If we scroll down to page 8, under
23	the heading "Supervision and Oversight", they observe here, just in a summary way,
24	that:
25	"The structure of the preventative maintenance
26	process is quite thin. All the inspections are
27	completed by frontline staff and there are no
28	documented requirements for anyone else to review

1	asset conditions. There does not appear to be a
2	particularly strong oversight of the work done by
3	frontline staff. The shift supervisors are
4	predominately office based, and their role in the
5	verification of completed work appears to be limited to
6	confirming that the type of work is complete." (As
7	read)
8	This is, so we're clear, the frontline staff doing preventative
9	maintenance, would these be RTM staff or Alstom staff?
LO	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Both.
l1	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Both. And I know you addressed
L2	some of this in Commission counsel's questioning. This report is dated December
L3	2021. Am I right that since then, RTM has made a number of changes to address these
L4	observations?
L5	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yes, we have, and to be fair, so has
L6	Alstom, so we now have the, you know, structure that provides both management and
L7	technical oversight, and Alstom themselves have beefed up their QC to ensure that the
L8	procedures are reviewed regularly and that there's more oversight in terms of the
L9	performance of work.
20	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Can we just scroll one further page,
21	under the heading, "Relationships" there?
22	This is quite a lengthy passage that I won't read the entirety of, but
23	NRC bothers to observe here that while it was not strictly within their scope, they
24	wanted to make reference to the issue of relationships, and really, just the second
25	paragraph, I think is the one to highlight.
26	"The City of Ottawa, understandably, having difficulty
27	gaining confidence in the delivery of maintenance, but
28	by imposing penalties outside the contractual

1	performance regime is creating problems for those
2	trying to make improvements. RTM have a poor
3	impression of Alstom but does not seem to have sight
4	of some of the good things we have seen. Alstom are
5	content to wait on responses from RTM to issues,
6	rather than seeking to work together to mitigate and
7	resolve them." (As read)
8	Do those how do those observations resonate with you as
9	describing the state of things in about December 2021?
LO	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Yeah. I mean, the relationships were very
l1	contractual at the end of the day. You know, you needed to write a letter for everything
L2	to get things done. There was no sense of partnership. It was just excuse my
L3	language but just people trying to cover their you-know-whats, rather than trying to
L4	build relationships and work together to do what's best for the system.
L5	We're there now. We've done a lot of work to get there, but at that
L6	point, I don't think we were there.
L7	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: And I think you described to
L8	Commission counsel the that your current relationship with the City being perhaps the
L9	best it's ever been. And do I recall that right?
20	MR. MARIO GUERRA: That's correct, yes.
21	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: How about with Alstom?
22	MR. MARIO GUERRA: As well. To be fair to Alstom, they've
23	made a lot of changes too in their organization. They brought in some new people,
24	people with experience, and that's really proven to contribute to the success that we're
25	having.
26	There's also a lot more visibility around issues, a lot more
27	discussion about issues to try and bring them to resolve. So I think that's helped a lot
28	too.

1	MR. JEAN-CLAUDE KILLEY: Thanks, Mr. Guerra. I have no
2	further questions for you.
3	MR. MARIO GUERRA: You're welcome.
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN : Any re-examination?
5	MS. KATE McGRANN: No, thank you.
6	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right, sir. Thank you for
7	testifying today and providing your information. It's very helpful to the Commission and
8	its work.
9	We'll stand down for a couple of minutes while we get ready for the
LO	next witness.
l1	MR. MARIO GUERRA: Thank you.
L2	THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. The hearing will recess.
L3	Upon recessing at 2:35 p.m.
L4	Upon resuming at 2:40 p.m.
L5	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: My apologies, sir. You're going to
L6	asked some questions by counsel. Before we do that, we need you either to swear to
L7	tell the truth or to affirm to tell the truth. Which would you prefer.
L8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm comfortable swearing.
L9	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Stand by.
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON, Sworn:
21	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you.
22	Mr. Adair, Commission counsel, will begin the examinations. Go
23	ahead, Mr. Adair.
24	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner, and good
25	afternoon, sir.
26	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY MR. JOHN ADAIR:
27	MR. JOHN ADAIR: May I just start by asking you how I pronounce
28	vour surname so I don't get that wrong?

148	TRUCHON
	In-Ch(Adair)

1	MR. NICOLAS IRUCHON: Truchon.
2	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Truchon, thank you. If I get it wrong, I
3	apologize in advance.
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No worries.
5	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Mr. Truchon, I I understand in terms of your
6	background that you up until in or around 2015 you were a partner with Grant Thornton'
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
8	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And your work was focused on financial
9	advisory services and in particular with respect to P3 projects?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
11	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And then you worked on a particular
12	infrastructure project before coming to the Confederation Line as CEO of RTG in July of
13	2020?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
15	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And took over from Peter Lauch, as I
16	understand it.
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
18	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Prior to taking over in July of 2020 as CEO of
19	RTG had you had any involvement in this particular project?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: None.
21	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. Can you just start, sir, by helping us
22	understanding, just at a very high level, the role of RTG at least as of July 2020 when
23	you became CEO?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: So RTG is the what we refer to as
25	the Project Company. It's the contractual entity that entered into the public partnership
26	agreement which we refer to as the Project Agreement with the City of Ottawa for the
27	delivery of Confederation Line. RTG is structured with two main subcontractors, one
28	that covers the construction phase and that's OLRTC; and then the other subcontractor

1	that covers the operating phase of the project which covers from revenue service all the
2	way up to the expiry date on the contract.

RTG is the commercial entity that is structured to support the financing of the project but also the commercial relationships with the City as our client.

MR. JOHN ADAIR: So fair to say then that RTG's role is find and manage the financing and also manage the relationship in terms of, on the one hand having the subcontracts with RTM and OLRTC, and on the other hand having the Project Agreement with the City?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.

MR. JOHN ADAIR: And when thigs are structured in that fashion, when a project is structured in that fashion where you have a company that stands as the counterparty to the public entity but doesn't actually execute the work itself -- it subcontracts out the work. Is it part of the bid pitch to your knowledge to the public entity customer that the customer will get one single point of contact? You know, one of the benefits of having an RTG in the mix is the customer gets one single point of contact and that helps with things like integration and communication. Is that part of the presentation that's made to the customer?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, but it's also driven by private sector financing requirements that effectively want to have a single entity with a subcontract structure to essentially support the financing elements of the project.

MR. JOHN ADAIR: Sure. And my question wasn't trying to suggest that there were no other reasons things are structured that way. But in terms of the bid that's made for significant infrastructure contracts like this, I gather that one of the talking points for the proponent such as RTG is that by having RTG as the single counterparty to one Project Agreement and then RTG being responsible for the various subcontracts, it provides those benefits to the public entity customer that I've described.

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm sorry. Perhaps I misunderstood your initial question. The reason RTG is structured this way is the design and

construction activity caters to a very specific skill set so in order to have the robust agreement that usually goes with a single entity that does focus and does design and construction on its own, and then the operation and maintenance structure caters to a

completely different skill set.

- So by having this kind of structure that we have in RTG which is a common structure on P3 projects, it does give us the ability to reallocate the scope of work to the parties that are effectively capable of performing that work. But as far as our interface with he City, we do act as the single interface, supporting the delivery by OLRTC of their scope as the interface with the City and the same thing with RTM as the interface with the City.
 - MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. And when that single entity that stands as the proponent and the counterparty in the Project Agreement is making its bid to the City for the work, typically what you would see is that single proponent entity in this case RTG, I assume would say to the City, "Look, here's the structure we're using and the benefits to you include -- there may be others. But they include having one single point of contact. There's better integration. There's better communication, et cetera."

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.

MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And then I'm going to no drill down. It will be into some of the sort of contractual and structuring aspects of how RTG manages a situation like this.

I understand that there is what's called an interface agreement between OLRTC and RTM?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.

MR. JOHN ADAIR: And RTM. And that's because each of OLRTC and RTM have their main contracts with RG but they also need to speak to each other. And so that's -- it's the speaking to each other that is intended to be accomplished or governed by that interface agreement.

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.

1	MR. JOHN ADAIR: All right. I'm going to ask that we call up a
2	document, sir, that I want to ask you a few questions about. It's RTM592807.8.
3	And Mr. Truchon, just by way of background, are you familiar, sir,
4	with the lessons learned workshops that were done, conducted by the RTG partners in
5	the spring of 2021?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I was not aware until we saw those
7	documents today. I understand these are documents that are specific to one of the
8	three partners. But this one today was the first time I'm reading those documents.
9	MR. JOHN ADAIR: All right. And I just want to make sure we're
10	understanding one another properly. My question was whether you were aware that the
11	workshops took place. And then you were talking about the documents. I just want to
12	make sure we're talking about the same thing.
13	Were you aware that the workshops took place at all?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No.
15	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. So obviously then not aware of the
16	documents either.
17	Let me use the documents nonetheless to try to understand your
18	perspective on some of the issues that arise in the course of the documents. This one
19	deals with that interface agreement between OLRTC and RTM. So you'll see there, sir,
20	under "Issue" it refers to the current status of both the interface agreement and the
21	relationship between OLRTC and RTM as being adversarial.
22	Do you see that?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do.
24	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And that among other things problems include
25	that there is a lack of alignment and separate objectives in cost centres, right?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
27	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And was it your experience when you came on
28	the scene in 2020, and then as you carried forward even until today, that, at times, the

1	relationship between OLRTC and RTM has been adversarial?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: There's been instances where
3	there's been issues of contention between the parties, yes.
4	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And I what do you say about the statement
5	in this document that there was a lack of alignment?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That could be that is that is
7	correct.
8	MR. JOHN ADAIR: All right. If we just scroll down to the
9	"Overview" heading. Thank you. Under "Overview", sir and I appreciate, sir, that this
10	is not document that you were involved in authoring or reviewing at the time, and you
11	only saw it for the purposes of preparing for your evidence here today, so let me just be
12	clear that I'm not asking you to interpret the document, per se. What I'm really trying to
13	do is try to understand whether you agree with some of the statements or disagree, and
14	if so, why, and try to get a little bit more specificity around some of these statements,
15	okay?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Got it.
17	MR. JOHN ADAIR: So under "Overview", it says:
18	"By changing the commercial profile and agreement
19	between construction and maintenance to an alliance
20	model, both parties become an integral part and
21	impact the results, et cetera." (As read).
22	And you know I don't need to read it you, obviously. Do you have a
23	sense of, sir, whether there would be reason to conclude, based on your perspective on
24	the relationship between OLRTC and RTM, that there would be reason to conclude that
25	there needed to be changes to the commercial profile and agreement between them?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
27	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Tell us a little bit, please, if you would, about
28	both why you say that there needed to be changes and what changes you would

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2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The well, I see the words "alliance
3	model". We need to put things in perspective. The concept of "alliance model" is fairly
4	new. Back when this project was bidded by our sponsors and signed with the City, that
5	concept was not around. So that's, I guess, my first comment. My second comment
6	would be that I can see a reason how we how we can we wished to break silos
7	when it comes to troubleshooting issues in the earlier years of operation and, more
8	specifically, during what we would refer to as "the warranty period". And having the
9	you know, finding a way to break that silo through those silos between the
10	construction and the maintenance side through a form of additional collaboration
11	between the parties, I could see how this would be beneficial in resolving issues.
12	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Have there been changes over the last couple
13	of years to the contracts and/or relationships among the group of RTG, RTM, and
14	OLRTC that are intended to achieve some of these objectives?
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Not that I'm aware of.
16	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Do you know whether those any changes
17	have been suggested, or discussed, or raised for consideration and just rejected, or the
18	issue just hasn't been tabled?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I read this statement and these
20	lessons learned more as forward-looking on future projects more than the a specific
21	measure to deployed on in the context of the OLRT Project.
22	MR. JOHN ADAIR: I appreciate that. And certainly, the statement
23	is forward-looking and, in that respect, would no doubt apply to future projects but,
24	leaving aside the document and just talking about the concept of lack of alignment and
25	adversarial relationship, there's a huge amount of overlap in ownership between RTG,
26	RTM, and OLRTC. And we're going to talk about that little bit but, given the extent of
27	the overlap, I would ask, and posit, that perhaps there would be reason to have that
28	kind of consideration of, "Do we need to change the contractual arrangements? Do we

need to change the structures? Is there some way to bring these companies into more 1 alignment?" Has that happened at all? Has it not happened? And if not, why not? 2 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think it happens at a certain level 3 within the organizations, and I wouldn't want to come across as saying it is a 4 widespread problem. There are issues that do get resolved, so let's be clear about that, 5 between -- under the interface agreement. But when issues become a little more 6 7 significant, these issues do need to be escalated, and these would be escalated in 8 bilateral discussions between the leadership team of the -- what we would refer to as 9 the EXCO of OLRTC and the EXCO of RTM. And if these issues cannot be resolved at 10 that level, then they get escalated to -- at the corporate level, to the highest level in the organization. 11 MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. So what I understand you to be saying 12 is that, when issues arise -- and I appreciate your comment that there are times where 13 issues don't arise or where they're resolved relatively easily and quickly, but when 14 issues that aren't easy to resolve arise, they will get escalated as you've described, and 15 16 I accept that. But why not revisit the contractual structure of the relationship and see what can be done to create alignment structurally and institutionally rather than just 17 escalating issues one by one? 18 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The -- we need to put -- obviously, 19 this document was, I believe, generated from discussions in 2021. Back in 2021, we 20 were well into the end of the warranty period, so the benefits of probably transitioning to 21 22 -- this would probably be more relevant in terms of discussion if we were early into the 23 warranty period, or very close to the revenue service date, but I'm not aware of any 24 specific discussions at my level that would have led us to consider potentially amending those agreements to try to find another way to better collaborate. 25 **MR. JOHN ADAIR:** Okay. And then, with respect to future 26

projects, that's not really the -- squarely within the mandate of the mandate of the

Commission, but it helps us understand, when we're thinking about -- when the

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- 1 Commissioner's thinking about making recommendations for the future, it helps us
- 2 understand, you know, what's being done. And you mentioned, for example, that there
- are now models that exist that didn't exist before.
- 4 With respect to future projects, is the industry sort of taking a
- 5 different approach to how to manage this relationship where you have the single
- 6 proponent with the two main subcontractors and the interface agreement? And can you
- 7 just tell us, at a high level, your experience with that and how things might have
- 8 changed for the better?
- 9 **MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON:** I'm afraid my personal experience is
- mostly at the project level, so I don't have much visibility, but I do understand from the
- industry that there is a desire to transition the P3 model towards a more collaborative
- model, but that would be -- that would be between the public-sector client and the
- private sector. But I'm not -- you know, I'm not personally involved in those discussions.
- I wish I would, but it's difficult for me to provide feedback on that.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And then leaving aside for a moment
- the relationship between the public sector entity and the private sector proponent, within
- the private-sector proponent side of things, is there an effort underway to ensure better
- alignment and better collaboration; are you aware of that?
- 19 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I can speak from personal
- 20 experience on other projects where the issues between and the maintenance side are a
- little smoother to get resolved. I think, in this specific -- in the case of Confederation
- Line, because of all the issues that have taken place during construction, the delays, the
- transition into revenue service, it did -- it did put the parties into a polarized situation
- very early on, which is unfortunate.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: So then -- would it be fair to say, then, that the
- 26 model that's used whereby you have RTG as the single proponent and OLRTC and
- 27 RTM as the main subs, and the interface agreement works well when the projects are
- going smoothly, but when things start to break down with the project, those breakdowns

can be exacerbated by that model?

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MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think Confederation Line OLRT was 2 certainly on that wire in terms of delays and difficult circumstances. I wouldn't want to make a general statement about other projects that I'm clearly not involved with. I can only speak to the ones -- specific to the ones I've encountered before. MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. On this particular project, do you think 7 that the contractual structure and the corporate structure exacerbated the difficulties that were encountered as opposed to facilitating improvement and change for the better? MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think the difficulty with the City relationship on some of the delay issues that -- again, that was way before my time, but having been involved on the project for the last two years, I do have a personal opinion. Some of the issues and difficulties that were encountered throughout the construction phase has led to a number of financial impacts on the consortium, putting -- I think testing financial reliance and requiring the sponsors to deploy significant financial support to see the job to revenue service, and then into transitioning into operation. Some of the positions that have been taken in terms of disputes between OLRTC through RTG with the City have significant financial implications that kind of limit the flexibility in terms of addressing other issues that may come up subsequent to that. MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And just on the private side for a moment, ignoring what the City does or doesn't do, is it the case that the contractual 22 structure and the misalignment that's described in this document made it harder for RTG to solve problems that were raised by the City -- sorry, that arose in the project? MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would agree with that statement. **MR. JOHN ADAIR:** All right. Can we take that document down? I'm just going to ask for a different one, please, which is almost the same document ID.

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--- EXHIBIT No. 320:

It's RTM592807.7, please.

1	RTM00592807.0007 – O&M Lessons Learned Workshop
2	spreadsheet 22 March 2021
3	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And if we could just go to the tab that's "ONM
4	lessons learned", please. Thank you. It's not super easy to work with this document,
5	but it's probably best to leave it as zoomed in as it is. Otherwise, it's going to be very
6	difficult to see, and we'll work our way through it.
7	Mr. Truchon, again, not a document well, I should just ask you. I
8	take it you haven't seen this document, other than preparing for your evidence.
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
LO	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And although the format is a little awkward for
l1	our purposes, this is, in many respects, a summary or grabbing bits and pieces of some
L2	of these other lessons learned Word documents that we've looked at Word and
L3	PDF documents that we've looked at. I'm going to ask you to look at line 6 using the
L4	Excel spreadsheet line numbers. So it should be on the bottom of your screen now.
L5	And if you just take a minute to read to yourself columns D and E
L6	with respect to the leadership and alignment of the different entities. I'm particularly
L7	interested in column E with respect to how the partners of OLRTC, RTM, and RTG
L8	interact and what their alignment may be. So just let me give you a minute to read that
L9	and tell me when you're done.
20	(SHORT PAUSE)
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I've completed the reading.
22	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Help us understand the extent to which the
23	three main corporations that are behind RTG, OLRTC, and RTM help us understand
24	the extent to which the different financial interests in each of those entities has created
25	difficulty.
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think what I read in there is a
27	discussion about one of the specific partners and how that entity is structured differently
Ω	than the other two partners. It's all about at what level does the organization become

1	one. And specific to the other two partners, they do connect way quicker, from an
2	organizational perspective, to a joint CEO, whereas specific to Dragados and ACS,
3	those are two very separate and standalone organizations. They do collaborate on joint
4	pursuits, but the corporate entity is a couple of levels above what would be otherwise
5	expected on the other two partners.
6	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And if you just look up at line 5 as well, you'll
7	see:
8	"Partner stakes must be consistent for both
9	construction and maintenance contractors." (As read)
10	And then in column E, it references the fact that it's a 40-40-20 split
11	on OLRTC, and on the maintenance side a 33-33-33 split.
12	How does that difference in financial stakes create, if at all, difficulty
13	for the project?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't believe it does, because at the
15	end of the day, the major the significant element between the three entities still
16	represents a significant commitment. I'm not aware of specific arbitrage between one
17	organization favouring one side of the business versus the other. At the end of the day
18	and I can speak from personal experience when issues become serious and
19	material, they get escalated and they get dealt with, irrespective of the partners'
20	percentages within their respective whether it's their percentage on the construction
21	side versus the maintenance side.
22	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Does it at least create the risk that one of the
23	partners on the construction side has an incentive to push issues onto the maintenance
24	side?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say yes, but it's not a risk that

MR. JOHN ADAIR: When you say that do you mean in other

would see as materializing frequently.

projects or in this project specifically?

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1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: In this project specifically. My
2	personal opinion is I don't believe that percentages have driven behaviour.
3	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. So to the extent that SNC and its
4	lessons learned workshops that it did came to the conclusion that the partner stakes
5	should be consistent on both the construction and the maintenance side, you would
6	disagree with that?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No, that's not what I'm saying. What
8	I'm saying is that is a legitimate objective, but sometimes the realities with respect to
9	projects make it difficult because perhaps some of the partners might want to take a
10	bigger piece of one part or have more expertise or more to contribute on one side of the
11	equation as opposed to the other one.
12	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. We can take that down. Thank you,
13	Mitchell.
14	Recognizing we're stepping now outside of RTG, in terms of the
15	relationship between RTM and Alstom, I take it you'd agree with me that there have
16	been times where that relationship has struggled significantly post-launch.
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would agree with that.
18	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And the parties, as I understand it parties
19	being RTM and Alstom ultimately had to enter into an MOU in May of 2021.
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I am aware, yes.
21	MR. JOHN ADAIR: I'm happy to call it up, sir, so if you think the
22	questions I'm asking require you to see the document, please let me know, okay? I
23	want to make sure you have that opportunity. But if you recall, the MOU included a
24	commitment to working together in good faith.
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm aware of the MOU. I haven't read
26	it, but I'm not shocked by the statement you just made.
27	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And is it surprising to you, sir, that RTM and
28	Alstom as the two main parties that are responsible for maintenance on this project

- had to enter into a written agreement whereby they committed to work in good faith?
- 2 Was that a sign of how bad things had gotten?
- 3 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: If you allow me, maybe just a bit of
- 4 context. A significant portion of the tensions between RTM and Alstom -- RTM and their
- 5 main subcontractor -- is a direct consequence of the financial impacts and deductions
- that have been levied by the City over the course of the project, at least leading up to
- 7 May of 2021, in the sense that performance for the first few months has been
- 8 challenging and the City has held back payments. When the City holds back payments,
- 9 then that means RTG doesn't get paid, RTG can't pay RTM, and RTM and can't pay
- Alstom. So those deductions are significant; they're material. There are commercial
- provisions within their agreements where deductions are allocated to the party that's
- responsible ultimately for the deduction, but we can't ignore the potential value of
- deductions that were being levied by the City, and those were being reallocated. And
- that's what create the bulk of the issues between RTM and Alstom, and that essentially
- led to that MOU where the parties had to re-establish that -- "Let's try to put the past
- behind, and let's focus on fixing it and moving forward."
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. Let me just follow up on that, because
- 18 I'm not sure, with the greatest of respect, that that's quite fair.
- 19 It's clearly the case that the City imposed deductions, and there's
- 20 no doubt that that would make things hard for RTM and Alstom, but there were also
- issues as between RTM and Alstom -- for example, fighting about who was responsible
- 22 for what, correct?
- 23 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, but in the background, I think the
- 24 financial implications of those discussions -- or I would call them disputes or
- 25 disagreements between Alstom and RTM -- the source of that starts from the absence
- of payments in the early days of the project and the ---
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: So ---
- 28 **MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON:** Sorry.

1	MR. JOHN ADAIR: No, go ahead.
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The fact that deductions had to be
3	reallocated and further contract my understanding of the RTM subcontract with
4	Alstom is when deductions are specific to elements of the scope of Alstom, RTM has
5	taken the position that those deductions need to be applied against the Alstom contract.
6	And that's I think the fundamental issue of disagreement between the parties.
7	MR. JOHN ADAIR: I think in fairness we would say there has been
8	a failure to perform at the maintenance level, right? I'm not suggesting a complete
9	failure. I'm not suggesting every single thing went wrong. But I think we can agree with
LO	each other that there hasn't been a meeting of the requirements of the Project
l1	Agreement on the maintenance side; is that fair?
L2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
L3	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And then there have been deductions and
L4	penalties and financial consequences imposed, right?
L5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
L6	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And whether you agree with all of the
L7	deductions and financial consequences, and whether you say the City took an overly
L8	punitive approach or not, certainly some degree of deductions and financial
L9	consequences would be appropriate given the failure to perform, correct?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not challenging that.
21	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. And so when you have a failure to
22	perform and the parties who are responsible for performing are RTM and Alstom, it
23	creates some degree of conflict, independent of the of the financial consequences,
24	correct?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
26	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And then the financial consequences
27	exacerbate that conflict?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would agree with that statement.

1	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. So I think that's respectfully, maybe a
2	more complete description of the situation. But in any case, was it a concern for you
3	that RTM and Alstom had to go so far as to sign a contract whereby they committed to
4	one another to working in good faith?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think it was a healthy thing that the
6	parties tried to find a way to park the past and work on the future, and find a way to
7	press the reset button and to try to get into an environment. And if I recall correctly, as
8	part of that term sheet there was an undertaking by RTM to stop holding back Alstom's
9	payments for deductions levied by the City, and start effectively resume payments to
10	Alstom for their performance, to try to see if we could find a way to, you know, stabilize
11	the payment situation so that all parties would be in the position to cover their costs.
12	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And if I can just take you back for a
13	minute away from RTM and Alstom and back to OLRTC and RTM and RTG, I believe
14	you told Commission counsel during your formal interview that RTG tries to manage its
15	relationships with OLRTC and RTM on an arm's length basis?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
17	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Meaning that RTG, despite overlapping
18	ownership, treats each of OLRTC and RTM as arm's length parties from RTG?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
20	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And why is that, sir?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: When we have the issues when
22	they materialize when we're lucky they're clearly a warranty issue or a maintenance
23	issue. So when they're simple to be established then that makes it easier for the party
24	to take ownership of that issue. When issues tend to be a little more complicated, what
25	we have as a problem is perhaps there's a maintenance issue but perhaps there's a CC
26	defect issue. And, you know, when the parties try to resolve the issue between
27	themselves if they can't get to a resolution per the interface agreement, the issue gets
28	escalated to RTG and RT needs to make a determination as to who is ultimately

1	responsible so that we can continue to work and progress.
2	And there's been instances in the past over the past two years
3	where RTG effectively had to step in, get some work completed, support the financial
4	cost, and then make a determination to reallocate those costs between the two entities
5	because we could not afford to have those disputes disrupt the delivery of service.
6	So then as per the interface agreement the issue can get escalated
7	and proceed through the internal dispute mechanisms that are in place, but the desire is
8	to keep the trains running and ensure that no issue should disrupt the safe delivery of
9	service.
10	MR. JOHN ADAIR: So I gather it's important to RTG
11	philosophically to act as though RTM and OLTRC are at arm's length third parties.
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
13	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And I wonder, sir, how that plays out in terms
14	of RTG's relationship with the City. So if the City comes to RTG with a concern, and
15	let's assume it's a valid concern or complaint, and the City comes to RTG with that,
16	RTG then treats that as something that it has to address. Because it has the contract
17	with the City, it then has to address with an arm's length third party, correct?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
19	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Being either RTM or OLRTC?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Depending on what the issue is.
21	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And RTG approaches that on the basis that
22	RTM, if it's a maintenance issue, is a third party over which RTG has no control beyond
23	the contract between the two parties?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: There is the challenge we have is
25	RTG obviously does the transition between OLTRC and RTM. As we get for the
26	period I was involved with the project, obviously more than involved with RTM than I
27	would be with OLRTC just because RTM does is the primary contractor for the current

term. We try to deal with them on an arm's length basis but we still need to realize that

1	we depend on each other to deliver the service.
2	When there are issues between RTM and OLRTC they're invited to
3	address those issues directly between themselves and only escalate when they're
4	unable to get to a resolution. And that's when they bring in RTG.
5	MR. JOHN ADAIR: I'm actually more interested in if the City has a
6	problem and ignore OLRTC. Let's just say it's maintenance. Ignore warranty claims.
7	It's just a maintenance issue. If the City has a problem, they go to RTG?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
9	MR. JOHN ADAIR: That's the way it's supposed to work?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the way it's supposed to
11	work.
12	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And then RTG goes to RTM which RTG treats
13	as an arm's length third party?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
15	MR. JOHN ADAIR: So RTG's perspective is no different than if it
16	were a completely unrelated company?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: In principle, yes.
18	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And then RTM goes to Alstom if it's a train
19	issue, for example?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: If it's a RTM would go to Alstom if
21	it's an Alstom maintenance issue and that could be that could involve a train but it
22	could also involve elements of the infrastructure which are in the Alstom maintenance.
23	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And so I'm just curious from the City's
24	perspective, does it create a problem that the City's maintenance issue, assuming it's a
25	train issue and one that ultimately falls within Alstom's responsibility does it create a
26	problem for the City that rather than just being able to go directly to Alstom, it has to go
27	through RTG which then goes through RTM which then goes to Alstom?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We need to follow the Project

- Agreement and we need to follow the subcontracts that are in place so that if we follow
- the process -- and we're more than happy to make RTM -- and we've made RTM
- available directly to the City with RTG in presence. And the same thing with Alstom
- 4 maintenance in terms of participating all three entities in discussions with the City to
- 5 address issues.
- We certainly don't want to be locked up in the situation where

 everything happens in the letter by way of a formal correspondence because organically

 the parties need to talk to each other in order to resolve and ensure that issues properly
- о по рыные неса се сынкае сыста ин стане не тесто сить спосте инактисать рторогу
- get dealt with. And if some issues need to be documented then they are documented
- through the formal channels.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: So I have no doubt that you have to follow the
- Project Agreement. My question is a little bit different. Is the fact that there are so
- many layers between the City and the key party like Alstom -- does that create difficulty
- 14 from a communications and relationship management perspective? It seems to me that
- it would. But you're in the project; I'm not.
- 16 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: It is -- it does add a layer of
- 17 complexity. But when it comes to the full scope of operation, you know, RTG has
- subcontracted the full scope of operations to RTM. And that is the mechanism that we
- do. So RTM does deal with the City on a daily basis to keep the system operating and
- 20 address operating issues. And so there is some measure of bilateral discussion. I don't
- think RTG should be seen as a step in the road for the City to have discussions with
- 22 RTM directly and with RTM through to Alstom maintenance.
- 23 MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. Just sticking with the theme of sort of
- communication and relationship management and alignment here, but also circling back
- to where I was at the outset when I was asking you about a bid proponent making it
- clear o the public entity partner, the City, that there is a benefit in terms of alignment
- 27 and single point of contact in communication and integration. It seems to me, sir -- and
- 28 I'm asking you for your view on this -- that that aspect of this project really failed in terms

- of the communication and alignment one would hope to see where it's a single
- 2 proponent rather than the City having contracts with different parties.
- And I'll just give you an example.
- 4 Mr. Guerra testified earlier today that RTM was not aware that the
- 5 system wasn't ready to be opened when it was, in fact, open for the public, and that
- 6 seems like a real failure of communication and a failure of relationship management.
- 7 I'm wondering if you can comment on both whether you agree with me that that's a
- 8 failure of communication or relationship management, and also whether you think that
- 9 that perceived benefit was actually borne out in this project?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The -- I'm afraid I was not there at that
- time, so it's hard for me to comment. But based on the information that's been made
- available to me, I would say that the transition into Revenue Service could have been
- done very differently for the benefit of all parties. So if there -- you know, the concerns
- that are voiced by Mr. Guerra, I think, are legitimate, based from an RTM perspective,
- as well as from an OLRTC perspective.
- If we get back into context, the transition into Revenue Service
- occurred after 15 months of delay with significant financial implications on the
- consortium. There was a clear desire to meet all the PA requirements and tick all the
- boxes, and now -- and to try to do it on a timely basis.
- So then -- and I'm -- but I'm clear in my mind that things could have
- been done a whole lot differently for the benefit of the project.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Yes. So let me just follow up on two parts of
- your answer. One, when you say that there was a 15-month delay and a clear financial
- impetus to get to RSA, are you acknowledging that RTG's decision making with respect
- to RSA was significantly affected by the fact that it was waiting for payment?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I would say is, the Project
- 27 Agreement was very clear as to what conditions needed to be satisfied, and the parties
- worked towards satisfying all these conditions. And you know, the system was

- accepted by -- well, was submitted to all the parties, whether they are the City or the
- 2 independent certifier or RTM, as being ready to start Revenue Service, and that's the
- big -- at the end of the day, there's very little discussion. Those are conditions. If the
- 4 conditions are met, then we can progress to the next phase, whether or not -- I think the
- 5 question should be whether or not those conditions should have been a little more all-
- 6 encompassing, perhaps that is more of the question. But I wasn't there at that time to
- 7 address that. But if OLRTC satisfied the condition and it was certified by all the
- 8 governments that was involved around that date, there was little room for anybody to
- 9 raise the hand and say, "Well, I'm sorry, I don't think we're ready." You know, it's all
- about the -- it's all about satisfying the conditions for Revenue Service.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Let me just put it to you very directly. Is it your
- view -- and I appreciate you weren't there -- but when you do come on the scene,
- there's a little bit of retrospective work that has to happen to understand where things
- are and why they are where they are -- is it your view that on the RTG side, that better
- decisions should have been made and would have been made, were it not for the desire
- to achieve the financial component of RSA?
- 17 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And then just coming back to where my
- 19 question was a couple of minutes ago before I took us on that little tangent as a result of
- your answer, how does it happen that where you have this intention that you're going to
- 21 have a single point of contact and that's going to improve integration, and that's going to
- improve communication, how does it happen that the maintenance side doesn't know
- that the system's not ready for opening when it's open?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't know. I don't think I have an
- answer for that.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. You'd agree with me that that's a
- 27 serious problem?
- 28 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: It is concerning.

1	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And do you have any sense of whether that
2	failure was caused by structural issues as opposed to just things not being done
3	particularly well within a structure that was otherwise fine?
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I would say is, again, based on
5	my personal experience, is when you have a line of sight on the substantial completion
6	date, things can happen really quickly. And you know, as you approach those
7	conditions, it's not you know, you work really hard to get the final conditions ticked off,
8	and then it's handed over and the other party takes it. But there's but let's not
9	underestimate the amount of work that takes place between the time that, you know, the
10	maintainer would mobilize and the time that they have to effectively take ownership.
11	And when the project is delivered, the physical part of the project
12	gets delivered, then and it's entirely normal that some of the documentation may
13	come forward subsequent to that date.
14	So there is the physical readiness in terms of having the
15	infrastructure built and ready to be to move on to the next phase, but it's it is a
16	challenge for the maintainer to keep up and be effectively proactively deployed. But it's
17	not a challenge that's unique to Ottawa or OLRT. It's, I think I personally think it's a
18	challenge on every project.
19	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. But presumably, a challenge that can
20	be met if the maintainer is brought into the piece I'm not even going to say at an early
21	stage but months, just a few months earlier so that the maintainer can really get a
22	sense of where the system's at at that stage?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't believe
24	MR. JOHN ADAIR: That's one way of meeting the challenge?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, but I don't believe in our case the
26	maintainer was late coming to the party, to use the analogy. I think maybe it's a
27	question of what they focused on versus what they should be focusing on. And I must
28	say that, you know, the volume of issues we had to deal with in the early months of

- operation certainly wasn't expected or anticipated, and you know, I don't -- you can
- 2 prepare for a storm, but you never quite know how big the storm will be. And I think
- that's how the -- that would probably be the best qualifier to address, you know, the
- 4 volume of work that needed to happen in the early days post-Revenue Service.
- 5 **MR. JOHN ADAIR**: Okay. And just lastly on this, is it your view,
- sir, that the perceived benefit of integration and communication was not realized on this
- 7 project?
- 8 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Not as -- certainly, didn't live up to our
- 9 expectations.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. Mr. Truchon, I just want to ask you a
- couple of questions about the P-3 Model, which is something I understand you had
- some experience, some significant experience advising on prior to becoming involved in
- individual projects. And you mentioned earlier the Alliance Model not having been
- around in 2012. Can you just help us understand what the Alliance Model is and what's
- sort of motivating a turn towards that model in the industry, if, in fact, I have that right,
- that there is a turn?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I can only speculate. I can give you
- my personal opinion, but I don't know if that's going to be entirely fulsome, because I
- 19 have personally never been exposed to the Alliance Model.
- I do understand that there is a desire to move away from a very,
- very rigid risk transfer provision, based on concerns that are being experienced. I think
- 22 the level of risk transfer that's implied into the what I would refer to as the classic P-3
- 23 Model, it does work, in certain asset classes that probably has challenges in others.
- And you know, as much as the -- you know, it's one thing to
- assume the risk, and like, and parties are prepared to assume the risk, but there are
- provisions and conditions over which the risk can be assumed, and some of those
- conditions, when the risk does materialize, do test the limits of the model and makes it
- very difficult for the private sector to keep its part of the equation, leading to projects

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- But I wouldn't want to go further than that, because I'm not
- 3 speaking of -- from a firsthand knowledge perspective.
- 4 **MR. JOHN ADAIR**: Okay. Do you have a sense of the types of
- 5 projects, even just at the highest level, where the risk allocation that you see typically in
- 6 a P-3 Model is more suitable versus the types of projects where a more collaborative
- 7 approach to risk is more suitable?
- 8 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would probably say a project where
- 9 the risks are significant and difficult to neutralize or to -- for the private sector to
- effectively assume that risk. I think those would be good candidates for this kind of
- model. But you know, again, I'm very -- I'm not sure I'm speaking within my expertise
- 12 right now.

- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Understood. I don't want to take you too far
- into something where you don't feel comfortable giving evidence, but let's come back to
- the specifics of this project for a minute, and I'm just going to ask for another document
- to be called up, please. It's RTM592807.6.

--- EXHIBIT No. 321:

- 18 RTM00592807.0006 OLRT Lessons Learned Mitigation
- 19 Plan / 11 Resources March 2021
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: And Mr. Truchon, you should have on your
- screen in front of you, another of the lessons-learned documents that SNC produced in
- March of 2021, this one being entitled "Mitigation Plan Resources". And the issue that
- is stated there is insufficient resources being added to the project at bid time and then a
- misunderstanding of the level of skill required, et cetera. You can obviously see it for
- yourself. I give you that just so you have the context. And I'm going to ask us if we can
- come down into the "Findings" section. That's great. Thank you. I'll give you a minute
- iust to read that to yourself, Mr. Truchon, and then we'll go through, perhaps, some of
- the bullet points.

1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Okay.
2	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Just dealing with the bullet points, Mr.
3	Truchon, if you just take a look at the first one where it says:
4	"Staffing hire did not have the qualifications or experience of the complexity of the
5	work." (As read).
6	Just pausing there and recognizing that you were not involved at
7	the early stage but you saw the consequences of decisions that were made at the early
8	stage of the project, was it your experience that insufficient had been devoted to the
9	project and that contributed to some of the problems that were apparent when you took
10	on your role?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think the the first bullet doesn't
12	speak to insufficient resources. I think it speaks to qualifications and experience. I think
13	what what I read from this point and again, not having been a party to discussions
14	is that when you start an LRT project in a new city that has probably a skill you know,
15	a workforce that there's only a handful of members of the population that have the
16	relevant qualifications and experience of running an LRT, that can become a bit of a
17	challenge, especially if you need to staff an organization from from scratch.
18	Obviously, there's talent that can be brought from other geographical locations to
19	support, but there is bit I can see a bit of a challenges in terms of finding specialized
20	technicians on some of the trades that OLRTC and RTM would have been employing.
21	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And did you ever have occasion to discuss
22	with anyone from SNC their conclusion that the staff who were brought in were not
23	sufficiently qualified or experienced given the complexity of the job?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I know from discussions with RTM
25	that, you know, hiring with the right qualifications of experience to operate and maintain
26	a complex LRT system, whether or not we're talking about the track, infrastructure, the
27	communication systems, the vehicles, you know, not having a big labour pool to draw
28	from, in terms of competitors, could be a bit is a challenge. And I think that depends

1	on the ability of the employer to develop to develop robust training program to
2	effectively build and grow that skillset.
3	I don't think I don't think I can I don't think we can find on
4	Indeed the I'm sorry; that's not appropriate but, you know, the kind of skills having
5	somebody with 20-years of experience you know, there is a labour pool. I'm not
6	saying that they don't exist, but I wouldn't say that it is a very wide labour pool, and
7	there's quite a bit of training that needs to come to those individuals before they are
8	effectively fully capable of performing their functions. And I think this is what I'm reading
9	from the first bullet.
10	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And then if we can just scroll down into
11	the "Overview" section that's perfect, thank you. So in terms of the "Overview"
12	section, Mr. Truchon, just take a minute and read that yourself. Let me know when
13	you've had a chance to do so, please.
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
15	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And just trying to summarize that, hopefully,
16	fairly, do we agree that it effectively says that the this group's conclusion was that the
17	proper resources need to be devoted to the project from the start?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
19	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And sir and I ask this respectfully, but isn't
20	that kind of obvious that the proper resources need to be devoted to a project of this
21	size and complexity from the start?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
23	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Do you have any sense at all of why that
24	wasn't done here
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No.
26	MR. JOHN ADAIR: beyond what you've already about the
27	labour market?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No.

3	TRUCHON
	In-Ch(Adair)

1	wik. John Adalk. Okay. There's all underlying portion in the
2	at the end of the first paragraph here that emphasizes that:
3	"These lessons have to be applied to future projects
4	since we"
5	Which I assume means SNC-Lavalin:
6	" did not apply them from Canada Line nor Trillium
7	on this issue, resulting in an overrun in costs related
8	to staffing the projects." (As read).
9	Do you have any sense of what those lessons were from the
10	Canada Line or Trillium that are being referred to here?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No, I don't.
12	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And we can take that down now,
13	Mitchell, thank you. And sir, is it also the case that, to the extent leaving aside for a
14	minute the extent to which either insufficient staffing was in place from the start, or
15	staffing without the right qualifications and experience, is it also the case that that
16	continued into the maintenance period?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say yes.
18	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And I had understood from your evidence
19	when you were interviewed formally by Commission counsel that your view, after you'd
20	arrived and had an opportunity to get the lay of the land, was that the maintenance
21	group was properly resourced if one were dealing with a 20-year or mature LRT system
22	where all of the early kinks had been worked out; is that fair?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my that is part of my
24	evidence.
25	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And is the implication of that that the
26	maintenance group was not properly resourced to deal with a new system such as this
27	one?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That would be a that would be

1	correct.

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- MR. JOHN ADAIR: And sir, there's been evidence over the course 2 of the public hearings that we've been holding over the last several weeks with respect 3 to options and things that can be done to account for some of the growing pains that 4 might exist with a new system, so, for example, a soft start and a bedding-in period. 5 Those are terms that are familiar to you? 6 7 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, they are. 8 **MR. JOHN ADAIR:** And you're, at some level, aware that those are some of the issues that have been discussed at this stage about, "Should different 9 decisions have been made?" 10 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. 11 MR. JOHN ADAIR: And is it fair to say that if RTG believes that a 12 soft start is necessary in order to ensure that the system, once opened, is performing 13 reliably, that's something RTG could negotiate at the outset of the contract? 14 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: At the outset of the contract? 15 16 suspect this is probably something that could have been brought up in the bilateral discussions with the City. But as we say, you know, we're bidding a contract, we're on 17 of three. The City is not compel to accept what is being suggested by one of the 18 proponents. It's entirely within their prerogative and, based on their assessment of how 19 they would like to see the project delivered, that this -- to accept or reject whatever 20 comments, you know, bidders would make at the bid stage. 21 22 MR. JOHN ADAIR: I understand that. And I understand that RTG 23 is not in a position in the bid, and in the contract negotiation stage, it's not in a position 24 to force the City to do anything. That's obvious. But it is in a position to say, "We have
 - MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.

aspects of this particular project. It is going to be a significant mistake not to have a soft

experience with these large infrastructure projects. There's a lot of -- a ton of new

start, and we're recommending to you." Certainly, that could happen, correct?

1	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And so it is an issue that is, to a considerable
2	degree, within RTG's control to emphasize for the public-entity customer the importance
3	of that kind of measure?
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
5	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And the same would be true of a bedding-in
6	period?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
8	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And are you aware one way or the other of
9	whether those discussions took place at the outset?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I understand there has been
11	discussions, but again, that would be I hope this would have been part of the
12	evidence of my predecessor.
13	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. Coming to the relationship with the City
14	when you became CEO in July of 2020, I understand that the main issue that you came
15	to appreciate as you started to understand the situation that the main issue was one
16	of trust as between the City and RTG/RTM.
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Trust is certainly a significant element.
18	When I joined in July of 2020, there was a lot of, I would say, baggage that needed to
19	be dealt with. First and foremost was to start getting paid, and that was I think the top
20	priority. In order to get paid, we have to deliver safe, reliable service, which we work
21	very actively on Mario and myself, Mr. Guerra and myself. We certainly had to turn
22	around the organization in terms of streamlining relationships with the City as well as
23	within the supply chain, and effectively try to finish what had been initiated by my
24	predecessor in terms of the remedial plan actions being delivered and try to work to
25	satisfy some of the concerns that had been articulate by the City, which we work
26	actively on.
27	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And how would you describe the situation as it
28	exists today in terms of the trust that exists between the City and RTG?

1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I certainly see a lot of improvement,
2	but we've always known that with good, reliable, safe service delivering safe, reliable
3	service is a condition precedent to a stable relationship with our client because this is
4	what they pay us to deliver to them. So the improvements that have been made
5	subsequently in the last few months are paying off. I would say that some of those
6	improvements have been taking place over the last two years that I've been in the
7	position. They may have been overshadowed by the derailment events that we had, but
8	set aside those two derailment events, the performance was fairly stable since, I'd say,
9	August of 2020.
10	Obviously we had the cracked wheel incident, which happened in
11	my first month. It took us quite a bit of time to fully recover, but in terms of if we set
12	aside the performance for July 2020 and the two derailments, which are specific finite
13	incidents, the rest of the performance has been, I would say, satisfactory. So the issues
14	that we had prior to me arriving on the project, and more specifically the start-up of 2019
15	and the winter of 2020 we certainly haven't seen nearly the same volume of
16	operational issues on the line since I joined the project in July of 2020.
17	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And just following up on your answer, I
18	understood you to say that whatever relationship problems maybe have existed, the
19	number one issue that has to be addressed is providing safe and reliable service, not
20	just because that's what the public deserves that, of course, everyone accepts but
21	also because the only way you can have a good relationship with the City is if you
22	deliver what you promise to deliver.
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: This is what we signed up for.
24	MR. JOHN ADAIR: Right. So to the extent that the City has been
25	criticized at times by parties for taking too punitive an approach to issues that have
26	arisen during the maintenance period when you've been around, is it fair to say that that
27	is a reaction to RTG and RTM failing to deliver the service that the City expected under

the contract?

1	MR. NICOLAS I RUCHON: Yes, but what is the other point i
2	would put forward to this group is even when we have good, safe, reliable service, there
3	are still fundamental issues with the contract, which we are trying very hard to address
4	with the City and so far haven't yet concluded. The way the performance gets managed
5	into our contract, a lot of focus is put on the reliability and the customer-facing elements.
6	But every month, there are still open-ended issues with the City with respect to how
7	they interpret the rights that they have within the contract and levy deductions for things
8	that are not related to service. That remains an open-ended issue with the City that will
9	need to get resolved because it is still very disruptive in the relationship within my
10	supply chain.
11	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And that's something, as I understand it, that
12	is, and has been for quite a while, under review as between RTG and the City.
13	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
14	MR. JOHN ADAIR: And is it the case that RTG and the City have
15	not yet agreed on how to solve that problem but they are nonetheless engaged in good
16	faith?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
18	MR. JOHN ADAIR: On both sides you say that?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say especially more recently.
20	Again, the derailment created a need for change. My partners, my sponsors, my
21	subcontractors I'd like to believe everybody stepped up. We've implemented many of
22	those changes that were being requested of us. We are still implementing those
23	changes. I'm not saying it's mission complete; there's still some work that's left to be
24	done. And that is creating I think a constructive environment to have constructive
25	discussions with our client.
26	MR. JOHN ADAIR: All right. And you said a moment ago that the
27	derailment in, we'll call it, fall 2021 late summer, fall 2021 created the need for, and
28	a strong impetus for, change in terms of the approach to maintenance resources being

- devoted, et cetera. It does raise the question of why it took that long and that event to
- 2 properly motivate the parties responsible for maintenance, right? Because the
- maintenance had been a real problem even from trial running. So do you have a sense
- 4 or an explanation of why it took so long for RTG, RTM, Alstom to change their
- 5 approach?
- 6 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think my personal opinion -- because
- again, this is how RTM manages their relationship with Alstom -- the issues that we had
- with the second derailment are not unique to RTG or RTM or Alstom maintenance.
- 9 Anybody is exposed to a human error. That's why we have processes that are in place,
- and those processes need to be followed, and we have safeguards in terms of
- oversight, quality assurance. But as far as we're concerned, following the derailment,
- we did implement a number of measures. But I think the biggest improvement is how
- things were handled between the City, their advisors, RTM, and Alstom maintenance,
- because there is a collaborative factor, in terms of transparency, that's being provided in
- terms of making sure that the City is aware of the day-to-day issues that get identified.
- So I think we've broken a few silos following the derailment and changing the way we
- approach the service delivery, and that has had significant impacts in terms of
- improving the relationship with our client.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: Okay. And just to follow up on my question, to
- 20 put it more directly perhaps, isn't it fair to say that the change to the relationship you've
- just described and the change to the resources and the approach to maintenance -- all
- of those changes really should have taken place long before the derailments?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say yes. Theoretically, I think
- we're delivering -- the way the organization has evolved as a result of the derailment is
- different than what it was prior to the derailment, and we think it's for the better.
- MR. JOHN ADAIR: All right. Those are all my questions for you,
- 27 sir. Thank you.
- 28 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN:** All right. We're going to take the

1	aπernoon break, and we'll be back aπer 15 minutes.
2	THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. The hearing will recess for 15
3	minutes.
4	Upon recessing at 3:48 p.m.
5	Upon resuming at 4:00 p.m.
6	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Next up is the City of Ottawa.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. JESSE GARDNER:
9	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Good afternoon, Mr. Truchon.
10	I think you might still be on mute.
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: How about now?
12	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Great.
13	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Thanks.
14	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Mr. Truchon, you've been or you joined
15	Rideau Transit Group in July of 2020; is that correct?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
17	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So it was about nine and a half months
18	after revenue service availability which was August 30 th , 2019, right?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So nine and a half, almost 10 months into
21	the maintenance term?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And just to be clear, you weren't
24	involved I think you said earlier in your examination with Commission counsel, you
25	weren't involved prior to that, so no involvement in the design and construction,
26	achievement of a substantial completion or RSA and trial running; is that right?
27	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
28	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And, also, no involvement in the

1	launch, obviously, right?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And you also weren't involved in
4	the project when the City first issued its notice of Project Co. event of default on March
5	10 th , 2020, right?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And you haven't previously,
8	before this project, been involved in the maintenance of a transit system such as an
9	LRT or an subway system; is that right?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So you'd agree with me that after
12	revenue service availability is achieved, there is a 30-year maintenance term on this
13	project, right?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. Well, technically, 30 years after
15	revenue service availability. That is correct.
16	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And you'd also agree, I take it,
17	that during the maintenance term, maintenance services are to be performed by RTG to
18	ensure that the system infrastructure and the vehicles satisfy the maintenance and
19	rehabilitation requitements under the Project Agreement; is that right?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And given your experience, you'd
22	agree that on a P3 project, payment to Project Co. during the maintenance term are
23	based on performance of the system, including the availability and reliability of the
24	system; that's how it works, right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And for an LRT system, that means
27	getting the vehicles out in the morning, achieving the service level, ensuring that there
28	are no system events, and making sure the stations are available; is that right?

1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you touched on it earlier with
3	Commission counsel, but deductions are applied to payment during the maintenance
4	term if performance requirements are not met; that's generally how it works, right?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And these deductions, they're not
7	arbitrary; they're set out in the Project Agreement, right?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, there are deductions defined in
9	the Project Agreement.
10	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And it's the proponent, right, who prices
11	these payments and the maintenance payments in their proposal; is that right?
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The proponent does price their
13	appreciation of risks and deductions
14	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Well
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: based on an understanding of the
16	contract. That is correct.
17	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And would you agree me that Alstom is
18	best placed to maintain the vehicles given that they are designed and built by Alstom?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the reason we've given
20	Alstom the maintenance subcontract to look after the vehicles as part of our team.
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: We have heard this week of a number of
22	issues relating what seemed to be disconnects between Alstom Supply and Alstom
23	Maintenance. Wouldn't you agree that having Alstom Supply provide the trains and
24	Alstom Maintenance provide maintenance services, shouldn't that result in a smoother
25	delivery of performance on the system rather than if a different company was
26	maintaining as opposed to building the trains?
27	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Well, I'd like to believe that we
28	certainly avoid a number of issues by having the same vehicle supplier that is also the

1	vehicle maintainer.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. So it's fair to say that it's a good
3	idea to have the same company build and then maintain the vehicles but, in this
4	instance, there have still be problems on that front; is that fair?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And in each contract month, Project Co.
7	is to measure the performance of the maintenance services in for that applicable
8	contract month, and failure points may be awarded based on performance; is that right?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the way the contract is
LO	structured.
l1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And the categories of failure
L2	points which may be allocated to RTG include availability failures, system events,
L3	service failures, and quality failures; is that right?
L4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
L5	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And Appendix C of Schedule 20 to the
L6	Project Agreement sets out specific objective failure points that apply to those
L7	categories I just covered based on specific circumstances that might occur in the
L8	performance of the maintenance services; is that right?
L9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the way the schedule is
20	structured.
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And so workorders would not affect
22	availability or system event failures; is that right?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would not agree with that
24	statement.
25	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. You were asked about lessons
26	learned on the project. You discussed the financial burden on the project in the face
27	or on Project Co. in the face of delays and issues on the project. Do you recall having

that discussion with Commission counsel?

Т	WR. NICOLAS TRUCHON. 165, 1 do.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So I'd like to clarify your evidence here.
3	So where the dispute resolve our first instance, in this case, the independent certifier
4	determines that Project Co. is responsible for delays so when that determination is
5	made that a public owner such as the City, which is funded by taxpayers, should cover
6	the cost to help out Project Co.?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Can you repeat the question.
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure.
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I just to make sure that I fully
10	understand the question.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure. So in a scenario
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: M'hm.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: where the decision-maker, or the
14	dispute-resolver, the independent certifier, makes the determination that it's not the City
15	but it's Project Co. that's responsible for delays in that scenario, are you suggesting
16	that a public owner such as the City of Ottawa, who's funded by taxpayer money,
17	should cover those costs or help out Project Co. financially even though Project Co. is
18	responsible for the delays?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So you'd agree, then, that Project
21	Co if Project Co. is responsible for delays or issues on the project, taxpayers should
22	not have to pay for those delays or issues, right?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say that the mechanism
24	and I'm just going to nuance my provide a bit of context, if you allow me. The
25	contract, the Project Agreement, is a very complex agreement that covers a number of
26	situations that are expected to take place. It does not cover everything. It doesn't
27	contemplate every single scenario that could take place. However, when we look at the
28	mechanism for a construction-related dispute, it takes us to the independent certifier,

1	which is essentially a cost expert. And then we
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So, Mr. Truchon, I don't mean to interrupt
3	you. It's just
4	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Sorry, let him finish his answer,
5	please. Let him finish his answer. He said he wanted to give you some nuance. He's
6	doing that. So let him answer.
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: So the independent certifier is first
8	and foremost a cost expert. Where the issue becomes a little more of a contractual
9	interpretation, I do believe, personally, that some of those disputes, if they're brought to
10	the independent certifier, may not necessarily be the best party position, but if that's
11	provided in the Project Agreement, we certainly need to follow it. And it is and the
12	Project Agreement states that a decision by the independent certifier on matters that are
13	within its scope are, effectively, the first step of a dispute. So I agree with your
14	statement, but with the context that I did provide.
15	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I do appreciate that context,
16	but it's not quite an answer to my question. So just the last part of my question was,
17	you'd agree with me that if Project Co. is responsible for a delay or an issue on a
18	project, taxpayers shouldn't have to pay for those problems that are the responsibility of
19	Project Co.; would you agree with that?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I agree if but if Project Co. is
21	ultimately deemed responsible for a delay by a competent authority, yes, it's not the risk
22	of the City; it is the risk of Project Co.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And in relation to the discussion
24	that we've heard from other witnesses and from yourself with Commission counsel on
25	soft launch and bedding-in a bedding-in period, you would agree with me that this

particular Project Agreement does not provide for either a soft launch or a bedding-in

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period; is that right?

1 Agreement is currently draft	ed.
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of example. Do you recall that?

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MR. JESSE GARDNER: And wouldn't you agree with me that the 2 best time to think about whether to have a soft launch or a bedding-in period would be 3 at contract formation? 4 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The best -- I believe that it is one 5 6 moment where that decision needs to be made, but it doesn't mean that this decision 7 should be set in stone. And depending on circumstances, given where we are, the 8 parties are entirely within their discretion to revisit those assumptions. It wouldn't be the 9 first and the last time. Then a change would have been done to the project agreement. But in order to do a change on the project agreement, it needs both parties' consent. 10 MR. JESSE GARDNER: So I take your point, Mr. Truchon, but 11 you'd agree with me, I think, that the best time to have that discussion would be at 12 contract formation and not right before the launch of the system or revenue service 13 availability or even trial running, right? 14 15 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think at contract negotiation stage, 16 discussions about a soft launch are very theoretical and abstract, and they become much more tangible as we approach revenue service. 17 MR. JESSE GARDNER: You'd agree with me that in the fall of 18 2019, after the launch, a number of problems arose causing delays on the system, 19 including in relation to the train control system and the vehicle passenger doors, by way 20

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is part of the evidence, yes.

MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you'd agree that as a result of those issues, the City repeatedly and consistently initiated single tracking and/or replacement bus service to mitigate the impact to customers.

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The single tracking part is part of normal operating procedure for any railway, as I understand, and it's how railways address and deal with incidents. I don't think single tracking was a unique situation due

- to the problems we had in 2019. It's still a part of the operating plan of, I think,
- 2 Confederation Line and any other responsible transit authority.
- 3 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And there were additional service
- 4 problems in the winter of 2019 and 2020, including problems with the overhead
- 5 catenary system, switch heater failures, and there were other issues as well. Do you
- 6 recall that?
- 7 **MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON:** I do -- well, as far as the evidence.
- 8 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yes. Now, you commenced work in July
- 9 2020, so I take it you would have been aware of the significant wheel cracking issues on
- the vehicles, which occurred around that time. Do you recall that?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would quality the term "significant". I
- don't think I am qualified to make a statement about "significant". There were wheel
- 13 cracks that were identified, but we didn't have a wheel failure. These were identified
- 14 preventively.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Well, you'd agree that as a result of the
- identification of the cracks in the wheels, the wheels needed to be replaced as a
- preventative measure. Is that right?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The wheels needed to be replaced in
- order to provide the highest level of safety assurance about the quality. They were
- replaced on the basis of safety to make sure that we don't take any irresponsible risks.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And it was an event or an issue
- 22 that did need to be reported to the TSB; is that right?
- 23 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is part of the City's governance.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: So that did in fact occur. We can agree?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And the cracked wheel
- 27 replacement was not complete until February 2022, so about 17 months. Is that your
- 28 understanding?

1	MR. NICOLAS IRUCHON: That sounds right.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And when you started work on the
3	project in July of 2022, I take it you were aware that the City had delivered in March of
4	or sorry. You started work in July 2020, and I take it at that time you were aware that
5	the City had delivered a notice of Project Co. event of default on March 10 th , 2020, a
6	few months before you joined. Is that right?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: It was the first document on my desk.
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: I was going to ask. As incoming CEO,
9	that would be one of the first things you would look at, so I take it well, why don't I put
10	it up on the screen or ask that it be put up on the screen? It's COW0523248. Okay.
11	You obviously, I think, recognize this document, Mr. Truchon.
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And it describes the Project Co. event of
14	default and a number of events of default, and it says:
15	"Each default is described briefly below. RTG is
16	aware of the details of its ongoing failure to design,
17	build, and maintain a reliable system, and the ongoing
18	nature of each of its defaults in relation to the system,
19	given, for example, the project record
20	correspondence." (As read)
21	And it goes on to describe the details of the defaults.
22	Now, I'd like to take you to page 2 page 3, actually. Okay, so if
23	we look just above these charts here, it states:
24	"In particular, the City has assessed RTG's failure
25	points, as shown in the IMIRS system, in respect of
26	only vehicle availability, station availability, and
27	system failures." (As read)
28	So in reading this letter, it was your understanding that the City was

1	issuing a notice of default in relation to those three categories of failures; is that right?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is what is written.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And if we scroll down to the top of
4	the next page, I want to focus on this paragraph here starting with "Under the project
5	agreement". It states that:
6	"Under the project agreement, RTG is not entitled to
7	any remedy for this default, as section 45.4 of the
8	project agreement specifically omits sections
9	45(1)(a)(x) to (xii). However, the City is prepared to
10	allow RTG a reasonable period of time to remedy this
11	default as with the other defaults, as described
12	below." (As read)
13	So my question is, when you came on as CEO and reviewed this
14	letter, you understood at that time that the City's position was that RTG was not entitled
15	to cure this default but that the City was going to give RTG that opportunity. Was that
16	your understanding?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Well, that is what is the City's position
18	detailed in that letter.
19	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So I'm going to suggest to you and I'm
20	not going to debate with you the provisions of the project agreement, but I'm just going
21	to suggest to you that if the PA does say that there's no cure period for a failure point
22	default and the City is offering RTG that opportunity to cure that default, wouldn't you
23	agree with me that that would be a collaborative or cooperative effort by the City?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Again, that was before my time. I
25	understand that we did respond that my predecessor did respond to the City's letter
26	disputing the allegation of default. But again, I'm not qualified to have a discussion
27	about whether or not there is or is not a default. That's outside of my jurisdiction.
28	However, what I can say is I think pragmatically the partners

- acknowledged that there were actual problems, and a plan was put together to address
- those problems. The plan was submitted for the City's consideration. Although it was
- never formally approved, it was executed on with the implicit consent from the City. So
- 4 although there is this thing about not being able to cure this kind of default, the way
- 5 these defaults, in my experience, could be cured is usually through a remedial plan.
- 6 Although we disagreed with the City's assessment, we did agree that actual work
- 7 needed to take place to improve the safety and more of the reliability of the system,
- 8 which is what my predecessor undertook to deliver.
- 9 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I do appreciate that context.
- 10 I'm going to ask you a specific question, though, acknowledging that we're not going to
- agree on the default. But you'd agree with me that if the City believed that it didn't have
- to give an opportunity to cure to RTG on this default but it did do that, that would be an
- example of the City wanting to work cooperatively with RTG to address these issues.
- 14 Wouldn't you agree with that?
- 15 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Whether or not it was the City's
- decision, all I know is the facts. And if the City was prepared to give us the ability to
- 17 correct issues, whether in the context of the default or outside of the context of the
- default, the important thing for the population of Ottawa is that the issues were properly
- addressed and fixed, which is what we undertook to do.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Thank you.
- 21 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The obligation to fix the system is not
- on the City; it falls on RTG. And we took ownership and we delivered on our plan.
- 23 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Thank you. And I want to ask you
- a little bit about the defaults. I think you have acknowledged that RTG and its
- subcontractors, RTM and Alstom, are ultimately responsible for maintenance and for the
- derailments that occurred. Is that right?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We're responsible for maintenance
- and the derailment happened on our equipment, yes.

1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And you'd agree that it's normal
2	that on a system like this that there would be service interruptions, but it's not normal
3	and it wouldn't be expected that there would be multiple derailments, one with
4	passengers on board, causing damage to vehicles. That's not a normal occurrence,
5	right?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is probably one of the most
7	unlikely incidents we can deal with.
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And the first derailment was
9	caused by a defect or issue with axle bearing assembly, I believe you said. Is that
10	right?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I did not specifically say that, but it is
12	the advice that we are getting from the experts so far.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay, that's fair.
14	And the defect or the issue with the axle bearing assembly, would
15	you agree with me that it would not have been identified if there was another week of
16	trial running or maybe two weeks of trial running? It wouldn't have been identified; is
17	hat fair?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
19	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. What if the criteria for trial running
20	had been different? Would you agree with me that it wouldn't have helped to identify
21	that latent defect which wasn't identified for two years after launch?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not sure I want to qualify this as a
23	latent defect, but I think it's a little premature.
24	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure, that's fair. I can rephrase the
25	question.
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We're talking about a unusual or a
27	premature component failure that of a system in two and a half years of sorry, two
28	years of operations. So we're obviously investigating that because that is certainly

1	premature and certainly not expected which is the work that's currently ongoing.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. So taking it back to my question, I
3	think I'll break it up a little bit. And you touched on it a little bit at the end. But if the trial
4	running criteria had been different, you don't think it would have been identified; this
5	issue with the axle bearing assembly wouldn't have been identified at that time? Is that
6	fair?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: In trial running it would have
8	benefited the first, I'd say, seven months of operations but I don't think it would have
9	had an impact on the axle bearing situation that we discovered in August of 2021, to
10	answer your question.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yes, thank you.
12	And you'd agree that the City didn't do anything that caused the
13	issue with the axle bearing assembly; is that fair?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No, I don't believe there is a
15	responsibility of the City at this point. But the investigation is still ongoing. But nothing
16	right now is pointing in that direction, if that's what you're asking.
17	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. Now, I believe there's an Alstom
18	and we've seen it during the course of the hearing but an Alstom report on the cause
19	of the first derailment. And is it your view that that is an independent report that Alstom
20	has provided?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't believe it is an independent
22	report because it was prepared by one of the interested parties.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I take it that RTG disagrees
24	with Alstom's report with respect to the root cause of the derailment?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not in a position to agree or
26	disagree at this point. I think what we need what we identified is that the report wasn't
27	complete and required a bit more perspective because it was essentially we felt we

feel that there is a number of factors that might be relevant to the analysis that we

- understand have not been taken into consideration. And this is why we are going to an
- 2 independent third party to try to get visibility because for me what's important is
- resolving the issue. That is what I'm ultimately accountable to the City and this is what
- 4 I've committed to the City to deliver on personally.
- 5 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** Okay. All right. Thank you.
- I want to talk to you just briefly about the second derailment. We're
- 7 heard details about the cause of the second derailment but I think it's fair to summarize
- by saying that that a technician failed to torque bolts on a gearbox. Is that putting it in a
- 9 fairly simple way; is that what your understanding is?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding as well. MR.
- JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Would you agree with me that this
- is a fairly serious human error on the part of Alstom, given the result, the derailment?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Obviously everybody is disappointed
- with this incident. I think it -- I personally see this as a reality check and certainly
- something that I would -- I hope in many years to come I'll be able to speak about how
- simple actions buy employees on the floor can have pretty disruptive impact and
- ultimately could lead to a safety issue.
- So I don't think any organization is effectively shielded. We can put
- all the best processes in place. We can have all the level of oversight and all the level
- of quality control. At the end of the day this remains risk mitigation strategy. Now when
- those prove ineffective, this is the outcome that we see today on the derailment is the
- 22 outcome.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: And the reason I raise this point about
- the human error being the cause of the second derailment is because I want to ask you.
- you know, would you agree with me that the parties would not have known during trial
- running or before RSA that this sort of error would have happened two years into the
- 27 revenue service?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think I've already answered that

1	question. But I'll do it again. No.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Thank you.
3	Would you agree with me that given what's gone on during the
4	maintenance period we talked about a number of different failures, the derailments,
5	it's reasonable that this City over the past two years has had some trust issues with
6	RTG and its subcontractors in relation to the ability to provide the maintenance services
7	on the project.
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think trust is a big word. At the end
9	of the day what's important is communication, access, transparency. These are all part
LO	of our philosophy that we're trying to operate under. I think having the City into
l1	meetings directly engaging with RTM, Alstom over the issue, gives them the level of
L2	information that provides them with the comfort that things are properly addressed.
L3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And I think that answer describes kind of
L4	what would happen after. But my question is, in your view is it reasonable for the City to
L5	have some concerns, given what's gone on in the maintenance period about RTG's
L6	ability to provide the maintenance services on this project?
L7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Their concerns are theirs. At the end
L8	of the day we still did provide safe reliable service except for three months. So it's hard.
L9	I'm not sitting on the City's side trying to understand but I can appreciate that someone
20	from the outside looking in requesting information could get a bit frustrated and this is
21	what we're specifically addressing in this new environment that we're in.
22	So I can't comment on the position of the City prior to the
23	derailment. All I can say is it's a continuous improvement. We've made a number of

this document down. Thank you.

You agree that on a P3 project, the Project Co., in this case RTG, is

MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to move on. We can take

strategic decisions to improve the relationship with the City by providing them access to

first-hand information instead of two -- and then this has benefits and drawbacks.

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1	responsible to the owner, in this case the City, for the performance of maintenance
2	obligations including staffing the maintainer; is that right?
3	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We're responsible for defining
4	means and methods, resourcing that's required to deliver the performance
5	specifications that we contracted with the City.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I think that answers my
7	question.
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Sorry, and staffing is a component of
9	that.
10	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yes, okay. Thank you.
11	And you'd agree that the City does not have control over RTG or its
12	subcontractors staffing choices; is that fair?
13	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: To a certain extent. If the City has
14	concerns about specific staff the City is well within their prerogative to request a
15	replacement. But at the end of the as far shop employees or employees my
16	comment relates to key individuals. But as far as actual employees, it's within my
17	governance, RTM's governance and Alstom's maintenance governance to manage
18	their employee relationships.
19	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I take it you're familiar with
20	Schedule 9 to the Project Agreement which deals with key individuals? Is that right?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
22	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to bring up that schedule.
23	It's COW289.
24	EXHIBIT No. 322:
25	COW0000289 – OLRT Project Agreement Schedule 9 Key
26	Individuals
27	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So when we have the document up on the
28	screen, if we could go to page 4 of the PDF, it's Part B, the yes.

Τ	30 in this section, actually, if we just scroll to the top of the flext
2	page above, sorry. You go up. Yeah. So right here, we see "Key Individuals
3	Maintenance Services" at Part B, and then if we scroll down to page 4, we see that
4	there are a total of four key individuals specific for maintenance.
5	So there are I'm going to suggest to you, and we can look
6	through the document if you'd like, but I'm going to suggest to you that there are 30 key
7	individuals in this document and these are the 4 that are for the maintenance period. Is
8	that your general understanding, Mr. Truchon?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, yes.
10	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And one of these key individuals
11	is the vehicle maintenance manager. Do you see that? It's the third one.
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And you'd agree that it's RTG's
14	obligation to ensure that these key individual roles are staffed with qualified individuals
15	at all times, as because these roles are critical; is that right?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: These are key individuals, as
17	individuals that the City, in its contract, has identified as strategic to the delivery of the
18	service, and for which the City has requested the ability to approve the candidates that
19	are being put forward to make sure that they have their level of qualifications the City
20	believes are adequate.
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And we're going to get to some of
22	those issues that you've just described, but can you agree with me that it's RTG's
23	responsibility to staff these positions with qualified individuals, right?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Our responsibility is to provide
25	individuals which we believe are qualified, but ultimately, the decision sits with the City
26	as to whether or not the City enjoy appreciates the level of qualifications for the
27	individual, considering the role that's being put that this individual will assume in the
28	organization.

1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So we can take this document
2	down, and I'd like to now show you the main body of the PA. It's COW280.
3	So if we could go to page 46 of the PDF, and if we scroll down I
4	think we'll scroll down a little but further. I think we might have a problem with the page
5	number so I'll just quickly track.
6	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: What's the page number on the
7	document?
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: It may be that it's 46. It's section 10.4(b),
9	so if we just find the section number, we may be able to find it faster.
10	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Okay. Is that it?
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So if you just scroll down to 10.4. This is
12	a different version of it. Okay. There it is. Perfect.
13	Okay. So Mr. Truchon, this is the key individual section, and I'm
14	going to take you to 10.4(b). And it's describing the key individuals, and it says:
15	"The individuals who are critical to the performance of
16	the maintenance services are identified in Schedule 9
17	"
18	Which we just looked at.
19	" and Project Co. shall use commercially
20	reasonable efforts to ensure that such persons remain
21	involved in the maintenance services as set out in
22	Schedule 9." (As read)
23	So that's your understanding of Project Co.'s obligation in relation
24	to key individuals for maintenance; is that right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And if we scroll to so we looked
27	at section C below, the PA states that if Project Co. needs to replace a key individual
28	set out in Schedule 9, it needs to provide the City with information on the proposed

1	replacement. It needs to consult with the City. RTG can't just replace an individual
2	without prior consent. That's your understanding of RTG's obligation?
3	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding, yes.
4	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And the final paragraph, D, it
5	states that if the City determines that it is in the best interests of the City that any
6	individual identified in Schedule 9 be replaced, the City will notify RTG within 30 days,
7	and within 30 days of receipt, by Project Co. of the notice, RTG will propose a
8	replacement. So is that your understanding of that obligation?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the situation I referred
10	previously in our discussion.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. So generally speaking, if the City
12	feels that one of those key individuals needs to be replaced, it would give notice to RTG
13	and RTG would undergo a process of finding a suitable replacement, right?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
15	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And we can take this document
16	down, thank you.
17	So this is one of the situations or limited situation where the City
18	has the ability to address staffing issues with RTG; is that fair?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: For key individuals, yes.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And I think, as you said earlier,
21	RTG is responsible for its employees. It staffs its maintenance obligations roles, but the
22	City has this ability to replace key individuals if it feels it's necessary, right?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Acting reasonably.
24	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Acting reasonably, yes.
25	So I'd like to show you a letter from RTG to the City dated July 22nd
26	2019. It's COW0159484.
27	Okay. So we can see that the subject of the email is "Key
28	Individual Replacement, Vehicle Maintenance Manager".

1	Do you see that, Mr. Truchon?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I do.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So if we scroll down to the body of
4	the letter, we see that RTG is proposing that Richard Mr. Richard France be the
5	replacement for the vehicle maintenance manager position. Do you see that?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And if we scroll down through this letter,
8	we see below that there is a letter from RTM to RTG proposing Mr. France, and below
9	that, we see Mr. France's CV or resume. Do you see that, Mr. Truchon?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So this is typically how, I think,
12	RTG would go about proposing a replacement for a key individual to the City; is that
13	right?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
15	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And Mr. France was going to take on the
16	role of vehicle maintenance manager, right?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the proposal that was put in
18	front of the City for consideration.
19	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So and I think we can take this
20	document down. Thank you.
21	So we can agree that following the process set out in the PA, RTG
22	proposed to the City that Mr. France would be in this role and provided the City with the
23	information required pursuant to the PA, and that was the CV, so that the City could
24	decide whether or not to approve that individual; is that right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Now, it's our understanding that Mr.
27	France did, in fact, take over this role, and so it's fair that the City understood, based on
28	this letter and his involvement in the project, that Mr. France took on this role as vehicle

1	maintenance manager; is that fair?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not I mean, obviously, that was
3	before my time, so I would need to go through documentation to see whether or not we
4	have formal correspondence from the City that accepts the proposal to replace any
5	vehicle maintenance manager with Mr. Richard France. I don't know if that
6	correspondence exists, if that's where you're going.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I take your point, Mr. Truchon.
8	But Mr. France gave testimony yesterday about his involvement in
9	the project. Surely you're aware that he's
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yeah, I do.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: heavily involved in the project, right?
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I personally know Mr. France, so yes.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Are you aware that Mr. France
14	gave testimony yesterday that this letter that I've just shown to you, that he hadn't seen
15	it before, and he indicated that he wasn't to his knowledge, not in that role?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I was not aware of that.
17	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. He actually stated when he was
18	asked about that issue that he wasn't in the role, to his knowledge, and he didn't know if
19	anyone was in that particular role.
20	So would you agree with me that while RTG was advising the City
21	that this that Mr. France would be in this role, Mr. France, according to himself, didn't
22	actually take on this role?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not sure I follow your question.
24	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure. So RTG, we've just looked at the
25	letter RTG proposed that Mr. France would take on the role of vehicle maintenance
26	manager. Would you agree with that?
27	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Well, RTM the vehicle maintenance
28	manager in our structure is a position that is provided through RTM. So RTM sends

- 1 RTG a letter saying, "We need to replace the vehicle maintenance manager." That's
- 2 currently stated in the project agreement. They provide a CV. I'm sure they're not --
- they must have taken the CV somewhere. I don't know. I just put forward that request
- 4 to the City to be compliant.
- 5 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** Sure. So my question is very narrow.
- 6 You would agree with me -- we just looked at a letter where RTG proposes to the City
- that Mr. France will be in the role of vehicle maintenance manager, right?
- 8 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Based on the recommendation from
- 9 RTM.
- 10 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Yes. And so Mr. France's
- evidence yesterday was that he wasn't in that role and that he didn't know if anyone
- was in that role. Are you aware if anyone was in that role?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We need to bring this up with RTM.
- 14 This is a new issue for me, I'm afraid.
- 15 COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: You have to also be clear on the
- timing, recognizing that in 2019 he wasn't there, the witness. He was subsequently
- there. So just be careful, when you're putting these points to him, to be clear on what
- time you're looking for, okay?
- 19 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** I take that point. We are going to go
- through a period of time, so it will become clear, I think, why I'm putting this to Mr.
- 21 Truchon in terms of ---
- 22 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN:** That wasn't my point at all. My
- point is, if you're putting something to a witness and you're asking him about what
- happened, you need to be clear to him as to what time period you're talking about.
- That's all I'm saying. It's for your benefit too, because if you're going to rely on
- something later, you want to make sure your question is clear, okay?
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Commission.
- The letter that we looked at was July 22nd, 2019, in terms of where

1	we are in time. Yesterday, Mr. France gave evidence that he was not in that role, and I
2	believe your evidence, Mr. Truchon, is that you're not aware personally of whether
3	someone was in that role. Is that fair?
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: As far as I'm concerned, Richard
5	France was in that role, so I'm sorry. If I look at the documentation, I have
6	correspondence to the City stating that Mr. France is in that role. I would need to further
7	investigate that. I don't know where RTM would have taken Mr. Richard France's CV.
8	We would need to look at the correspondence to understand the paper trail as to how
9	we got there, whether or not Mr. France was volunteered by his organization to fill in
10	that role and his organization. I'm speculating here, but
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: I appreciate that, Mr. Truchon.
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm just finding this out right now.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yeah. I'm not asking you to speculate.
14	We just looked at a letter from RTG to the City proposing Mr. France is the vehicle
15	maintenance manager, and that was July 22 nd , 2019. I'd like to show you another letter
16	now, and it's COW0593600. So this letter is dated October 1st, 2021, and if we scroll
17	down to the bottom of this letter, it's from Mr. Morgan. And if we scroll back to the top,
18	it's addressed to you. Do you recognize this letter?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And the subject is "Notice under
21	section 10.4(d), replacement of key individual". Do you see that?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I see that.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to take you through a few
24	parts of this letter.
25	In the first paragraph it states that:
26	"The City asks that RTG replace Mr. France as the
27	vehicle maintenance manager." (As read)
28	Do you see that?

1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. It explains that:
3	"The City has carefully considered Mr. France's
4	competencies in the context of the two derailments
5	within six weeks." (As read)
6	Do you see that?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I'd like to take you down to
9	page 2. It talks about:
10	"Mr. France, as the vehicle maintenance manager, is
11	directly responsible for maintenance of the vehicles.
12	The City is concerned about his competency to fulfill
13	the obligations in his role given the ongoing issues
14	with the vehicles." (As read)
15	The letters goes on to say that:
16	"To be clear, the City is not satisfied with the reliability
17	of the vehicles, nor with RTG's performance of the
18	maintenance services as it relates to the vehicles."
19	(As read)
20	Do you see that?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I do.
22	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And then if we go to page 3 below
23	and if we look at "As well":
24	"the City has witnessed a trend of unexplained or
25	improperly deferred maintenance activities over the
26	course of 2021. RTG's backlog and maintenance
27	issues needs to be addressed and has not been
28	addressed under the watch of Mr. France." (As read)

1	Do you see that, Mr. Truchon?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you understood, when you received
4	this letter, that that was the City's position, that they were not satisfied with the
5	performance of Mr. France in the role of vehicle maintenance manager; is that right?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So if we scroll down to the bottom
8	of this letter, the City is asking or is demanding that RTG, pursuant to the PA, replace
9	this key individual, the vehicle maintenance manager. That's your understanding of the
10	purpose of this letter?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
12	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Now, is it fair to say, based on the
13	review that you and I just did of the project agreement provisions, that when the City
14	sent this letter to you, they understood that Mr. France would be removed from that role
15	correct?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
17	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So Mr. France was shown this letter
18	yesterday, and it appeared as though he had not seen it, and he indicated that to his
19	knowledge he hadn't been removed from his role. Are you aware of this?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No, but I'm aware that we did relay the
21	letter to RTM, and I understand that RTM did relay that letter to Alstom, through the
22	proper contractual channels, to ask for the replacement of Mr. France. Whether or not
23	his employer or Alstom maintenance decided to make him aware of the City's request,
24	that's entirely within their prerogative. We were just following the contractual channels
25	that we had for key positions.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you'd agree with me, based on the
27	review of the project agreement we just did, when the City sent this letter, RTG needed
28	to replace Mr. France and suggest a replacement vehicle maintenance manager within

1	30 days.	Is that right?
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MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is the objective of the City. Now, 2 if I recall correctly, during that period of time, we were pretty distracted by a derailment. 3 so that might explain why we had a bit of an issue trying to keep up with the timeline 4 that was requested by the City. I don't know. We need to check the correspondence to 5 see when a response was sent to the City about the replacement of Mr. France. With a 6 7 bit of time, perhaps we can send that back to the Commission or the Inquiry. It's just 8 the initial request. I do recall subsequent correspondence about this issue, but I don't 9 have that on the top of my mind right now. **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** The reason I ask you about this, Mr. 10 Truchon, is the City was -- I'm going to suggest to you that the City was taking one of 11 the significant steps that it could take under the PA in response to the derailments. And 12 if we go to the top of this letter, you can see that it's dated October 1st, 2021. So this 13 was just after the September derailment. Would you agree with that? 14 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. 15 16 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** In terms of timing. So the City was taking one of the more significant steps it has available to it under the project agreement by 17 replacing -- or thinking that it was replacing a key individual. But you can't say here 18 today whether or not that actually took place, right? 19 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm just trying to convey back that on 20 October 1st, 2021, we were right in the middle of infrastructure repairs. We were right in 21 22 the middle of maintenance assessments on the vehicles in the fleet, trying to re-23 establish revenue service. So I think, in my personal opinion, the City's approach was 24 completely misquided because it was focusing on the wrong things. The priority was to re-establish service, and there was a time after that to go through the replacement of 25 key individuals. 26 27 So I'm sorry; I don't know. I don't have a better answer for you right now. As far as I'm concerned, we relayed the correspondence, and what happened 28

1	afterwards, we need to investigate that. I don't have that on the top of my mind right
2	now.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Mr. Truchon, I'm going to suggest to you
4	that as a public owner, the City of Ottawa, after two derailments in six weeks, one with
5	passengers on board, and given the structure of the PA the City has specific options
6	available to it, specific mechanisms, this replacement of key individuals being one of
7	them. Wouldn't you agree with me that it was a reasonable step for the City to take,
8	given its concerns, having just had two derailments?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I'm saying is I'm not challenging
10	the City's entitlement to make that request.
11	What I'm just saying is the timing could have been a little different
12	because the resources in the organization was focused on something we considered a
13	little more critical than going around and removing people that the City felt were no
14	longer necessary for the benefit of the project. That's just me. That's the only thing I'm
15	saying.
16	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And I appreciate your position on that,
17	Mr. Truchon. We've talked during this hearing about oversight that the City has over
18	RTG. This you'd agree with me, this is one of the oversight mechanisms the City has
19	so when something's going wrong on the project, the City has the option where you
20	know, acting reasonably, to replace a key individual? Would you agree that this is an
21	oversight mechanism that the City has?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Thank you. And sir, to your
24	knowledge, Mr. France is still in his role today; is that right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We understand that Mr. France has
26	never been in that role, based on your
27	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Yeah, that's you need to be

clear on what role you're talking about.

1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: The vehicle maintenance manager role
2	discussed in the first letter in 2019, he's not in that role today; is that right?
3	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Based on the evidence that he's
4	given the Commission yesterday, I would need to investigate that. And if he's not in that
5	role, we will need to follow up to make sure that we provide a suitable replacement as a
6	vehicle maintenance manager for the City's consideration.
7	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Thank you, Mr. Truchon. That's helpful.
8	And you would agree with me that there have been some additional maintenance-
9	related issues since the derailments, right?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't which ones you're specifically
11	referring to. "Maintenance issues" is a wide term, so there are regular issues on the
12	light rail project that do happen from time to time. Can you be a little more specific?
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure, I'll give you an example. I think I
14	believe you're aware of a significant or an issue which took place in March of this
15	year, 2022, where RTG, or Alstom, failed to put oil in the gearbox of a vehicle, which
16	resulted in a service interruption. Do you recall that incident?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do recall that incident.
18	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And Alstom investigated and determined
19	that RTM had to fill the gearbox with oil; is that right?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Can you repeat that? You said
21	"RTM"? RTM doesn't put oil in gearboxes.
22	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sorry. Is it your recollection that there
23	was investigation and it was determined that Alstom had failed to fill the gearbox with
24	oil?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And that vehicle was removed
27	from service because it was damaged; is that right?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Not specifically. The gearbox was

1	replaced, and the vehicle has since then been reintroduced into service. We're talking
2	about derailment.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: But I'm going to suggest to you that there
4	was damage to the vehicle. Do you have any evidence to the contrary?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would need to investigate that.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to talk to you about the
7	just a little bit about the return-to-service plan after the two derailments. The City
8	advised RTG in October of 2021 that TRA had been retained to review the return-to-
9	service plan. Do you recall that, Mr. Truchon?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do. I do.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And there were a number of iterations of
12	that return-to-service plan; is that right?
13	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Well, I wouldn't say "iterations". You
14	know, when you're dealing in this I'm sorry. I'm going to provide a bit of context.
15	When you're dealing with the kind of situation we were in, we as much as we'd like to
16	deliver a complete binder of the right colour with all the sections and all the material
17	properly indexed, you need to appreciate that material gets developed based on
18	different workstreams. The my recollection of the development of the return-to-
19	service plan involved sending sections ahead of time for consideration and review by
20	the City so that it would have effectively been cleared. So we would populate the full
21	content of the return-to-service plan through different deliverables that were being
22	assembled concurrently.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Would you agree that TRA and
24	City raised concerns about the return-to-service plans that RTG was providing? Do you
25	recall them raising concerns?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Can you be specific?
27	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Are you aware, generally, of, at any point
28	in relation to the return-to-service plan, the City or TRA raises a concern about the

1 sufficiency of	f the plan?
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2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCTION: I think there were concerns about
3	there was a misunderstanding on expectations as to what would be the content of the
4	return-to-service plan. I think it's based on misunderstanding of, as I said, expectations
5	and how these were communicated. Once the City refined once the City and its
6	advisors refined their expectations, we certainly stepped and we delivered what they
7	were looking for. I don't think it's it was done in a collaborative on a constructive
8	basis to everybody was working toward a common objective and, personally, when
9	I'm going to be looking back to incident 10 years from now, I'll be very proud of how
10	people rolled up their sleeves, put aside their differences, and focused on what the
11	problem was, getting the trains back in service.
12	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And I think that's fair, Mr. Truchon. What
13	I'm asking is, you didn't just hand over the return-to-service plan and that was it. When
14	I say it's iterative, I mean TRA and the City came back with comments and eventually it
15	was approved by TRA and the City. Is that a fair description of what happened?
16	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I agree that it took a couple of
17	iterations to satisfy what the expectations were from TRA, but I don't I'm not sure I
18	don't want to be difficult. I'm just trying to understand where we're going.
19	MR. JESSE GARDNER: No, that's helpful. That's what I was
20	asking. And there was an agreement and the RTG and the City to return-to-service on
21	November 12 th , 2021; do you recall that?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct, yes.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. But it wasn't full service; it was it
24	started with seven trains from November 12 th to the 17 th , and then November 18 th to
25	22 nd , it was eight trains. It went up to nine trains from the 23 rd to the 28 th . And then,
26	finally, on November 29 th , it was 11 trains; is that right?
27	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
28	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And then, at that point, there was an

- agreement to reduce service -- to keep it at 11 trains for a period of time; is that 1 generally correct? 2 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, there was an agreement to 3 keep the service level at 93 percent of the project. 4 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. 5 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is 11 trains. 6 7 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yes. And we touched earlier on issues 8 that have occurred since the derailment, one of them being the gearbox issue with a 9 lack of oil in it. But there were other -- some other issues. So, for example, with the OCS system, the pantograph, an issue with the switch -- with one of the switches. Do 10 you recall any of those incidents? 11 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. 12 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So there have been incidents that 13 have happened, or maintenance issues since the derailments. We can agree on that? 14 15 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: But those are part of normal 16 operations. That's where I'm trying to go with this. We hit the -- the pantograph hit one of the fixtures for the OCS. It was investigated. It was fixed. It wasn't a generalized 17 problem. We had a service interruption but, you know, the measuring stick is not the 18 number of incidents. The measuring stick is, how we respond to incidents and how do 19 we reinstate service, because it's a mechanical system. People need to understand, it's 20 a train. It's a complex beast of technology and mechanical equipment. It's bound -- it's 21 22 going to -- it's bound to have other failures. 23 And maintenance issue is a big thing. You know, the contract
 - doesn't call for 100-percent performance. The contract asks for a minimum of 98 percent, and how we achieve 98, well, there's a two of the -- two percent of the time where there could be issues, and it's how we respond and give the right response and rectification, address what the issue is, do a proper root-cause analysis, identify what the fix is, and make sure that, as much as we can, it doesn't happen again.

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1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So and I appreciate that, Mr. Truchon.
2	My simple question is that we can agree that, since the derailments, there have been
3	technical problems that have resulted in system interruptions; is that right?
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
5	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Mr. Guerra testified that RTM
6	underwent and reorganization after the derailments to add some additional resources
7	oversight, subject-matter expertise, and so he confirmed that RTM's staffing
8	increased at that time; is that your recollection?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Please repeat the question.
10	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure. So we have heard from Guerra,
11	and he was testifying about a reorganization within RTM
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: M'hm.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: after the derailments. Are you familiar
14	with that?
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. Yes, I am.
16	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And when he was describing, he
17	indicated that it included adding some individuals in oversight roles, subject-matter
18	expertise, and, generally, increased staff. Do you recall that?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: He referred specifically to
20	restructuring his organization to exercise better oversight over the performance of his
21	subcontractor, some of that restructuring involving involved onboarding new, qualified
22	senior individuals to assume that role and make sure that we had competent people in
23	the right boxes doing the right job.
24	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right.
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That's what I understood from it.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Thank you. And would you agree with

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MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say that RTM was structure

me that RTM was understaffed prior to the derailments?

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1	differently before the derailments on the basis of how they understood they would be
2	able to manage their subcontracts. Subsequent to the derailment they decided to
3	restructure.
4	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And when you say restructure, that
5	included staffing, increasing staff; is that fair?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We're not talking about a significant
7	increase in staff. We're talking about putting people in the right roles and position at the
8	right time of the day so that they can effectively execute the oversight plan.
9	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay, thank you.
10	You're aware that the City and RTG /RTM have daily meetings to
11	discuss the previous day's performance and any issues that may come up; is that right?
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I am. It's part of my schedule.
13	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you obviously weren't involved in
14	those meetings prior to your joining. I think that we can agree on that.
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
16	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. So you have you wouldn't have
17	any direct knowledge of the work orders that were discussed prior to your joining so in
18	2019, is that fair?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't have knowledge of individual
20	work orders because there are thousands of them.
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And we can agree, I think, that
22	prior to your joining, that daily discussion of what was going on and work orders that
23	were being discussed, you wouldn't have any direct knowledge of those, given the time
24	period, right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay, And would you agree with me that

the City reviews disputed work orders and discusses deductions with RTG and RTM?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes,

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1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Do you recall a work order for
2	wood slats about the guideway?
3	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No.
4	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. In relation to payment deductions,
5	the City recently the City has agreed not to levy deductions for events that would
6	have (audio skip) effect. Are you aware of that cracked glass, redundant doors,
7	flickering lights?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm sorry. You broke off for a second
9	you're going to have to
LO	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Sure, I'll repeat it. So in relation to
l1	payment deductions
L2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
L3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: the City has agreed not to levy
L4	deductions for events that would be disproportionate in effect. So examples being
L5	cracked glass or redundant doors, flickering lights. Would you agree that the City has
L6	agreed not to do that?
L7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: There is a willingness from the City
L8	to be reasonable on its interpretation of some elements of the KPM but not all of those
L9	elements. And there are still interpretations of the KPM from the City over which we
20	have a fundamental disagreement and those deductions I think that the situation Mr.
21	Guerra mentioned in his testimony this morning is, you know, what we have is I think
22	our biggest problem is some of the work orders that get opened up. When they're
23	looked, RTM makes a decisi9on that this is not a work order that should be subject to a
24	penalty. And it does get prioritized accordingly. It does get fixed but when it gets fixed
25	it's potentially longer than the response and rectification times that would be associated
26	had the work order been identified as a KPM work order. And on that basis, the City
27	then comes back and unilaterally decides that this work order should have had a KPM
28	attached to it and does generate a deduction. And that's how we end up with hundreds

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- of thousands of dollars against a specific deduction.
- 2 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** Mr. Truchon, I appreciate that the parties
- don't agree on everything. But my question is actually very specific. And so I would ask
- 4 you more recently would you agree with me that the City has agreed to apply key
- 5 performance metrics in a way so that RTG does not incur so many deductions? Would
- 6 you agree that that's happened recently?
- 7 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes but there's still significant
- 8 deductions over which we still disagree with the City. So yes, the City does agree to
- 9 remove some of the deductions but certainly not everything and it still results with
- significant dollars being withheld against payments and being accumulated into the
- 11 (audio skip) still current. If that is your question.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Well, my question was actually would you
- agree that just that the City has agreed in respect of certain key performance metrics
- that it's going to levy deductions in a way that RTG does not incur so many deductions.
- 15 That's my question. I think you agreed to that; is that fair?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I would say is this is not an
- exercise that needs to be done on a one-off basis as you suggested. The exercise that
- needs to be done is what we refer to as a payment mechanism review which RTG has
- been requesting in order to get to a position where the City feels it has all the tools that
- it needs and we get to a common understanding as to how we will be applying that
- 21 mechanism going forward. If we agree on the rules of the game and what is a
- deduction, what is not a deduction, and we put some measure of relativity on the
- seriousness of the deduction. That is, as far as I'm concerned, where we need to go in
- order to resolve the issue. But I do agree that a line by line reconciliation results in
- certain cases in deductions being removed, as you suggested. But it's not addressing
- the fundamental problem that we have and that has a significant impact on my supply
- chain.

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MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And you would agree, Mr.

1	Truchon, that the City made JVA Consulting available as a resource to RTG?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
3	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And that's Mr. James Boyle out of
4	the U.K.; is that right?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That was begore my time, but yes.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: But you're aware of it then?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I am.
8	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And he's a well I think we can
9	agree he's a well-recognized expert from the U.K. and I think we can agree that he's
10	been helpful to RTG in terms of it's maintenance practices?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: He has been helpful in terms of
12	developing the elements of the first remedial plan we were discussing previously in
13	terms of identifying what are the measures that need to be deployed in order to address
14	the issues that have been encountered for seven months.
15	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And in the first part of your answer
16	you raised timing and when you were involved. But are you aware that he was
17	originally retained by the City, but the City allowed RTG to retain him in an effort to help
18	with be collaborative with RTG?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay.
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: We want the best resource to help
22	us, you know. We had an undertaking to put together a remedial plan. Mr. Boyle was a
23	competent expert. We requested I don't know how we got to move to RTG to assist
24	us but his contribution was certainly appreciated. And we felt he was probably better
25	positioned to contribute to the success of the project by being part of the execution team
26	as part of the City oversight team.
27	MR. JESSE GARDNER: But you would agree with me that the
28	City was being cooperative and collaborative in agreeing to do that; is that right?

T	IVIR. NICOLAS I RUCHON. 165.
2	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to talk to you just briefly
3	about the root cause of the derailment and just some of the reports that have come out.
4	Are you familiar with the Mott MacDonald report dated April
5	2022? MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to bring that up on the
7	screen. It's COM0010116. Would you agree with me that this report makes a number
8	of recommendations in relation to the performance of maintenance obligations?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: This report does make a number of
10	recommendations as well as a number of observations.
11	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. I want to take you to page 243 of
12	the PDF. So this is the recommendations section. Do you see it up on the screen, sir?
13	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
14	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I'm not going to take you
15	through all of the recommendations. I would just note that if you look at the first ones,
16	the 6.1 Revenue vehicle priority, number 1 says:
17	"It is recommended that an independent review of the
18	long-term stopped and cannibalized vehicles and
19	associated materials equipment is carried out as a
20	part of an overall asset condition assessment as it is
21	likely these assets may deteriorate if left in an
22	inoperable condition for long period of time."
23	Do you see that?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I do.
25	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you know what they're talking about,
26	right? It's the use of parts from vehicles which have yet to be delivered to the City to
27	repair existing vehicles. Is that your understanding?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.

1	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. And I think is it fair to say that
2	that might be a short-term solution but it's not a sustainable solution given that one day
3	those vehicles will need to be delivered?
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. I'll bring a bit of context if you
5	allow me.
6	This report is based on observations that were made when Mott
7	MacDonald visited the site, I think, for a couple of days sometime in September of 2020.
8	What they effectively identified is factually correct, that there were vehicles that were in
9	the process of being assembled, so not yet part of the fleet.
10	So I'm talking about Stage 2 vehicles that were in the yard, which
11	Alstom maintenance or Alstom supply, as part of in order to service the existing
12	service fleet, was required to use some of those components.
13	And if we bring everything back into perspective, there's this thing
14	called Covid that was going on at the same time, which was effectively disrupting supply
15	chains and making it very difficult to access specialized components. So that was the
16	short-term solution that was prioritized by Alstom with everybody's knowledge, to keep
17	the service fleet going.
18	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So you'd agree with me that it's not a
19	long-term solution, right? This
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would agree
21	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. Thank you.
22	So I'd like to take you to page 245, so please scroll down. There
23	are some additional recommendations for revenue vehicles, and I want to take you to
24	the right area. If we scroll down here it is, yes, so Number 27. So:
25	"Project Co. assessed the deferred vehicle
26	maintenance list and developed a strategy for dealing
27	with this backlog in a prioritized manner. Outstanding
28	deferred maintenance items, including safety critical

1	and reliability related deferred items, as well as
2	outstanding modifications, should be listed on a
3	vehicle-by-vehicle basis to identify the level of effort
4	required to return each vehicle to operational service
5	in a simple system used to catalogue each vehicle's
6	repair priority and status." (As read)
7	Has RTG undertaken this assessment as recommended by Mott
8	MacDonald?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think this was covered in the
10	evidence provided by my colleague, Mr. Guerra, that specifically spoke to deferred
11	maintenance. And I think it'd be Commission visibility on where we are, you know, what
12	is the concept of deferred maintenance, how it relates to vehicles. I think it's a question
13	of how we organized the planning and I understand that this has been successfully
14	implemented.
15	So as far as we are concerned, you know, the backlog, as we stand
16	today, is well under control, contrary to what has been suggested by other witnesses in
17	front of the Commission. There's and there's the safety critical elements, obviously
18	always take precedence, as my colleague indicated, but there are other backlog
19	maintenance items that do get prioritized when the we're not going to stop a fleet a
20	vehicle from the fleet to deal with a scratch on the panel. So this is the kind of backlog.
21	But as we are today, the backlog, as far as I'm concerned, is
22	entirely under control, and the recommendations that have been implemented, that
23	have been suggested by Mott MacDonald, is just good maintenance practice and it's
24	currently being deployed.
25	MR. JESSE GARDNER: So what I'm asking, Mr. Truchon, then, to
26	be more specific is, has RTG prepared a detailed vehicle-by-vehicle assessment of the
27	type of deferred maintenance work being described here? Has that happened?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Not RTG specifically, because I don't

1	work on vehicles, but my maintenance subcontractor does have a planning program
2	that's in place that's completely visible to the City, and as far as I'm concerned, doesn't
3	create any issues, at least, that have been communicated to my attention. If there is
4	issues, I would certainly welcome the City to come forward and I'll be more than happy
5	to address it with RTM and Alstom maintenance.
6	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So you don't have personal
7	knowledge, but you understand that RTM and Alstom have done this; is that right?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding.
9	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I'd like to go to the next page, 246
10	the final recommendation at the bottom. Oh, sorry, if we just scroll up? Right there,
11	Number 34.
12	It states that:
13	"In the longer term, Project Co. should adjust their
14	maintenance practices to create data to provide
15	traceability and apply a proactive approach to
16	assessment management." (As read)
17	Mr. Truchon, would you agree with me that RTM and Alstom could
18	strive generally to be more proactive in the provision of the maintenance services?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I fully agree with you.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay.
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: And it is currently being deployed.
22	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And so is it accurate to say that after the
23	derailments, and after this Mott MacDonald report, there's been a shift to include more
24	preventative maintenance measures or activities? Is that right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: This is part of the many conditions that
26	the City has stated as far as their expectations, which we are currently working on to
27	implement.
28	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. So I just want to take you to one

1	more area of this report. It's page 183. Okay. If we scroll down to 3.1.2, right above
2	that, the final paragraph above that states:
3	"Mott MacDonald have provided an outlined scope of
4	work proposal to the City for carrying out an
5	independent wheel rail interface study. Due to
6	difficulties in obtaining the relevant technical data
7	from Project Co. that is required to conduct the study,
8	the work has been put on hold." (As read)
9	Are you aware that Mott MacDonald was not able to do its wheel
10	rail interface assessment because of lack of information from Project Co.?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't think it's their scope to do that.
12	Wheel to rail interface is critical to our operation. Having a third party generate an
13	independent report, you know, the report is one thing. The buy in from everybody to
14	implement the recommendations is what needs to happen. So RTM is already working
15	on the wheel to rail interface, and that is the right process that's being followed.
16	As far as I'm concerned, Mott MacDonald, you know, they can
17	they have their opinion, they have made a number of observations, some of them are
18	valid, some of them are anecdotal, but at the end of the day, it's just my personal
19	opinion. But we are working to implement what we think needs to be implemented from
20	that report and we're giving full visibility to the City as to what we're moving on for.
21	And the wheel to rail interface is fundamental. It's part of the root
22	cause analysis recommendation from Alstom which we've taken on to effectively deliver
23	on. And that work will be completed by the end of this month so that we can execute on
24	it.
25	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. So I just want to ask you a very
26	specific question, and that is, I take it that you would agree with me that RTG hasn't
27	given the information to Mott MacDonald necessary to do this, but it sounds like you
28	think it's not their position to do this analysis; is that fair?

T	INR. NICOLAS TRUCTION. Tuoti trecait a specific request from
2	then on wheel to rail. I would need to go through the documentation. Keep in mind we
3	have we received the report, I think, in February of 2022, and we were already
4	planning on doing our own wheel to rail interface at that point.
5	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Understood. Okay, thank you.
6	I'm just going to ask you a final set of questions, Mr. Truchon.
7	You've worked in the P-3 industry or P-3 market since it was first introduced in Canada;
8	is that fair?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That's very generous of you, but I
10	started working in P-3s, I think in 2001. I understand there were a handful of projects
11	before that time, but I've been around for a few years.
12	MR. JESSE GARDNER: But fair to say you have a lot of P-3
13	experience, right?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: As many other people do, but yes.
15	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. You were involved in the
16	Fredericton to Moncton Highway Project back in the early 2000s; is that right?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. Yes, I was.
18	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And you worked for VINCI at the time?
19	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, VINCI Concessions.
20	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Yes. And would you agree that a number
21	of international players entered the Canadian market at that time to work in P-3s?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
23	MR. JESSE GARDNER: And that included players like ACS, your
24	current employer; is that right?
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
26	MR. JESSE GARDNER: You'd agree that ACS is the largest or at
27	least second largest construction company in the world, right?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I'm not going to comment on that.

- 1 They are a large construction company. It does change based on whether or not we
- 2 look at revenues, employees.
- 3 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Fair. And some of the competitive
- 4 advantages that these large international players like ACS have, coming into the
- 5 Canadian P-3 market, was their ability to bring innovative construction solutions, right,
- 6 innovative means and methodologies; is that fair?
- 7 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: This, among other things.
- 8 MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And in this market, given your two
- 9 decades of experience working on various sides, being the contractor, public owners,
- you're aware that ACS has a reputation for its aggressive bidding practices. Are you
- 11 aware of that?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I am aware that they have a reputation
- of successful bidding practice, if that's what you're alluding to.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Well, one of the ways -- I would suggest
- that one of the ways that ACS has been so successful in the Canadian market is that it
- bids aggressively; is that fair?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think ACS takes very careful looks at
- every project very carefully, makes a detailed analysis on the service requirement, and
- 19 puts forward the best competitive proposal it can.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: And having advised owners before, you
- 21 know that owners don't have an ability to look behind the face of the line-item numbers
- 22 given in a bid proposal. Is that fair?
- 23 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I disagree with that. Owners have the
- 24 prerogative of asking whatever information they want in their bid -- to ask for proponents
- to fill out data sheets, provide detailed costs breakdowns, provide visibility. Obviously,
- all information is confidential when it's part of a bid package, but it's the public
- authority's complete prerogative to decide what it wants in its proposal.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: And Mr. Truchon, I'm going to suggest to

- you that it is not typical that a proponent would hand over a detailed, granular, line-item
- 2 explanation of how they are building their financial proposal to owners. Wouldn't you
- 3 agree with that?
- 4 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That's not my professional experience.
- 5 I've seen that done before.
- 6 **MR. JESSE GARDNER:** And would you agree -- in terms of
- 7 discussing P3 models and alliance models, you'd agree that your employer, ACS, is
- 8 participating actively in the P3 market globally.
- 9 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think ACS -- I can't give corporate
- policy; I'm just a simple employee, but if there are opportunities where ACS believes it
- can add value, it will certainly put its hat into the mix.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. In terms of the alliance model,
- which you touched on with Commission counsel briefly, you indicated that you have not
- personally been exposed to the alliance model. I'd suggest to you, Mr. Truchon, that
- this is not surprising given that the alliance model has only been used on one project in
- Ontario to date, and that project is just in its initial phases of construction. Is that fair?
- 17 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: If you say. I don't know.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I just have a few more questions
- 19 for you.
- Sitting here today, given the problems that arose in the winter of
- 21 2019 and 2020, the wheel cracks and other issues in the summer of 2020, the
- derailments, and the work that's been done since the derailments, do you think that the
- 23 system is safe and reliable today?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I have no reason to believe otherwise.
- MR. JESSE GARDNER: Right. And given those problems -- the
- issues in winter of 2019/2020, the cracked wheels, the two derailments within six weeks
- 27 -- if you worked at the City in Ms. Amilcar's position or in Mr. Charter's position, would
- you be satisfied with the overall performance of RTG of its maintenance obligations over

1	the maintenance term?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I would say is I now have a lot
3	more visibility on what's going on. I would be happy to have a responsible contractor
4	that steps up, shows up every day, dedicates resources to fix the system. It may not be
5	as quickly as everybody would like. This I agree with. But we need to be mindful that
6	running trains is the primary element. The rest just needs to continue to progress.
7	And there's only so much time we can do to do permanent fixes,
8	but in the background, with everything that we have on the return-to-service plan that
9	were executing on, the various commitments that we're discussing with the City, give us
10	a couple months to finalize everything that we're committed to in terms of going forward,
11	and a lot of the issues and I can say this today: a lot of the issues we had in the early
12	days are not as significant today as they used to be. So I think we have a history of
13	correcting issues. We have a good client that's willing to sit down and have the right
14	discussions. At the operational level, I would echo what my colleague Mario Guerra
15	said earlier today. The relationship right now is in its best position it's ever been. Now
16	we need to deal with the stuff that nobody wants to deal about in order to get us into a
17	stable state and cadence that will prevent us from making the news any further.
18	MR. JESSE GARDNER: Okay. I appreciate your time today, Mr.
19	Truchon. Those are all my questions.
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Thank you.
21	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Next up is Alstom.
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. LENA WANG:
23	MS. LENA WANG: Good afternoon, Mr. Commissioner.
24	Good afternoon, Mr. Truchon.
25	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Good afternoon.
26	MS. LENA WANG: Mr. Commissioner, before I start, I'd just like to
27	address one point arising from Mr. Gardner's examination just now, just so that the

record is clear.

1	Yesterday, when Mr. France gave evidence, he said that he had
2	not seen the letter from RTG to the City appointing him as vehicle maintenance
3	manager. He was not asked if he had seen the letter from the City to RTG requesting
4	his replacement. He did not say he had not seen that letter. And so that starts at page
5	75 of the transcript from yesterday's hearing. I just want that to be clear for the record.
6	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you, Counsel.
7	MS. LENA WANG: Mr. Truchon, I just have a few questions for
8	you. And I think there's been some confusion as to the difference between title and role
9	in your discussion with Mr. Gardner just now.
10	The PA identifies key individuals key roles over which the City
11	was entitled to exercise control; is that right?
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
13	MS. LENA WANG: And one of those was the vehicle maintenance
14	manager.
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is what we discussed.
16	MS. LENA WANG: Okay. And you understand that Mr. France is
17	Alstom's project manager for maintenance services; is that right?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think this is what his email signature
19	is saying, so I would agree with that.
20	MS. LENA WANG: And you understand that that's his role. It's for
21	both infrastructure and vehicle maintenance.
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: If you say so. I don't deal with Mr.
23	France on a day-to-day basis, but if that is his role, that is his role. I have no basis to
24	reject that.
25	MS. LENA WANG: Right. And I assume, based on your own
26	experience, Mr. Truchon, you're aware that different companies often use different titles
27	for the same or similar roles across industry. That's common.
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.

1	MS. LENA WANG: Okay. And I think you've agreed that Alstom
2	was not a party to the project agreement.
3	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
4	MS. LENA WANG: And so based on what you know and you've
5	told us that you know Mr. France personally would you agree that Mr. France, as the
6	Alstom project manager for maintenance, was in fact fulfilling the role of vehicle
7	maintenance manager for the purpose of the PA, even if that was not his title within
8	Alstom?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think yes.
10	MS. LENA WANG: Okay. Thank you. Those are all my
11	questions.
12	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Thank you.
13	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you.
14	Next is IO.
15	MS. MORGAN WATKINS: Hi. Good afternoon, Mr.
16	Commissioner. Morgan Watkins for Infrastructure Ontario. We have no questions for
17	the witness.
18	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Next is the Province of Ontario.
19	MR. ADAM MORTIMER: Good afternoon, Commissioner. Adam
20	Mortimer for the Province of Ontario. We have no questions for the witness.
21	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Next is the Amalgamated Transit
22	Union Local 279.
23	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. JOHN McLUCKIE:
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Good evening, Commissioner.
25	Good evening, Mr. Truchon. I just have a few questions. I won't be
26	very long, sir. I just wanted to touch on a few things that you talked about in your cross-
27	examination earlier with counsel for the City, if I could, sir.
28	So this is a commercial relationship between yourselves and the

1	City. That's correct, sir?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
3	MS. JOHN McLUCKIE: And it's got a 30-year term after revenue
4	service, correct?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
6	MS. JOHN McLUCKIE: And as I understood, your evidence with
7	counsel for the City is that the City does not have control over the staffing levels of the
8	participants to the contract. Is that my correct understanding, sir?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding as well.
10	MS. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So even if the City, having watched
11	the service in operation, determines that more people are needed at a particular time or
12	at a particular place, they don't have the ability to tell any of your subcontractors to do
13	that. Is that correct, sir?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That's not entirely correct, and let me
15	provide you a bit of context. So under the City's position of the allegation that the
16	project will default, the City has the ability to request remedial actions. And part of the
17	discussions that we have going on right now with the City is about what measures do
18	we need to deploy in order to satisfy the City that the organization is going to be
19	properly resourced to prevent further occurrences of a derailment or to properly provide
20	the service delivery. So as part of that discussion, there are discussions about resource
21	levels. And that is on the table right now, but nothing has been concluded yet. But that
22	would be the mechanism that would be available to the City to request additional
23	resources from RTG.
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. But I want to focus on one of your
25	words there, and I think it's an important word. You said it's open to the City to
26	"request" additional resources as part of this remediation plan. Am I understanding your
27	testimony correct there a minute ago, sir?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: They make the request but,

_	diffractly, it 3 out it 3 now we start out organization, of now we resource the
2	organization to provide the right level of service to deliver the program.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So when we go back to the
4	question I asked you one question ago when I said the City cannot direct a particular
5	number of staff at a particular time or at a particular place, that is, in fact, correct, then,
6	is it not, sir?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
8	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Or even if they see the need, if they feel
9	that this would be beneficial to the system, they do not have that ability to simply tell you
LO	to do that and you have to do it?
l1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
L2	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And that's a key element of this
L3	commercial relationship between you and City, correct?
L4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: The framework is based on the
L5	premise that we are we have the flexibility to develop the resource and methods to
L6	deliver the service.
L7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Okay. So in terms of resources so
L8	there's resources from Alstom. There's resources from RTM. And ultimately, RTG
L9	supervises both of those two in terms of the resources they bring to bear on this
20	contract; is that fair, sir?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I wouldn't say I have over I have
22	over Alstom Maintenance. That is RTM's scope to manage Alstom Maintenance. But
23	we exercise oversight over RTM.
24	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you exercise maintenance over
25	OLTC as well, correct?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Define "maintenance"?
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: You exercise oversight over OLRTC?
Ω	MR NICOLAS TRUCHON: Sorry I misunderstood you. We

1	we, effectively during the construction phase, we had a number of resources to keep
2	up with the technical side of the design and construction program.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And as the prime contractor, RTG is
4	ultimately responsible for the performance of all of its subcontractors; is that true, sir?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
6	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you contract to RTM. And as I
7	understood you just a minute ago, RTM, in turn, contracts to Alstom, sir?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
9	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you would expect them to then
10	properly supervise their subcontractor, Alstom, correct?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And I just want to talk about the resources
13	that RTM brings to bear for that, and it goes to the testimony yesterday from Guerra
14	or, I guess, this morning, actually and he indicated that in January of this year, so
15	about four months prior to now, that RTM had started having managerial staff,
16	supervisory-level staff, on duty 24/7. Were you aware of that, sir?
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes. That's part of the
18	reorganization that's been implemented that is being implemented.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. So that suggests, then, that for the
20	first two and a half years that this train was operational, there was no supervision,
21	essentially, on the nightshift, sir; would you agree with that?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I wouldn't say that. There was you
23	know, keep in mind that the way the contract is structured I understand the contract to
24	be structured between RTM and Alstom Maintenance. Alstom does have its own
25	supervision. They have their oversight. They have their managerial the shop-floor
26	supervision. They have their own quality program. And that is the that is the basis
27	over which they are delivering their service. RTM was more in an audit capacity, as far
28	as I understand it. But given the volume of issues and the level of activity that needed

1	to take place, the decision was made for RTM to restructure their organization to now
2	provide the full coverage 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So the responsibility of Alstom is or the
4	responsibility of RTM is to supervise Alstom and to ensure that they're carrying out their
5	responsibilities under the contract; that's correct?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And up until January of this year, on the
8	overnight shift, RTM had no one in place to ensure that Alstom was carrying out their
9	responsibilities; that's true as well, sir?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: This is a very broad statement. I
11	would need to confirm that. I'm not I don't think I I don't think I have the information
12	on hand right now to confirm that.
13	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Well, I can if you'd like, I can read Mr.
14	Guerra's testimony to you in his interview with Commission staff where he indicated that
15	the overnight shift, in terms of having a manager on duty 24/7, was only added in
16	January of 2022, sir.
17	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That's fine. So if it's part of Mr.
18	Guerra's testimony, you have the answer. I can confirm that.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And just in terms of the operations of the
20	train, so the train runs Monday to Thursday, 5:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m.; correct, sir?
21	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: From 5:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m., that
22	sounds roughly correct.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And on Saturdays, 5:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That sounds about right.
25	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Saturday, 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: You mean Sunday?
27	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: No, I mean Saturday
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Okay.

1	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, it sounds
3	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And on Sunday, it runs from eight o'clock
4	in the morning to 11 o'clock at night?
5	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That sounds like the regular
6	program.
7	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. I'm going to suggest to you that the
8	hours that the train is not running are the most important hours in terms of the
9	maintenance and the preventative maintenance for those trains. Would you agree with
10	that, sir?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would agree with that.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Because when they're in the yard, that's
13	when the opportunity the technicians have to service them, correct?
14	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
15	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And it's also the time there's no trains
16	running on the tracks so that you can conduct maintenance of the tracks, and the
17	signaling, and the electrical infrastructure, sir?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
19	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And the stations don't have trains running
20	through them so you can carry out whatever maintenance you need during the station
21	hours; correct, sir?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is correct.
23	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And during those critical overnight
24	periods, up until January of this year, RTM had no supervisors on duty for those critical
25	hours of infrastructure and repair work, sir?
26	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: What I would say is the
27	subcontractors, the main subcontractor being Alstom, does have its own governance
28	and its own supervision. As far as RTM was concerned, in the structure that was

1	initially implemented, they were, you know, exercising oversight, not directly while the
2	work was taking place, but catching up in the following day once the work had taken
3	place. It was deemed to be probably not optimal, and that's the basis over which RTM
4	restructured their organization.
5	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Right. And in terms of that restructuring,
6	the timing of it, I'm just going to read a quote to you from your interview with
7	Commission counsel. Do you remember giving an interview probably about two months
8	ago, sir?
9	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
10	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And you were talking about this
11	reorganization and what led to it. I'm just going to read it to you from your transcript
12	here, sir. And this is on page 44, 45 of the PDF:
13	"So from that perspective, I think that that's where
14	RTM was is going. They're the derailments got
15	RTM to seriously consider some of the oversight, that
16	it was affecting on their performance, the performance
17	of one their major subcontractors as it relates to
18	vehicle maintenance, but also infrastructure
19	maintenance. So that drove quite a bit quite a bit
20	of, you know, thinking on the part of RTM as to how
21	they could restructure themselves to better ensure the
22	alignment and performance." (As read).
23	Do you recall saying that to Commission counsel?
24	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I do. I do.
25	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: So after the derailment in fact, after two
26	derailments, RTM then seriously considers whether it's providing enough oversight to
27	Alstom and add an overnight supervisor on a 24/7-basis, sir; correct?
28	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't necessarily agree with that

1	because I think there were discussions before the derailment about making that
2	structural change. The derailment created an environment to force the implementation
3	of that change very quickly. But I understand, from memory, that this was being
4	discussed even before the derailment.
5	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And yet, it was only brought in after the
6	derailment, sir?
7	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
8	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: And clearly, people thought it was
9	necessary because that was the action you took in response to the derailment, sir?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: It is one of the commitments that we
11	made as part of our return-to-service plan.
12	MR. JOHN McLUCKIE: Thank you, sir. Those are my questions.
13	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you, Counsel.
14	Next is Transportation Action Canada, Mr. David Jeanes.
15	MR. DAVID JEANES: Yes, thank you. David Jeanes, Transport
16	Action Canada. I have no questions for Mr. Truchon.
17	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: All right. Thank you.
18	Next is the witness counsel, RTG.
19	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MICHAEL FENRICK:
20	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Good afternoon, Mr. Truchon. I'm
21	sorry, I', just experiencing a bit of a technical issue here.
22	COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: We can see you now, and we can

MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay, great. Thank you.

here you.

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Mr. Truchon, you were asked a number of questions, and I don't want to retread a lot of the ground that was covered about what Mr. France's role was and what the City had asked of RTG. I do want to ask you one factual question. Have you attended any meetings with -- that Mr. France and representatives of the City have

1	attended since October 15, 2021?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't believe I have.
3	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay. But more to the point here, what
4	I'm wondering about is your evidence that you gave to Mr. Gardner, on behalf of the
5	City, that it was your view that replacing the vehicle maintenance manager while you
6	were in the midst of trying to recover from the second derailment was misguided. Is that
7	a fair characterization of your evidence?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
9	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And why was it misguided, sir?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: When we're in a crisis situation,
11	because it was a crisis, as far as I'm concerned, it's all hands on deck. If you like the
12	person or you don't like the person, if that person is in position, we don't have time to
13	bring in a new player and start searching for a new player. There will be a time and
14	place to do the changes that the City requested. Just on that basis I felt that whether or
15	not it was justified I'm not going to opine on that. But I certainly felt that it was a
16	distraction that we could not afford because it was taking our focus away by creating
17	another issue of contention and taking our focus away from doing the actual work that
18	needed to take place to get the trains back in service.
19	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And was that the only example of the
20	City's approach following the second derailment where it was taking RTG's attention
21	away from recovering and from resolving the issues with the derailment, or were there
22	others?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: No. The Notice of Default was
24	completely premature. And it was completely disconnection from the discussions we
25	were having at the operational level. And personally, even to this day, I still don't
26	understand the motivations that get the City to move with the Notice of Default. You
27	know, you want everybody to be focused on repairing the infrastructure, figuring out

what's wrong with the train, figuring out what's wrong with the process, making the

- necessary fundamental changes that needed to take place. And as far as I'm
- 2 concerned, throwing contractual disputes into the mix was unnecessary at this point,
- 3 and certainly premature.
- 4 MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: I just want to ask you about something
- that came up earlier in the City's questioning of Mr. Guerra that we didn't get a chance
- to come back to. But it's the issue of whether or not there's a cap deductions, daily
- 7 maximum cap on deductions. Did you see Mr. Guerra's evidence ---
- 8 MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I did.
- 9 MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: --- when the question was asked of
- 10 him?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I did.
- MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And is it your understanding that there
- is a cap, a daily cap on deductions?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I wish there were but there's clearly
- not. As far as the characterization of a cap is, I think, a misunderstanding of the Project
- Agreement. The Project Agreement calls for -- the \$10,000 that was being referred is
- the maximum amount that the City is entitled to hold back against our payment. And
- it's a 10,000 per day for a disputed item.
- 19 When the item is disputed, if the value of the deduction exceeds
- \$10,000 the maximum amount that the City is entitled to hold back is \$10,000 until the
- dispute gets resolved. And at that point the full amount, whatever the value of that
- dispute ends up -- whether it's -- once it's settled and it's determined as a final value,
- that payment, that amount is held back against the payment from RTG.
- MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And approximately how many of these
- 25 disputed items are there at the moment?
- MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I don't have an exact number. I don't
- 27 have enough -- we're talking about thousands of work orders that are being in dispute,
- sitting in the dispute ledger waiting to be resolved.

1	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: I want to turn to a slightly different issue
2	now which is when the Mayor was examined last week and some other witnesses as
3	well, there was a suggestion that RTG had acknowledge responsibility for the sink hole
4	because it received an insurance payment.
5	Are you familiar with that evidence, Mr. Truchon?
6	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I am.
7	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And I just want to ask a very simple
8	question; maybe it's a little too simple. But first of all, why did RTG have insurance for
9	this type of situation?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Like any responsible owner we buy
11	insurance for when bad things happen. And that's exactly what happened in the case of
12	the sink hole. When we have a big problem like the sink hole, the natural place to go
13	and a sink hole in my case or a fire in a house or anybody that's a property or asset
14	owner, you buy insurance to protect against a catastrophic incident and this is exactly
15	what we did. And that policy was a no fault policy. So ultimately, the party that was
16	responsible for covering that risk, you know, covered that risk, the financial impact of
17	that incident through the insurance settlement. But I don't think there was anything
18	about any admission of responsibility. It was just a settlement with the insurers based
19	on the terms of the policy.
20	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And that's a sensible way of
21	approaching this, to have insurance for exactly these types of unforeseen
22	circumstances?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Perfectly.
24	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: I just want to call up a document. It's
25	COMH000065.
26	EXHIBIT No. 323:
27	COMH00000065 – Mutual Full and Final Release between
28	the City of Ottawa and RTG et al 27 September 2021

Τ	WIR. WICHAEL FENRICK. AND this is a full and find that release
2	between the City and RTG. Now, I'm not interested in you addressing any of the
3	commercial or confidential settlement discussions that preceded this document but I
4	would like to take you through this document. So please don't tread on too many of the
5	settlement privileged stuff that might have occurred before this agreement was entered
6	into.
7	The first thing I'd like to take your attention to, it's the fourth recital
8	on the first page. And I'd just like you to confirm. Was the City a co-insured under that
9	policy, the same policy that RTG had?
10	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I believe it is.
11	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And if we go down near the bottom of
12	the page, there's an indication there that the City had also brought a claim under the
13	same policy. Were you aware that the City also had a claim for delay against its
14	insurers under the same policy at the time?
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
16	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And also if you go down to the top of
17	the second page there's another recital there that seems to indicate that the City had
18	brought a claim against RTG for damages relating to, among other things, the sinkhole
19	and the delays that it had caused. Do you see that?
20	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I do.
21	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And is it our understanding that the City
22	had a claim had its own claim against RTG related to the delay?
23	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
24	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And I just want to go there's a little bit
25	down on that page. I think it's the third recital that's on that page, so before we get into
26	the numbered paragraphs. You'll see there that there's a recital that concerns a term of
27	the settlement that RTG settled. First of all, RTG settled its claim with the insurer over
28	the delay events. That's your recollection as well?

1	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
2	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And that the insurer wanted the City to
3	consent to the amounts that would be paid to RTG under the settlement.
4	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
5	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Do you see that? And that they would
6	agree that it was a first past the post policy which would mean there would be less
7	money under the policy to satisfy the City's claim. Is that your understanding?
8	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding as well. MR.
9	MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay. And the City agreed to enter into
10	to acknowledge this; is that correct?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
12	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And if we just go down to paragraph 1
13	of this document, RTG released its claims against the City with respect to delay and the
14	sinkhole; is that a fair characterization of that paragraph?
15	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
16	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And if we go down to numbered
17	paragraph 2, the City released its claims as well against RTG; is that fair?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes.
19	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: So both parties essentially agreed and
20	just want to agreed to release the claims they had against each other; is that what I'm
21	seeing on this document?
22	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: That is my understanding as well.
23	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay. But I just want to go down now
24	to paragraph 14, the numbered paragraph 14 of the release. And you'll see there that
25	neither party is admitting liability with respect to the sinkhole. Is that what you see there
26	at paragraph 14?
27	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Yes, I read the same thing.
28	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay. So there was no admission of

1	liability by RTG that it had in fact done anything to cause the sinkhole; is that correct?
2	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Correct.
3	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Okay. I want to turn now and we can
4	take that document down. We've talked a lot and in your evidence with Commission
5	counsel and in your interview and throughout this process there's been a lot of focus on
6	some of the troubles with the relationship between the City and RTG and further down
7	the chain with Alstom. But I want to focus now on the future a little bit and the present
8	moment.
9	How would you describe the relationship between RTG and the City
10	now?
11	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: Again, as I mentioned previously, I
12	consider the relationship to be significantly improved at the operational level but we do
13	still have a fundamental commercial issues that need that will need to be addressed
14	and we certainly look forward to the City to (audio skip).
15	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And in terms of RTG's or RTM's
16	relationship with Alstom, how would you characterize that now, at the present moment
17	we're speaking about?
18	MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I would say it is progressing but still
19	remains quite complicated. But it is operational. It is functioning at the operational
20	level, and that's evidenced by the performance that we've been having in the system.
21	As complicated as the RTG relationship is with the City, the relationship between RTM
22	and Alstom maintenance is also equally complicated, because everything is intertwined.
23	MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: And I believe you gave a bit of a
24	summary in your evidence of your experience in the P3 market. And you were very
25	humble about your experience, but in my view, it's been quite extensive. And you don't
26	have to admit that or acknowledge that, but I have a question, which is, given that
27	experience on this project and on others, what would you say was the biggest challenge
28	on this project, from your perspective, since you joined or beforehand that you

inherited when you did join?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think it's managing expectations. As far as -- maintenance operations, as I indicated previously, are based on their ability to recover from incidents, because we know incidents are going to be taking place. What I have as the biggest -- what I would say is the P3 contract -- the sponsors, my sponsors, when they bid on the P3 contract, they knew exactly what they were getting themselves into. They understand construction. They understand all the risks that are being assumed, and they willingly signed up their name to deliver the service.

I'd like to believe that when there is a contractual provision that

works, there is a calculated risk in the contract that's being assessed. And when that risk materializes, it's no longer about fighting; it's about recovering. And it's about the "P" of partnership to try to go and proactively resolve issues, and not try to find every provision in the project agreement that would be remotely beneficial to anchor your position and not engage.

We take a lot of risk. We take all the onus of delivering the service. I think a public party in the P3 agreement has, as far as I'm concerned, one key role to do: it's to pay when service is delivered, and when there are disputes, it's to address those disputes and not let disputes linger. It's to engage and resolve issues, and I think on that front specifically, this is probably, as far as I'm concerned, the biggest issue that this project has encountered.

MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: One last question for you. How do you think those challenges, either on this project or on other projects, could be handled going forward?

MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON: I think this project is missing a very fundamental element: an honest broker. Where we're sitting, obviously we put forward positions in front of the City to progress issues. The City obviously reviews those proposals. Some of them they accept; some of them they don't. But at the end of the day, it's to have a sounding board and a bit of visibility as to what are other practices on

- other projects. There are things that we are fighting on this project which we are not
- 2 fighting on any other projects. And there are issues that we have -- I'm sure part of this
- has been part of the evidence in front of the Commission -- about things like carryover
- 4 of deductions, which is clearly established as not a practice that's taking place on other
- 5 projects, yet we need to fight for every inch. And that's just adding additional noise into
- 6 the equation.
- At the end of the day, we agree we had some shortcomings. I don't
- 8 challenge that. And we certainly haven't delivered the level of service were looking for,
- 9 but it is improving. And we look at the records, and it's not just the last three months. In
- between the cracked wheels and the derailments, it was smooth sailing. We were
- getting performance numbers in the 98/99 percent in terms of availability.
- We can make this vehicle work. We will make this vehicle work,
- and we will continue to make this vehicle work on the track and on the infrastructure.
- And as far as I'm concerned, we have the full unconditional commitment of the sponsors
- 15 to do so.
- MR. MICHAEL FENRICK: Thank you. Those are my questions,
- 17 Mr. Truchon.
- 18 **MR. NICOLAS TRUCHON:** Thank you.
- 19 COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN: Re-examination?
- 20 **MR. JOHN ADAIR:** None. Thank you.
- 21 **COMMISSIONER HOURIGAN:** I want to thank the witness for
- coming and testifying. We appreciate your evidence. It is helpful to us in our work. So
- 23 you're excused.
- I wanted to say as well that this is the end of the hearings at the
- University of Ottawa law school. And for those who are not in the Ottawa area, I can tell
- you it is an outstanding institution, one of the best law schools in the country. And
- before we leave it, I would like to thank everyone at the law school for being very
- gracious hosts. In particular, I would like to thank Dean Kristen Boon for allowing us to

use this terrific courtroom on campus. And thank you also to Professor Alain Roussy for
making all of the arrangements for us to be here.
And finally, and mostly importantly, I want to thank our four Ottawa
U summer students for their invaluable assistance. They are Andrew Clark-Alfaro,
Hanna Hsiao, Megan Lethbridge, and Bassel Sabalbal. They have worked very hard
and they have helped a great deal. They all have a big future in the law, and I was very
grateful to be able to work with them. So thank you all.
All right. Good-bye.
THE REGISTRAR: All right rise. The hearing is now adjourned.
Upon adjourning at 5:57 p.m.
CERTIFICATION
I, Wendy Clements, a certified court reporter, hereby certify the foregoing pages to be
an accurate transcription of my notes/records to the best of my skill and ability, and I so
swear.
Je, Wendy Clements, une sténographe officiel, certifie que les pages ci-hautes sont une
transcription conforme de mes notes/enregistrements au meilleur de mes capacités, et
je le jure.
Ul Climator
Wendy Clements