Ottawa Light Rail Commission

Diane Deans on Thursday, April 14, 2022



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6	OTTAWA LIGHT RAIL COMMISSION
7	CITY OF OTTAWA - DIANE DEANS
8	APRIL 14th, 2022
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14	Held via Zoom Videoconferencing, with all
15	participants attending remotely, on the 14th day
16	of APRIL, 2022, 9:00 a.m. to 11:23 a.m.
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1	COMMISSION COUNSEL:
2	Kate McGrann, Co-Lead Counsel Member
3	Liz McLellan, Litigation Counsel Member
4	
5	PARTICIPANTS:
6	Diane Deans: City of Ottawa
7	Peter Wardle and Betsy Segal: Singleton
8	Urquhart Reynolds Vogel LLP
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10	
11	ALSO PRESENT:
12	Leila Heckert, Reporter/Transcriptionist
13	Elizabeth Deasy, Virtual Technician
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1 Upon commencing at 9:00 a.m. 2. DIANE DEANS: AFFIRMED. 3 Good morning, KATE MCGRANN: 4 My name is Kate McGrann. Councillor Deans. I'm one of the co-lead counsel on the Ottawa Light 5 6 Rail Transit Public Inquiry. 7 Before we get started, I just want to 8 give you some information about today's 9 The purpose of today's interview is interview. 10 to obtain your evidence under oath or solemn 11 declaration for use of the Commission's public 12 hearings. 13 This will be a collaborative 14 interview, such that my co-counsel may intervene 15 to ask certain questions. If the time permits, 16 your counsel may also ask follow-up questions at 17 the end of the interview. 18 This interview is being transcribed 19 and the Commission intends to enter this 2.0 transcript into evidence at the Commission's 21 public hearings either at the hearing or by way 22 of procedural order before the hearing is 23 commenced. 24 The transcript will also be posted to 25 the Commission's public website along with any

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corrections made to it after it is entered into evidence.

The transcript, along with any corrections later made to it, will be shared with the Commission's participants and their counsel on a confidential basis before being entered into evidence.

You will be given an opportunity to review your transcript and correct any typos or any other errors before the transcript is shared with participants or entered into evidence. Any non-typographical corrections made will be appended to the transcript.

Pursuant to section 33(6) of the Public Inquiries Act 2009, a witness at an inquiry shall be deemed to have objected to answer any question asked him or her upon the ground that his or her answer may tend to incriminate the witness or may tend to establish his or her liability to civil proceedings at the instance of the Crown or of any person.

And no answer given by a witness at an inquiry shall be used or be receivable in evidence against him or her in any trial or other proceedings against him or her thereafter

1 taking place, other than a prosecution for 2 perjury in giving such evidence. 3 As required by section 33(7) of that 4 Act, you are hereby advised that you have the 5 right to object to answer any question under 6 section 5 of the Canada Evidence Act. 7 Do you have any questions about any of 8 that? 9 DIANE DEANS: No, I don't. 10 KATE MCGRANN: If at any point during 11 our interview you need to take a break for any 12 reason, just let us know and we will stop the 13 recording and take a break as needed. 14 DIANE DEANS: Perfect. Thank you. 15 I'd like to start with KATE MCGRANN: 16 some questions about your background and your 17 work on Council. And I understand that you have 18 been a member of City Council for eight 19 consecutive terms starting in 1994, and this 2.0 year, you're in the midst of your eighth term 21 now. Is that right? 22 DIANE DEANS: That's correct. 23 KATE MCGRANN: And I believe that you 24 were running for mayor in the upcoming election. 25 Is that right?

1	DIANE DEANS: Well, that is my current
2	stated intention. Maybe I should just clarify
3	that although I've been elected for eight
4	consecutive terms and have served consecutively
5	since 1994, I did take a leave, a medical leave
6	of absence from September 2019 to September
7	2020.
8	KATE MCGRANN: In advance of our
9	interview, I asked your counsel to provide us
10	with a copy of your CV. So I'm just going to
11	show you what we received.
12	I am currently showing the first two
13	pages of a three-page document. I'm going to
14	scroll through it rather quickly just so that
15	you can see the entire document. But if you
16	need me to show you it more slowly, just let me
17	know.
18	My first question for you about this
19	document is do you recognize this document?
20	A. Yes.
21	1 Q. Is this a copy of your CV?
22	A. Yes.
23	2 Q. So we'll have that entered as
24	Exhibit 1.
25	EXHIBIT NO. 1: Curriculum Vitae of

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Diane Deans.

KATE MCGRANN: And then there's one piece of information that I wanted to ask you about, and it is -- I'm going to try to highlight it to make things a little bit easier here.

Under the heading "2010 to 2014 Chairperson, Ottawa Transit Commission", can you read what I've highlighted on the screen there?

DIANE DEANS: "City Council's most challenging portfolio."

KATE MCGRANN: So I was just wondering if you could explain to us why you described the Ottawa Transit Commission as the most challenging portfolio?

DIANE DEANS: I described it in that way because that was my personal experience when I was Chair of the Transit Commission. Those were years when we had already had a failed LRT project, which I would refer to as the "Chiarelli line", which we had awarded a contract to Siemens. And then we had an election, and then that project was cancelled, and we were back at the starting line again.

We were introducing the Presto

technology, in terms of fare structure, and it was fraught with difficulty and we had delays.

So my experience during the Transit

Commission was that we were using a lot of

taxpayers' dollars and we were finding out that

these were challenging, challenging projects.

sharing my screen. So I will come back to it with some more questions about your work on the Transit Commission. But just generally, can you describe your involvement in Stage I of the LRT project over the life of your time as Councillor, and its time as a project report Council?

DIANE DEANS: Yes. You know, I almost -- I think what I would tell you is that my experience as a member of Council, even prior to the Confederation line award of the contract and everything else, was informed by the first project, the Chiarelli line, for lack of a better term.

And that one, Council was fully involved. We had delegated considerable authority to City staff, but I can tell you that throughout the project, we were in-camera at

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almost every City Council meeting. We were receiving voluminous information.

And we were being kept, I would say, fully apprised of what was happening with that project throughout. My impression is by the time we got to the starting gate for the Confederation line, the City staff had concluded that, perhaps, they had over shared with Council the information that was necessary in the performance of our duties.

And my overall impression today is that it was, for lack of a better term, perhaps the law of diminishing returns that, as we went along, Council was getting -- receiving less and less and less information in the performance of our duty.

And our duty as members of Council is oversight. So, you know, Council can only make good decisions and provide the oversight duty that we are required under the Municipal Act to provide if we have that information; if we have full, wholesome, fulsome and correct and pertinent information, and my sense is that's what was happening.

So when we got to the starting line,

the Confederation line, it was a decision made to bring in IO, Infrastructure Ontario, to assist, and we had advisors and, you know, we went about the project.

I was -- I was involved somewhat with that as the Chair of the Transit Commission early on. And in the early phases, you know, my general sense is that there was a lot of excitement about this project and, you know, a feeling that this was a transformational project for the City of Ottawa, that this was going to, sort of, move us into the big leagues. It was going to be a game changer for our community in terms of how they moved around the City. It was a very hopeful time.

And we really truly believe that this was a project that was really going to be a net benefit for many years to come for our City. So for me, and I think for all of Council, there was a lot of enthusiasm around this project and a belief that, you know, it was a game changer for us.

KATE MCGRANN: Where you involved in -- let me put it this way. I believe that you sat as a member of FEDCO for a period of time.

1	DIANE DEANS: I did.
2	KATE MCGRANN: I shouldn't use
3	acronyms without explaining what they mean, so I
4	think we're talking about the Financial and
5	Economic Development Committee.
6	DIANE DEANS: Correct.
7	KATE MCGRANN: And when were you a
8	member of FEDCO?
9	DIANE DEANS: You're taxing my memory.
10	You know, we're going over a long period of
11	time. I was a member of FEDCO, I believe,
12	throughout that whole process until the start of
13	this term in 2018.
14	KATE MCGRANN: So call it, it would
15	have been 2010 to 2018, sort of, two terms?
16	DIANE DEANS: Even further back.
17	KATE MCGRANN: Further back.
18	DIANE DEANS: I don't know if that's
19	relevant. But I was throughout a member of
20	FEDCO.
21	KATE MCGRANN: Let me ask a few
22	questions about the LRT project that was stopped
23	before Council turned to Stage I of the LRT.
24	You've referred to it as the Chiarelli
25	line. That's a line that was planned to move

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north-south across the City and was cancelled in around 2009, 2010 I believe.

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. It was 29 kilometres of track from Barrhaven to the University of Ottawa, service rail through the core of the City. And it was started under Mayor Bob Chiarelli.

KATE MCGRANN: Do you know if the City did any sort of look-back or review exercise on the work that was done on that line to identify elements that it wanted to carry forward and also to identify areas in which it wanted to do things differently in order to achieve a different or better outcome as part of its work process for the line itself?

DIANE DEANS: I can't say, Kate, that I recall if that happened or not.

KATE MCGRANN: Do you know if any decisions that had been made about the City's requirements for that line - what it wanted it to look like, how it wanted it to perform - were carried forward from that project to Stage I of the LRT?

DIANE DEANS: I can't answer that question with any degree of certainty either,

other than to say that the City manager was Kent Kirkpatrick during those years. And the City manager who had a pivotal role was also the City manager at the commencement of Stage I or the Confederation line.

So I would have to believe that the key elements were carried forward. I also, you know -- I have this recollection, and it's a memory, but I couldn't -- I couldn't say any words with any degree of certainty, it was so long ago. But I do have this memory that Kent felt that, perhaps, Council had been over involved in the first line. And they had over shared information. It was a bit onerous, and so, maybe, needed less, and needed to delegate more authority going forward.

KATE MCGRANN: With respect to the delegation of authority, and I understand that authority was delegated in pieces over time. It didn't all happen in one decision or one move.

But from where you were sitting as a member of Council, was there a different approach to the delegation of authority taken with respect to Stage I of the LRT as compared to the North-South line that preceded it?

1 DIANE DEANS: Yeah. There was -- I 2 Infrastructure Ontario was now in charge, 3 but there was clearly less communication and 4 day-to-day information sharing with Council. 5 So that's how I perceived the change in the delegated authority that we had, maybe, 7 learned some lessons from the Chiarelli line, 8 and moving forward were, perhaps, somewhat 9 convinced that we didn't need as much day-to-day 10 as we were getting. So, yeah, there was a 11 discernible change in the information flow to 12 Council. 13 KATE MCGRANN: And was that change 14 explicitly discussed with Council, We're going 15 to change the nature or the amount of 16 information that is shared and here is why, kind 17 of, a discussion? 18 Now, I quess it's my DIANE DEANS: 19 overall sense that that happened. But I just 2.0 cannot recall the conversation. I'm sorry. 21 KATE MCGRANN: You mentioned that with 22 respect to Stage I of the LRT, IO was in charge. 23 What did you understand IO's role to 24 be, Infrastructure Ontario's role to be 25 vis-à-vis the City for Stage I of the LRT?

1 DIANE DEANS: Yes. I quess 2 quarterback in a way that they were responsible 3 overall for bringing elements in, and for, sort 4 of, the day-to-day project operations advice to 5 the City that perhaps the City didn't have in terms of level of expertise and different 7 barriers that Infrastructure Ontario, having 8 other projects, would have access to information 9 and advice and expertise that, perhaps, we 10 didn't have access to. 11 Are you able to be more KATE MCGRANN: 12 specific about the areas of expertise that 13 Infrastructure Ontario brought to the work that 14 was being done on Stage I of the LRT? 15 I don't feel right now. DIANE DEANS: 16 I'd almost have to give that some thought to be 17 able to answer that question, and maybe go back 18 and look at some of the reports. But off the 19 top of my head, I don't feel that I can expound 2.0 upon that. 21 KATE MCGRANN: And sitting here today, 22 what's your view on the results of having 23 Infrastructure Ontario involved in the project? 24 I've been thinking a lot DIANE DEANS:

about this because the timeline has gone on.

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And where we are today has kind of, probably, changed my view. So retrospectively what I knew then and what I know now are, sort of, two worlds apart. And so at the time, I believed that Infrastructure Ontario was helpful. I still believe that today that Infrastructure Ontario was probably the right way to go.

Fast-forward to the award of contract on Stage II, and Infrastructure Ontario was eliminated in favour of Norton Rose Fulbright, and I think that was a huge mistake. And at the time, I can't tell you who told us that, but I believe my recollection of that is that we were told that IO was too busy, they had other big projects in Toronto, they weren't focused on Ottawa anymore, and that we should go with Norton Rose Fulbright.

And I think that was a huge mistake for us. I think Norton Rose Fulbright was far too close to SNC-Lavalin. In fact, they acted for SNC-Lavalin, and they may have had a firewall, but it wasn't very fireproof, in my estimation.

And I kind of feel that we were sold a bit of a bill of goods on IO's capacity and

committee?

1 ability to continue to provide help and advice 2 and service for our large infrastructure project 3 of that nature to the City of Ottawa. 4 KATE MCGRANN: I'm only saying this 5 because you mention the name of a law firm, but 6 I'll say it now and then this applies throughout 7 our conversation this morning. In none of my 8 questions am I asking you to share any advice 9 that's been provided by legal counsel to the 10 City, or advice sought, legal advice sought. 11 So if one of my questions sounds like 12 it's looking for that kind of information, 13 please let me know, because I will clarify or 14 change it. 15 DIANE DEANS: Okay. 16 KATE MCGRANN: What can you tell me 17 about FEDCO's role during the time that you 18 remember that committee in overseeing or working 19 on Stage I of the LRT? 2.0 DIANE DEANS: Can you repeat that 21 question, Kate? 22 What can you tell KATE MCGRANN: Yes. 23 me about FEDCO's role in Stage I of the LRT 24 during the time that you were a member of that

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DIANE DEANS: FEDCO was, probably, more in the driver seat than the Transit

Commission. The Transit Commission was more focused on operational issues, and the LRT was centred, decisions, discussions, ongoing information sharing, what is happening at the FEDCO committee.

You know, the Mayor chairs FEDCO, and the Mayor very much wanted to be in the driver's seat on this project, and understandably so.

And it's our largest infrastructure project in the City's history.

There was a lot riding on this. There was a lot at stake. And so FEDCO was showing the, sort of, channel for information and ongoing discussion on the contracts and on the project.

KATE MCGRANN: You spoke earlier about as contrasted to the North-South line, Council receiving less information about the work done on Stage I of the LRT.

Was it the same situation for FEDCO?

Did you feel that FEDCO was receiving less

information than Council had received on the

North-South line?

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DIANE DEANS: Absolutely. The information was getting less and less as we moved forward. And I couldn't tell you the exact moment in time when the light bulb went off and I realized that we weren't getting the information that we needed in the performance of our duty oversight.

But it did go off for me along the way that there was information that Council really needed to have, and were asking for it. And there were things, Kate, specifics that I could point to, like the decisions around the Chiarelli line or the North-South line were informed by things like ridership studies, and that.

And Phase II, I recall asking Nancy Schepers about what the ridership study indicated in terms of making those early decisions on the track, and where it should go, and all of those things. And they had abandoned the idea of ridership studies, which, to me, seems kind of fundamental. You know, you're building a brand-new transit line, ensuring that you're going to have the riders to support the line would seem to be a fundamental.

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But that sort of stuff, decision was not being made at the Council table or even at the FEDCO table. It was being made somewhere else, and Council was merely being informed of it, not involved in that level of the internal decision-making.

And I felt that we really needed to understand the ridership projections, and things like that, to be comfortable with the decisions that were being taken.

KATE MCGRANN: Well, with respect to the change in approach as related to ridership studies, you said that they had abandoned ridership studies. Who were you referring to?

DIANE DEANS: Well, I was referring to City staff because they were the ones that were doing the answering questions to members of Council. And they -- I can't recall the details of it, but it's probably on a record somewhere, Nancy Schepers explaining that we didn't need the ridership studies anymore.

There was also in the Chiarelli line, there was also continuous auditing that happened. So it was just -- there was just auditing ongoing all the time in a number of

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aspects of the project. And when we got to the Confederation line, you know, I started hearing -- you know, people talk, and I can't even tell you who necessarily.

You know, you bump into people on the street. Everywhere you go, people want to talk about this project. It was huge. And I was hearing all kinds of things about property acquisitions and different aspects of the project that people were saying.

I remember hearing one day that the City was paying Scotiabank a lease at the corner of Rideau and Sussex for a year or more as part of a negotiation, and we weren't getting any of that information at the Council table. They weren't sharing with us the arrangements that were being made from property acquisition perspective.

And so, I started asking for continuous auditing as had been done in the North-South line, and that was rejected. And as time went on and we were going along and the more and more requests I was making for information and they were all being shut down was becoming increasingly worrisome to me that

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that information was purposefully being hidden from Council.

KATE MCGRANN: A couple of follow-up questions there. The continuous auditing of the previous North-South line that you mentioned, could you be more specific as to what areas or aspects of the project were audited or give some examples?

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. I can't. I haven't gone back and looked at exactly what that was. I just remember that that was a function of it and our audit department was performing that function throughout. And the details of that are -- I mean, that's a long time back. It's pretty fuzzy in my mind now. But I know that that was a function of the first stage.

KATE MCGRANN: When you sought -DIANE DEANS: And to begin with, there
was an auditor that -- the audit -- the audit
department changed, too. So we had a new
audit -- auditor there. And the former -- some
of the former staff had left.

But I was hearing from some people that had previously worked there that, you know,

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they were able to conduct a lot of audits in a year, and even though we had hired an extra, I think, deputy auditor in the department, the number of audits had actually diminished rather substantially from what they used to perform in that department.

Now, of course, the breadth and depth of an audit might inform how many you can do, and I certainly understand that. But there was this -- I had a sense that there -- someone was giving an order that there was not to be any auditing of this done. That was my sense.

MATE MCGRANN: The sense that there may have been instructions or directions provided to not do as many audits. Any basis for that belief in addition to the fact that the number of audits being performed, to your understanding, had decreased, any other reasons that you thought that --

DIANE DEANS: Just because increasingly so, I was getting the sense that the decisions were being made away from the public view and that there were, you know, some members of Council closer to the Mayor than I certainly was, that were involved in making sure

1 that this information didn't come to light. 2. And those of us who were asking the 3 questions, we were losing every vote at the 4 Council table. So I mean, it's just a 5 perception that I had that, for whatever reason, 6 information was being kept from Council and from 7 the public. 8 KATE MCGRANN: With respect to your 9 request to introduce auditing on Stage I of the 10 LRT, you said that that request was rejected. 11 Was that through a vote of Council? 12 Or how was that request --13 DIANE DEANS: Yeah. It was through a 14 vote of Council. I can't remember when that 15 was, and I had a timeline here. But they did 16 one audit. I might be able to find that if you 17 gave me a second, Kate. 18 If we take a break, I'll look it up 19 and we can come back to it. How's that? 2.0 KATE MCGRANN: That's helpful. Let me 21 just make a note of that. 22 So just to make sure I understand this 23 correctly. I think that you had both said that 24 the amount of information available to Council 25 with respect to the work being done on Stage I

1 from the outset was less as compared to the work done on the North-South line? 2 3 DIANE DEANS: Yes. 4 KATE MCGRANN: And also that the 5 amount of information that was made available to 6 Council over the life of the OLRT1 project 7 decreased over time? 8 DIANE DEANS: That is Correct. 9 definitely my impression. 10 KATE MCGRANN: Generally, what is, in 11 your view, the impact of that lessening of that 12 information being shared on Council's ability to 13 do its job with respect to Stage I of the OLRT? 14 DIANE DEANS: Well, we, as a member of 15 Council, we have duties that are prescribed 16 under the Municipal Act. And one is the duty of 17 oversight. And certainly, when you are spending 18 a large amount of public dollars, the public 19 expectation, very rightfully so, is that the 20 public will be kept informed through their 21 members of Council and that's the structure 22 that's in place. 23 And so when Council, you know -- when 24 information is blocked to Council, it's also 25 blocked to the public - the people that are

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paying the bills.

So, for me, it's fundamental. It also means that I'm not performing my job in accordance with the Act. And so, I take my roles as member Council very seriously. really believe that I have a duty, even if it's a little uncomfortable, to ask those probing questions and to get to the bottom of what's going on, and to feel assured that, you know, things are being done properly and that, you know, nothing untoward is happening.

And when you are getting less and less information and you're getting the sense that information is purposefully being withheld, you start -- the confidence in the whole project starts eroding. And that happened for me.

KATE MCGRANN: I'm going to turn to ask you some questions, hopefully chronologically, through the progress of the project. But before I do that, I just want to check with my colleague, Ms. McClellan, do you have any questions based on anything we've discussed so far?

> I don't, no. LIZ MCLELLAN:

I have some questions

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for you about the decisions that were made in the first election to the procurement and delivery model for this project.

Can you tell me what you recall about the decisions made about the delivery model and how the delivery model ultimately used design, build, finance, maintain was selected.

DIANE DEANS: I mean, I can recall conversations at the Council table about the procurement model and adding the maintenance as a way to, I think, make the affordability model work for the proponent.

And so originally, I think we had design, build, finance model. And then I believe we added on "maintain" later if I'm not mistaken. Or maybe it was design, build, maintain, and we added on "finance". I can't quite remember. I think it was "maintain" came later.

But I don't recall the specifics around the discussion about the maintenance agreement other than the general sense that I have that Council was told that they needed the maintenance contract over a long period of time to make the affordability model work.

And I must say as a member of Council, knowing what I know now, I regret that. I mean, a 30-year contract retrospectively -- hindsight it's a great thing. But retrospectively, a 30-year contract with a company that we knew so little about was, I think, not in the public interest.

And we found out that, you know, the maintenance has been substandard to date and we've had two derailments. And one was solely based on substandard maintenance, and probably the axil break was, too, when we really get right down to it.

But not having local expertise, I think has been a real problem here. And so we were buying what our staff were selling because none of us sitting at that table are experts in rail, or experts in light rail systems. Our engineers -- or have any in-depth knowledge.

And so to a certain extent, we hear from the experts that this is the best option for the City for a variety of reasons, and we take that at face value. I took it at face value. Don't think I would do that again now knowing what I know now. But that's the benefit

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of hindsight.

KATE MCGRANN: With respect to the discussion about including the maintenance component in the design, build, finance, maintain model, do you recall if there were any discussions about the upsides of including the maintenance model? You've identified one already that it was going to make the affordability cap more workable for the proponents. Have I got that right?

DIANE DEANS: Yes.

KATE MCGRANN: Any discussions of any other upsides or benefits that would flow to the City from including the maintenance component and the delivery model?

DIANE DEANS: I cannot recall.

KATE MCGRANN: Do you recall any discussion about potential risks that may flow from including the maintenance component, and how those risks could be understood, addressed or mitigated?

DIANE DEANS: I don't recall the specifics of those conversations. I'm sorry.

KATE MCGRANN: That's okay. Do you recall any discussions about including the

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financing component in the model that was ultimately chosen?

DIANE DEANS: I just vaquely recall the discussion about transferring risk to the private sector partner, and that that was in the City's interest to transfer that risk. And that they would be taking on -- you know, this is uncharted water for the City, that something we haven't done before; that certainly tunneling under the downtown core of the City had a lot of risk associated with it, financial risk; and that, you know, having a private sector partner that would be assuming all of that risk would, you know, basically quarantee cost to the taxpayers, and make sure that that mantra that emerged, "on time and on budget", would ultimately occur because we were, sort of, quaranteeing the budget.

And I think that gets into this whole issue of budgets, which I think turned out to not be as billed either, really, to Council that this was the panacea. And that's, sort of, the sense that I had that if we transferred this risk to the private sector, that these numbers were guaranteed, and that any cost overruns

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would be borne by the private sector proponent, not by the taxpayers; and that, you know, even if you pay a little more upfront, that having that guarantee, had value.

KATE MCGRANN: With respect to the project budget, do you recall any concerns or discussion before the RFP was released about whether the budget was sufficient to achieve what the City was hoping to achieve with Stage I of the LRT?

I can't recall specific DIANE DEANS: conversations. I know that we are very focused on money. I know that we got guarantees from the upper tier governments early on in the project for their 600 million-dollar contributions. And it's probably too early on, is, I think, the lesson that we learned that those were, I don't know, Class D estimates or something, they were high level estimates, and I think had not taken into account inflation or time between when we were at that stage and when we actually got the shovels in the ground on the project and that the prices escalated and the costs have escalated.

And the upper tier governments were

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not adding on inflationary costs or anything else. Theirs was fixed at \$600 million each.

And so all of the additional costs were going to be borne by the taxpayers.

You know, we -- I think that price rose to 2.1, which already made the City on the hook for more than the upper tier, even though it was supposed to be a three-way partnership, we were already paying more than they were.

And then we had a mayor that had a mantra which was "on time and on budget". And our mayor is very focused on the bottom line.

And my sense is that he was driving hard that mantra on budget and that, you know, if corners had to be cut to stick to that number, then corners were to be cut to stick to that number because that was his promise to the public and he was going to keep it.

KATE MCGRANN: You mentioned that if corners needed to be cut to stick to the budget, they would be cut.

Are you aware of any corners that were cut with respect to Stage I of the LRT?

DIANE DEANS: I'm certainly aware of decisions that were made. Like, there was

supposed to be transit stop at the NAC downtown, that was eliminated from the project.

I think they were going over it with a fine tooth comb to make sure that they were staying within those numbers. And I also -- I had this sense, and I can't say if I'm right about it, but you get senses in your mind of things that are going on.

I had this sense that, you know, they were bringing projects on board that -- they were saying that it made sense if we're digging up this part of the street, then we should do this project at the same time. And so they were identifying projects along the way that should get priority because they had some relationship to this build.

And I always had the sense that that is one of the ways they were kind of burying costs in other budgets in order to not go over that \$2.1 billion number.

KATE MCGRANN: And from where you're sitting today, was the project brought in on budget?

DIANE DEANS: I don't believe it was at all. You know, I remember asking questions

at the Council table about what projects, other projects in our City were set aside or delayed or torpedoed in some way or another in order that this project got completed because, yeah, I had a strong sense that we were underfunding things as fundamental as our snow project.

I mean, for year over year, our snow budget was being clearly underfunded. And I always had the impression it's because we did not have enough money. I mean, municipalities primarily would get our money from tax revenue, and we just -- and development charges, but primarily from taxation. And we just did not have enough money to be able to shore up all of this, and we issued a lot of debt.

We now have the largest debt in the City of Ottawa's history. And we have a lot of needy infrastructure projects everywhere else in the City that didn't get funded because of the priority that LRT was taking.

KATE MCGRANN: Before I move too far away from this, I just want to finish our discussion about the concept that corners may have been cut on the LRT in order to stay within budget. You mentioned the elimination of one

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transit stop.

Are you aware of any other corners that were cut in order to try to stay within the budget for this project?

DIANE DEANS: You know, Kate, I'd have to think about that a little bit more. I'd have to really, kind of, try and recall what I was hearing at the time. I hadn't anticipated this question, so I haven't thought about it. But maybe it's something that we could come back to at a later date if need be.

KATE MCGRANN: Sticking with a budget for a minute longer here, do you have any sense or what is your view on what factors in the project may have contributed to the budget landing where it has, obviously?

DIANE DEANS: Can you just repeat that question?

KATE MCGRANN: Yes. I'm wondering if you have any views of what factors or elements of the project led to it costing what it ultimately cost as compared to the budget that was originally set?

DIANE DEANS: I think we just underfunded the project. I think it was just

more costly than we anticipated. We had never done it before, so I don't think that we really recognized the complexity.

Probably, that whole model, the design, build, finance, there was a real focus on money on that contract, and so, you get what you pay for. And the focus was more on money than quality would be my, kind of, sense of what happened.

Even when -- I know we are not talking about Stage II today. But certainly, money was a driving factor in the award of contracts in Stage II. It was not quality. And you would think that we might have learned something by then, but apparently not.

But money was, I think, the primary driving factor. And money does not translate to quality. And I think that there had to be a more balanced approach between ensuring that a standard was met throughout, whether it be in the maintenance contract, or whether it be in the actual infrastructure build itself that was just lacking. And so, yeah, I think that was, probably, the primary issue.

KATE MCGRANN: We have been talking

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about the, sort of, pre-procurement and procurement phase. So stepping back to that time in the project, what do you recall about what the City was looking for as it headed into the procurement phase, specifically with respect to the vehicles that would be purchased to run on the line?

Do you remember if the City had any specific requirements or if it was looking for any specific components on the vehicles, for example.

DIANE DEANS: I don't recall the specifics of the components. But I know that there were lots of discussions about Ottawa being a winter city, and that, you know, we are in the snow belt, and that the trains needed to be able to perform in winter conditions.

That's the primary issue on the acquisition of the trains, that I recall.

KATE MCGRANN: But do you remember whether you or Council were given any information about what steps were taken to try to obtain trains that could run in Ottawa's winter conditions?

DIANE DEANS: It's so hard to remember

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the specifics. I mean, I remember being told that these trains, Alstom, you know, had experience in winter conditions, and that they had provided trains in other countries where they have similar conditions.

What I don't think I fully understood at the time is that this was a new train that was untested in other winter cities, and was probably not the right train or technology for Ottawa winters. And I can't recall the specifics at all. I wish I was more of an engineer.

But there was some sort of power box that was appended to the bottom or underneath the car that was dragging early on, and dragging snow to pile up. And just the way it was constructed, it was just not for winter weather at all.

And it was only after we started seeing the problems with the fundamentals of this train, I think, did we really get the message that this was probably not the right train for this climate.

KATE MCGRANN: Just following on the statement that this probably wasn't the right

train for this climate. So you've explained that there's a power box appended to the car that was driving snow and causing issues.

Any other reasons why this would not be the right train for Ottawa's winter climate?

DIANE DEANS: They didn't have plows. They didn't have a way to plow the snow that they were coming into. There was no consideration given for how that snow ahead of them was going to be plowed. They actually had to buy aftermarket, some sort of technology to go out and clear the tracks. It was not built into the system. I recall that.

Those are the main ones that I recall. There were lots of other issues that came up where they related to winter conditions. It's foggy in my mind now. The catenary wires, the jammed doors, all the other things that were happening. I'm not sure that that was necessarily related to winter conditions.

KATE MCGRANN: With respect to the power box that caused issues due to the driving snow, are you aware if efforts have been made to address that, and if so, whether they were successful?

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. I think along the way, a lot of effort has been made to address the deficiencies in the system. Although, I think, fundamentally, my impression is fundamentally, we are always going to have problems with this technology because it's probably just the wrong technology. And you can make adjustments along the way to try and make things better. But, you know, I think it was just the wrong technology.

And I've heard from people that are more expert than me that, you know, the tracks were not laid properly. They're not the right tracks for our winter conditions. I don't know. I mean, I'm not an expert, so I don't profess to be, and I don't profess to have first-hand knowledge of that.

But I think there's certainly some opinion with people that know more about this technology that I do that the fundamentals are wrong.

KATE MCGRANN: Well, with respect to the tracks not being the right tracks and/or not being laid properly, where did that information come from?

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DIANE DEANS: I wish I -- I can't -- I can't tell you that I recall who has said that to me. I mean, people talk about this train all the time. So, unfortunately, they leave an impression in your mind. But I just don't recall the conversations.

KATE MCGRANN: Can you help me understand the basis for your belief that for this system and these vehicles, there's always going to be problems?

DIANE DEANS: You know, I mean, you raise a really good point because, frankly, when I look at the North-South line, and I mean, it's a different technology, it's diesel. But we've had a really good experience with it. And we've had capacity and our run-times have been pretty solid, and breakdowns have been minimal, and disruptions to service have been minimal. And yes, it was a good experience.

But I guess I'm just so tainted by the experience of the Confederation line now. And I've read things about other municipalities that have had problems with electrified light rapid transit systems that, I guess, I've sort of got in my mind to some extent, problems are going to

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happen. Do I think that this has been a particularly bad experience? Yes.

KATE MCGRANN: What are the other municipalities that you are using as comparators when you say that you've read about other municipalities with issues and things like that?

DIANE DEANS: Edmonton. I know that Edmonton was late. They had issues with theirs. I think Vancouver has had some issues. The City of Toronto, you know, and the construction of their -- I forget the name of their line, the crosstown line. I think they've had delays.

And just my sense is that building major infrastructure projects like this one are fraught with difficulties. But I don't think all to the same magnitude by any stretch of the imagination. And I do think that the City of Ottawa's experience has been particularly, frankly, embarrassing.

KATE MCGRANN: Just to wrap up this area of discussion, and trying to understand why you believe that the system is always going to have problems.

You mentioned a comparison to the North-South line and the experience with that

1 line as compared to the experience with the 2 Have I got that right? Stage I. 3 DIANE DEANS: Yes. 4 KATE MCGRANN: And then you also 5 mentioned a comparison to other municipalities 6 with light rail lines, Edmonton, Vancouver, the 7 City of Toronto. Have I got that right? 8 DIANE DEANS: Yes. 9 KATE MCGRANN: And then I'll suggest 10 to you that this belief is also informed by the 11 experience with Stage I of the LRT so far and 12 what you've seen about that. Is that fair? 13 DIANE DEANS: IJm-hmm. 14 KATE MCGRANN: Any other information 15 that you received that is informing your belief 16 that, maybe, there's always going to be problems 17 with Stage I of the LRT. 18 Well, I -- my sense is DIANE DEANS: 19 that the maintenance contract is a huge issue. 2.0 When we have a breakdown, we don't have enough 21 local people that are trained and professional 22 in electrified light rapid transit systems on 23 hand to be able to address the issues in a 24 timely fashion. So I think that's problematic, 25 and I think that's going to be an ongoing issue.

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I mean, I said to you before, I suspect corners were cut in terms of what was done in order to meet the financial obligations and keep that budget on track. And you know when you cut corners financially and make decisions and buy things that are probably not the top-of-the-line or even midline that you get problems.

And I've had people, lots of people telling me about different aspects of this system that know way more about it than I do that say that things were just done improperly. I will show you one example. Just a little show-and-tell for you.

Someone, a father-and-son team, they were -- and I'm not going to be able to describe this to you at all. But they are a father-and-son team of engineers brought this to my office. And it's a model that they made of the wheel bearing system.

And they went over in great detail - I took notes; I don't have them with me today - of how this whole system was configured. And they told me that, basically, the second derailment was pretty rudimentary, and that the engineers

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that understand these things can look at this and understand why it failed, and that it shouldn't have been that difficult.

And so that -- it's stuff like this that leads me to believe that we just don't have the expertise, we don't have the right people, we don't have the depth of knowledge that it takes to be relatively problem-free.

KATE MCGRANN: When you say that people who know more about this are talking to you about the system, know more about this than you, were talking to you about the system, you referenced the father-son team of engineers.

Who else falls under that group that's been speaking to you about the system?

DIANE DEANS: I've talked to people that know people that have been in the tunnel. And people just, frankly, on the street even that come up to me and say, You know, I've got a friend that works for one of the subcontractors, and this was during the construction, and I can tell you that there were huge problems in the tunnel, there's no systems integrator down there, they're bumping into each other.

I mean, at the time, I, frankly,

didn't even know what the term "systems integrator" meant. But, you know, it was described to me if you are doing a home renovation project and you've got a plumber and an electrician and a dry-waller, and all those things, you need somebody that's corralling them all, and making sure that they are not bumping into each other, and that was not happening in the tunnel.

So people were just sharing all that kind of anecdotal information with me. I didn't seek to verify any of it. But people were just -- were just telling me things that were happening.

KATE MCGRANN: I'm trying to think about the right way to summarize what you've described. But it sounds like when you talk about people who know more about the system than you, you're talking about people who you encounter in your day-to-day life as opposed to professional advisors to the City or City staff or anyone working directly on the project. Is that fair?

DIANE DEANS: I mean, I have had conversations with City staff who have shared

1 opinions with me about different aspects of it 2 that have gone wrong. I mean, I'm a fairly 3 recognizable person in Ottawa, so I can tell 4 you, pretty much anywhere I go, people -through this project, people had opinions, so I 5 6 was hearing a lot of information and opinions 7 from a lot of people. 8 When you say that City KATE MCGRANN: 9 staff would share opinions with you about things 10 that have gone wrong, what are the things that 11 have been identified to you by City staff? 12 DIANE DEANS: Over the Phase I --13 KATE MCGRANN: Yes. 14 DIANE DEANS: -- the Confed line? 15 Yeah, I can't think of specifics that have been 16 identified. I mean, I think Phase II, I can 17 think of a few. But Phase I, nothing is popping 18 into my mind right now. 19 KATE MCGRANN: You mentioned earlier 2.0 in our conversation that the maintenance of the 21 Confederation line has been substandard to date. 22 Can you help me understand what 23 information lead to you forming that belief? 24 Well, the second DIANE DEANS: 25 derailment, and the TSB coming in and saying

that, you know, they hadn't torqued the wheels properly and, you know, it's hard to feel confident when you hear that sort of thing.

And even the other ones. Even the axil break in the first one. There were multiple derailments that we've been told occurred in the yard. We've never really heard a lot about permanent fixes to these issues, just maybe enhanced maintenance more than actual fixes.

KATE MCGRANN: And have you seen any improvement or any change to the maintenance and the effects of the maintenance on the lines since the system returned after the second derailment, return to public service.

DIANE DEANS: I can't say yes to that question. And primarily, I think the reason is because of a pandemic. You know, we have been receiving a lot less information on what's been happening.

I mean, certainly, the pandemic took front and centre. And then, of course, the Freedom Convoy. I think we've had some other high -- high-profile issues that have kind of, maybe, put the transit system a little bit more

off the front page and off our minds.

either. But I just feel that I'm not as informed as we were previously about what was happening. And with fewer riders, I mean, when they don't meet their obligations for a number of trains or there's -- we don't hear as much hue and cry from the public as we did previously when the ridership was a lot higher.

So once your ridership gets diminished so substantially, you perhaps mask the problems a little better than you did when you were running a peak service that thousands of people every hour were dependent on to get to their workplaces and other obligations.

KATE MCGRANN: When you say that you're not getting as much information as you were previously, I just want to make sure I understand what you are referring to there. I understand that there's been a decrease in public feedback with respect to the system. Is that right?

DIANE DEANS: Yes.

KATE MCGRANN: And there has been a change in the ridership as a result of the

1 pandemic and otherwise. Is that right? 2. DIANE DEANS: That's correct. 3 KATE MCGRANN: In addition to those 4 two factors, with respect to the information 5 that's being provided to you as a City Councillor about the maintenance on the system 7 and the system performance, has there been a change in the amount or the nature of 9 information that you've been receiving? 10 DIANE DEANS: Probably me personally, 11 I don't know if I -- I wouldn't speak for 12 Council or for the Transit Commission for that. 13 I mean, my focus has been very much on policing 14 especially in the last few months. So I haven't 15 necessarily attended all of the Transit 16 Commission meetings of late. So that might be 17 my own issue as much as anything else. 18 But I do know that the level and 19 discourse has come down on transit as less 2.0 people have been using the system. 21 KATE MCGRANN: Okay. But I take it 22 that you don't see necessarily a relationship 23 between the change in the level of discourse and 24 the quality of the maintenance that's being 25 provided? To be more clear, I don't think that

you see the fact that there's less discourse is evidence that the maintenance has improved on the line.

DIANE DEANS: No, I don't. And you know the Chair of the Transit Commission has cancelled a few meetings. And I'm always a little sceptical when that happens, especially when they haven't met in a long time and the public is seeking information. And then, for whatever reason, the meeting is cancelled and delayed for quite some time, that does not breed confidence in me or, I think, in the public that information is being freely shared.

KATE MCGRANN: Other than the fact that meetings have been cancelled, anything else -- anything else inform your belief that information may not be being freely shared with respect to the LRT?

DIANE DEANS: I mean, there's a lot.

But part of it is Stage II now, too, because

Stage II is, sort of, getting rolled into it.

And, yeah, I've just gotten to the point where I personally don't really believe that Council is getting the information or, frankly, the public, because we are there to be the eyes and ears for

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the public and getting the information that we need in the performance of our duties.

KATE MCGRANN: Circling back to our discussion on maintenance, and we were talking about what informed your belief that the maintenance has been substandard to date. So you've mentioned the first and second derailments on the line, and you mentioned derailments in the yard.

Anything else inform your belief that the maintenance has been substandard to date?

DIANE DEANS: Well, just, I mean, just perhaps media reports and reports that we received of different problems. I mean, there's just a smorgasbord of things that went wrong with the tracks not being plowed early on, with breaks in the catenary wires, with the door jams.

I mean, to a certain extent, I get it.

You know, you purchase a new technology and
there's going to be wrinkles in it. You buy a
new car, same thing. There might be issues.

But this, to me, the degree and level and continuousness, if that's a word, of the problems has, sort of, left me to believe that

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just the maintenance is just substandard.

KATE MCGRANN: But in addition to what you have described and what you've seen and experienced on the line, have you been provided with any assessment of the maintenance work done on the line to date, or any reports analyzing the quality of the maintenance provided or identifying any issues with it?

PETER WARDLE: I just want to flag,
Kate, if I can, that counsel has received
privilege reports from Council, including
consultants who have been retained directly by
our firm in connection with the litigation, and
those deal directly with the maintenance issues.
So I think, if I can make a suggestion, I think
with respect to the work of TRA, that has been
-- that's not subject to any privilege, so I
don't have a problem with Councillor Deans
referring to TRA.

But there's certainly, at least, one other consultant I'm aware of who is doing work for the City that counsel has been briefed on in-camera and I just want to be careful about that.

DIANE DEANS: Again, it's always hard

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1 for me to remember what information that was 2 shared in-camera and was shared in public. 3 looking at the clock. I think we're just about 4 halfway through or getting to that point. 5 I'm wondering if this would be a reasonable time 6 to take a short break? 7 KATE MCGRANN: Of course, we can take 8 It's 10:13 on my calendar. a break. Shall we 9 come back, is 10:25 okay? 10 DIANE DEANS: Absolutely. 11 -- RECESS TAKEN AT 10:13 A.M. 12 -- RESUME AT 10:24 A.M. 13 KATE MCGRANN: Earlier in our 14 discussion this morning, we've been talking 15 about efforts that you took to try to introduce 16 audits on Stage I of the LRT. And there was one 17 audit that you wanted to come back to after the break, so I just wanted to check with you, was 18 19 there anything that you wanted to share about 20 that audit? 21 DIANE DEANS: Yeah. That was in 2016.

I had, at the audit committee, tried to add to

the work plan the notion of continuous auditing, and the auditor had said -- I had indicated at that meeting that I was concerned that neesonsreporting.com

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LRT-related costs were being buried in other budgets. The auditor said that he felt the scope that I was looking for in terms of auditing was too broad.

So at a Council meeting, subsequent to that, I think it was at the year end, I narrowed the scope to auditing around real estate transactions. And that motion lost on a 6 to 18 divide.

KATE MCGRANN: And what records did you look at to refresh your memory about that?

DIANE DEANS: Well, I just -- articles that my staff put together in a binder for me, that just -- just articles, and also reports and things that have been put together in a binder for me just to trigger my memory of things that happened.

KATE MCGRANN: Other than your concerns that costs from the Stage I LRT project were being placed or buried in other City projects, were there any other aspects of the project that you were hoping would be subject to an audit or other review that have not been subject to that kind of scrutiny?

DIANE DEANS: I mean, pretty much

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every aspect of it I felt needed to -- the way I view our audit function, our internal audit function is a bit of an early warning system to Council that they're, kind of, watching more of the details on an ongoing basis.

So they're, sort of, picking and choosing different aspects whether it be maintenance of the system, whether it be property acquisition. Regardless of what it is, ridership, anything that, you know, they pick and choose different aspects and take a look at and report to Council that, you know, their findings are in accordance with our expectations.

So that's why I would -- the notion of continuous auditing that I learned through the original North-South plan seemed, in a project of this magnitude, to be a prudent thing for Council to be requesting. And I honestly could not understand why Council wouldn't want to do that.

KATE MCGRANN: Right before the break, we had been talking about maintenance work done on the line. And I had asked you whether you were aware of any reports or analysis or

assessment of the maintenance work done, and I will remind you that I'm not looking for any information, any legal advice, or maybe I'll just remind you of your counsel's caution with respect to what is subject to solicitor-client privilege here. But he did note that you could speak about the TRA reports.

So what information did you take from the TRA report, if anything, about the quality of the maintenance work that has been done on the system?

DIANE DEANS: You know, it's vague in my mind, as well. And it's all, kind of, blurred together what was in-camera and what wasn't, so it's kind of difficult for me.

But the TRA, I mean, I think, my sort of high-level assessment of that report, it was a bit vague. And the bottom line, take away for me was that they were suggesting that we needed extra help and there was a commitment that RTM would bring in extra help to address the shortcomings and the maintenance.

KATE MCGRANN: So when you say that we needed extra help, who were you referring to when you say "we"?

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needed extra help. The maintenance, I think we discussed that before the break in a little bit more detail that the maintenance seemed substandard, that there didn't seem to be the expertise. This certain isn't the local expertise on the ground here. They were bringing people from overseas when we had a problem, and so the TRA assessment was, Yep, we have a problem and we'll bring in extra help.

regular normal course, I will call it, normal course reporting on the maintenance of the system? And I'll give you an example of what I'm referring to. A sort of monthly report on the maintenance -- the maintainer's ability to meet KPIs from the prior month or a general report and how the maintenance was going.

Anything like that?

DIANE DEANS: I have to remind you at the very start of our conversation this morning, I indicated to you that I had taken a medical leave of absence. And that medical leave of absence fell exactly at the start of revenue service for LRT. So at the very outset, for the

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first 11 months of the system, I was on medical leave of absence and was not receiving those reports.

So I have a big gap in my knowledge of what was occurring in terms of reporting at the very outset when it was particularly problematic. So I don't think that I'm the best source of that information.

KATE MCGRANN: I'm just asking you to speak for the time period since you've returned from your medical leave, what kind of normal course reporting has Council been receiving about the work done by the maintenance team, and whether it is meeting expectations or not.

DIANE DEANS: We've had reporting. I couldn't say that it was monthly. It was, I think, slightly more sporadic than that. I think it was probably more quarterly than monthly.

And Mr. Manconi, who was the general manager until quite recently, in the interim would send memorandums to members of Council providing information. But I mean, I had a general sense they didn't love coming to Committee or Council and sharing a lot of

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information.

So sometimes when I felt they should have been a meeting where we could probe and ask questions, instead we received a memo where we really could not have that kind of dialogue or the back and forth that I thought was necessary.

KATE MCGRANN: So when you say that they didn't love coming to Committee or Council, who are you referring to?

DIANE DEANS: Well, that's a good question. I'm think I'm referring to the senior city management, and I think I'm also referring to the Mayor and his office. I very much see them as a bit of a duo, a dynamic duo that, sort of, control the flow of information to Council.

KATE MCGRANN: And with respect to the memos that you and other members of Council were receiving, just so the record is clear, when you say that Mr. Manconi would deliver memos to members of Council, are you referring to the members -- like, the entire Council or specific members of Council?

DIANE DEANS: The entire Council.

KATE MCGRANN: And you mentioned that the memos as compared to an attendance before

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Council didn't provide an opportunity for a back-and-forth.

Did Council have the opportunity to ask questions of the information provided in the memos and receive answers back?

DIANE DEANS: Yes. But you see, I have a problem with that because we are a public organization. We are funded with public dollars. We have a responsibility to be transparent in a public way.

And I felt very much that a memo to members of Council where I read something in that memo, I'd pick up the phone and phone Mr. Manconi, the public didn't have the benefit of seeing that exchange or hearing that exchange or informing their views by that exchange. And I think that was purposeful.

KATE MCGRANN: It looks like, or I understand that in a conversation with Ottawa Now, which I believe is a radio show, in October of 2021, you expressed concerns that RTM was choosing short-term solutions over long-term fixes.

Does that ring a bell for you? DIANE DEANS: Yep.

1 KATE MCGRANN: Can you help me 2 understand the basis for the concern you 3 expressed that RTM was choosing short-term 4 solutions instead of long-term fixes? 5 DIANE DEANS: Yeah. I did so many interviews, I'm just trying to recall. Can you 7 remind me of the dates specifically of that, 8 Kate? 9 It's October 2021. KATE MCGRANN: 10 But, I think, really, what I'm trying to get at 11 is not the conversation that you had in the 12 interview, but more just the view that you 13 expressed at the time and why you had that view. 14 I think that view was DIANE DEANS: 15 formulated over time that more than anything 16 else that I was just increasingly becoming of 17 the view that the quality of the maintenance was 18 not there, that it was not going to be there, 19 that they may be -- you know, there were a lot 20 of things - I probably can't articulate this 21 very well - that went into my thought processes. 22 But, you know, I had been of the 23 opinion that they may be in some financial 24 difficulty at some point because the whole award

of the Stage II contract North-South to

SNC-Lavalin, sort of, was in my mind part of that, award of that contract was to shore up Phase I because we had withheld milestone payments. And I had been hearing that contractors were working off the -- walking off the job for lack of payment.

And I was -- I have, in my mind, that there was some financial issues around that Consortium, and, sure, they were all big companies that probably had deep pockets, but that entity, perhaps didn't.

And I was concerned that they were -the maintenance, they weren't hiring more people
than they absolutely had to because of financial
constraints that they were under. And it was a
bit of a chicken and the egg because we're
withholding milestone payments because they
weren't meeting our requirements. And, yet, by
withholding milestone payments, they didn't have
the money to pay the workers that they needed to
maintain the system. So, I mean, that generally
was my overall concern of what was starting to
happen.

KATE MCGRANN: When you say that you were wondering whether they had financial

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difficulty, who are you referring to?

DIANE DEANS: RTM and RTG.

KATE MCGRANN: And other than what you knew about the fact that maintenance payments, certain maintenance payments were not made or were being withheld, what other information lead you to question whether RTM and RTG were experiencing financial difficulty that might be trickling down to the resources they could bring to bare on the maintenance of the system?

DIANE DEANS: Well, I had heard, and I had inquired at a FEDCO meeting, I believe it was a FEDCO meeting, if, in fact, there were problems with payments to the subcontractors because I had heard that that was occurring.

I can't even tell you who told me that now. But I had heard that at the time that people were leaving for lack of payment. And that really concerned me. So that was really impacting my view. It was also really leading me to worry about awarding a contract to the same group in basically in Stage II. And they changed; in Stage II, they changed to monthly payments from milestone payments, and that struck me that the reason they made that change

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was in order to get money to RTG, RTM in order that we could shore up Phase I.

TATE MCGRANN: I do have some questions about the concept that changes were made in the approach to Phase II in order to shore up Phase I. But before we get there, I just want to finish the conversation about the concerns that you raised at the FEDCO meeting about potential financial difficulties on the part of RTM and RTG.

What discussion followed you raising those concerns?

DIANE DEANS: It's so hard to remember the details without going back and listening to that tape. But it seems to me that there was a general denial that there were financial difficulties that the City was aware of.

I suppose, though, if I'm being really frank about it, I was no longer necessarily taking at face value what I was being told by senior staff anymore because I was at the point where I really felt that Council was not receiving timely and wholesome information.

KATE MCGRANN: Would you please -- I know you've just described it. But would you

please walk me through -- would you please walk me through what you think may have been part of the motivation with respect to changes made at the approach to Phase II as it relates to potentially shoring up Phase I?

DIANE DEANS: Well, I had asked at that meeting about if RTG, RTM if the City was aware of them having any financial difficulties. And I mean, the general answer was no, but that was not what I was hearing on the street, if you will. And then we got to Phase II and the award of that contract.

Now, I mean, I know a lot more about the award of that contract today than I did then. But the reality is, and what we all know now is that SNC-Lavalin who's the principal and was the principal here in Phase I as well, was awarded that contract even though they did not meet the technical score of 70 percent, so they should not -- in accordance with the City's own procurement rules, they should not have been passed through to the next stage. They should not have been eligible to win that contract.

And what we also know now is that the first score they received was, I think, 62.

They were asked by someone from the law firm, and I know, Kate, you didn't ask me to mention a law firm. But they were asked by someone by the law firm of Norton Rose Fulbright to rescore.

They rescored, and I think they brought it up a number of points, but they still did not achieve the 70 percent. And then with the benefit of an audit, we found out later that the City had written into the contract a procurement rule that allowed them to pass someone who hadn't met the technical score through to the next round.

But that is not even in accordance with the City's own procurement bylaw. The City's own procurement bylaw says you must maintain a base score of 70 percent. And so my contention, for what it's worth, is that if the City was going to change the procurement rules, that should've been a Council decision, and Council should have been informed of that and/or asked to approve that, and we never were.

So I mean, all of those things really, kind of, worry me. And in terms of the firewall, I mean, Norton Rose Fulbright also acts for SNC-Lavalin, and they were the ones that were directing the rescoring which seems

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odd to me as well.

So, I think, all of those things are very concerning and it does lead to the questioning of why were we so keen to give a contract in Stage II to someone who had so dismally failed our citizens in Stage I, and especially when there were two other bidders that had met all the technical requirements and has scored quite high.

And so I can't help but draw the conclusion that there is a link between what was happening in Stage I and shoring that up by using Stage II dollars, and changing the payment structure from milestone payments to monthly payments in order to advance money into Phase I.

PETER WARDLE: Ms. McGrann, I just want to note that I'm not going to stop Councillor Deans from speaking about her views with respect to Stage II. But, obviously, the mandate of the Commission is limited to Stage I. The City is not producing any documents relating to Stage II.

And there's a limit, I think, to how far we can go on this topic. So again, I'm not going to stop any questions you may have for

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Councillor Deans about it. But just to remind about -- there are some limits of the Commission's mandates, and it does not have the mandate to pursue issues relating, for example, to the Stage II procurement.

AATE MCGRANN: We've been talking about lot about maintenance and we may come back to it before the end of our time here this morning. But one more question on that topic for now. And I'm going to take you back to the work that the City was doing prior to the procurement of the decision to proceed the design, build, finance, maintain.

Do you know whether the City undertook any assessment of what would be required in terms of resources, and otherwise, if the City was to undertake the maintenance of Stage I, LRT in-house or otherwise take responsibility for it?

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. I think there was some conversation about the level of expertise that would be required and was perhaps lacking. I mean, we certainly heard that even more recently as I, and probably others, have mused about bringing that maintenance function

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in-house you still hear, you know, that we don't have the expertise. Well, we don't have it anyway as far as I'm concerned.

So the other recollection that I'm having around how the design, build, finance, maintain was sold to Council is that if we give them a maintenance contract and they're invested here for 30 years that they will spend -- they will produce a higher quality product upfront because they're going to have to maintain it.

And so, that was one of the sale features that we also heard that, you know, if you build something and then you walk away from it, you are not as invested because it's not your problem. But if you have to maintain it for 30 years and it is your problem, then you're going to get a higher quality product. And that was certainly one of the things that Council was told that we should consider in making that decision.

KATE MCGRANN: Sticking with the idea of the City potentially taking on the maintenance responsibilities either directly or through hiring others to work for it, I understand the benefits that were explained to

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1 you, including the maintenance in the 2. procurement model. 3 But do you know if the assessment of 4 whether the City could take that responsibility 5 on proceeded to a point where Council received an opinion about whether it was viable 7 financially or practically for the City to 8 continue to look at that option? 9 DIANE DEANS: I can't remember the 10 specifics of that. 11 Before I move away from KATE MCGRANN: 12 this maintenance discussion, Ms. McLellan, do 13 you have any follow-up questions about anything 14 we've discussed? 15 LIZ MCLELLAN: I don't, no. 16 Moving from the KATE MCGRANN: 17 procurement phase into the construction phase, 18 what was your understanding of the City's role 19 in overseeing the construction work being done 2.0 by RTG or otherwise connected to the 21 construction of Stage I of the audit? 22 That -- I mean, I DIANE DEANS: Yeah. 23

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. That -- I mean, I can't really say that I recall the details of how the roles were identified. I know as we went on, City staff were embedded with the

1 proponent in a sort of joint, kind of, structure, sort of, teamwork because, you know, 3 City staff had a role in running this system 4 once we took it over. 5 But in terms of how much oversight --I mean, when they did presentations to the 7 Committee and Council, Mr. Manconi was there, we 8 saw very little of the proponent. I think 9 Mr. Lauch, who was the CEO of RTG, appeared 10 maybe twice. He was -- more sightings of the 11 Loch Ness Monster than him through that project. 12 So he was not put front and centre. 13 Our information was coming from the City staff 14 and so I guess I was left with the impression 15 that they were quite embedded and knowledgeable 16 in what was happening. In terms of oversight, I 17 can't say I specifically have a strong sense of 18 what that relationship was. 19 When you say that they KATE MCGRANN: 20 did presentations to Committee and Council, who 21 are you referring to? 22 Mr. Manconi and his DIANE DEANS: 23 team. 24 And just for clarity of KATE MCGRANN: 25 the transcript when people are looking at it

1 later, when you refer to the proponent, who are 2. you referring to? 3 DIANE DEANS: RTG. 4 KATE MCGRANN: With respect to 5 Mr. Lauch and his communications directed with 6 Council that you made reference to the Loch Ness 7 Monster, did you have an expectation heading 8 into the construction phase of the kind of interactions Council would have with 9 10 representatives of RTG? 11 Yeah, I think I had an DIANE DEANS: 12 expectation that our partner would be very 13 present to the Board of Directors of the 14 Corporation in the City of Ottawa in the largest 15 project in the City's history. And that was 16 just not happening. 17 KATE MCGRANN: Why did you form that 18 expectation? 19 I guess, just my, sort DIANE DEANS: 2.0 of, sense of partnership. The word 21 "partnership" seems to imply that there's some, 22 sort of, of equality of knowledge-sharing and 23 understanding and working together, all of those 24 things. 25 And I would think that imparting

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information to the Board of Directors, which is what City Council is, would be a part of that partnership arrangement. But it wasn't.

And it was interesting. There was one committee meeting, it was a FEDCO meeting. It was one of the two that Mr. Lauch attended, and it was one of the times when he came to provide, I think, members of Council with some assurance that the system was going to be ready to be handed over in the near future.

And he provided a date to the members of the committee and I got on the speakers list. I think it was 40 minutes into the meeting that when I got onto the speakers list, and my first question was to Mr. Manconi, and I just said, Mr. Manconi -- they were sitting beside each other, and I said to Mr. Manconi, Do you agree that this is an achievable date? And his answer was no.

We were 40 minutes into the meeting, and the two of them were presumably partners in this arrangement, and Mr. Lauch came and, you know, provided this information to members of Council and, yet, our general manager of transit in the City of Ottawa sitting next to him and

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until somebody explicitly asked him the question 40 minutes into the meeting that that was the first time he disclosed that he didn't believe a word of it. So it's been frustrating.

KATE MCGRANN: What discussion followed your question that elicited
Mr. Manconi's response that he did not agree that that date being provided by RTG was achievable?

DIANE DEANS: Can you just repeat the beginning of that question?

KATE MCGRANN: Yes. Let me put it a different way. That sounds like it was a notable question and answer.

What discussion followed that question and answer? Do you agree with RTG's date? Do you agree it's achievable? No. What happened next in the conversation?

DIANE DEANS: Yeah, it just more of an explanation of the issues and the timeline and the complexity and, you know, all of those things. And that, I guess, by then, Mr. Manconi had probably seen enough to realize that, you know, at the time RTG was pushing for an RSA date because those were milestone dates in terms

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of their payments. So they were pushing hard to get to payments. But those dates turned out to be quite unrealistic.

KATE MCGRANN: And with respect to RTG's motivation to achieve RSA and that being to obtain a payment, where did you get that information from?

DIANE DEANS: That was -- I mean, I can't point to a specific time that someone explained that. But it was the general impression that I had informed from the information that was being provided to members of Council that led me to that conclusion.

KATE MCGRANN: Turning back to the frequency that RTG or a representative of RTG,

I should say, appeared before Council to discuss the project.

At the outset of the project, was there any, sort of, schedule set for RTG appearances before Council, or any expectations created about the number and nature of interactions that Council would have with representatives of RTG?

DIANE DEANS: Not to the best of my knowledge. And that perhaps was a shortcoming

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of on our part that we hadn't established clearly from the outset our expectation in terms of availability to the proponent.

KATE MCGRANN: What benefits do you think would have followed more frequent interactions between Council and representatives of RTG?

DIANE DEANS: Probably relationship building. I mean, I think that the relationship became very strained, and, you know, if we had done more in terms of building a relationship of trust and understanding at the outset, that probably would have been very useful because as time went on and, you know, all kinds of things happened to create doubt and distrust in our minds, they hadn't built a foundation in terms of a relationship that sustained us.

KATE MCGRANN: And how do you think that lack of foundation and the relationship becoming strained has impacted on the Stage I LRT project?

DIANE DEANS: I think it's taken it's toll on the City. I think it's taken its toll on the customers. I think our customers are distrusting of our partner. I think it's taken

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its toll on members of Council individually. I
think it's taken its toll on Council as a whole.
I think it has taken its toll on senior staff.
I think it's been very difficult for our staff in the organization, and we've seen some high-profile turnover in, you know, the real office and then in OC Transpo. And, you know, the senior ranks have turned over throughout this process. I think the entire project has taken its toll individually and collectively on a lot of people.

KATE MCGRANN: Other than more frequent interactions between Council and representatives of RTG, is there anything else, sitting here today looking back, that you think could have been done to better build or bolster the relationship between the City and RTG to the benefit of the project?

DIANE DEANS: I think auditing could have really helped because I think we could've had an early warning system of problems. I, in hindsight, don't think we should have awarded a long-term maintenance contract to the same organization.

I think that we should have built

better in-house capacity to be able to address our own issues because ultimately, people that live here and invested in our City are probably people that will pay more attention to the detail. I think financially, too much focus was on the bottom line as opposed to the quality of the product. And, yeah, I think there's a lot of lessons to learn from all of this.

KATE MCGRANN: When you refer to building more in-house capacity to address issues, what are you speaking about there?

DIANE DEANS: I'm talking about the maintenance of the whole system. I think that we need more people that understand electrified light rapid transit system. I think we need more people with technical skills, engineers, maintenance people. All of those things that can assess a situation and understand our needs and understand our climate and have that intimate knowledge. And I spoke earlier about how well, actually, the North-South line, the one that, until recently, was running had done.

But we had a lot of in-house capacity, and, you know, a lot of people really invested in and had pride in that project. And I don't

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think that when you have a maintenance firm that is based elsewhere that they have the same pride and determination in terms of making sure that the system is running really well.

So my conclusion is that if I were doing it again, I would be promoting that we build, maybe, a short-term maintenance contract while we build capacity. But over time, that we build our in-house capacity to maintain our own system.

KATE MCGRANN: As the project moved from construction into trial running period and then revenue service availability, handover of the system -- I realize I just covered quite a time period there. So let me focus in a little bit.

At the beginning of the trial running period, do you know what I'm referring to?

DIANE DEANS: Yes.

KATE MCGRANN: At the beginning of the trial running period, what information did Council have about the reliability of the system and the trains heading into that trial running?

DIANE DEANS: We were hearing that there were problems. I mean, we were hearing a

lot of the same comments early on from Mr. Manconi and the senior managers of the City, that, you know, that 12 days continuing problem-free, uninterrupted running was the, sort of, panacea. And that was our assurance that we're Ready for Rail.

And, you know, I was putting a lot of stock in that. I was worried that 12 days of continuous running was not enough because I was hearing from other systems that their continuous run-time programs, in advance of bringing the system into service, was much longer.

But having said that, we kept hearing over and over again that, you know, if they could run problem-free at the full capacity on the line in trial run tests for 12 days that we would be prepared to take the system.

So that was, for me, the minimum that we should do. But Mr. Manconi was -- he was making big statements about how important this trial run and getting it right and then being problem-free, and, yeah, there were kinks. You know, in the early -- in the early days, they were seeing problems on the line and they were towing trains back, but they were working it out

1 in this 12-day continuing run-time was really 2 the benchmark for us taking the system. 3 You said you understood KATE MCGRANN: 4 that there were problems as you headed into the 5 trial running phase. What problems were you aware of? 7 DIANE DEANS: Oh, gosh. I don't. 8 remember if I can remember details of those, 9 But there were -- there were, you know, 10 issues with trains being towed back or for 11 whatever reason there were problems. I just --12 I cannot recall the details of what they are 13 other than that I was aware they were occurring. 14 KATE MCGRANN: And you mentioned that 15 you had concerns about, I think, whether 12 days 16 was sufficient based on information that you had 17 heard about the length of the trial running 18 period for other systems. Is that right? 19 DIANE DEANS: That's right. 2.0 KATE MCGRANN: What other systems are 21 you referring to? 22 DIANE DEANS: I wish I can remember. 23 But I can't. But at the time, I remember 24 hearing that some municipalities would have 25 trial run periods of six months or more.

days -- when I was hearing that kind of information, I wondered why did we only pick 12 days? Is that really enough? Like, can you fake it for 12 days? I wasn't sure.

But, you know, let me just say, like, members of Council are not experts in any of this stuff. So we take at face value a lot of what we are told by our senior staff. And when they told us that this was what absolutely had to happen, and that was the minimum, if we got there, that they would feel that we were ready to take the system. I mean, we took that at face value.

KATE MCGRANN: Was there any discussion about extending the length of the trial running period at any point to a longer period?

DIANE DEANS: I don't believe there was. Not that I can recall anyway. And because we were concerned that they weren't going to do 12. So I don't know, but I just don't recall that.

KATE MCGRANN: And a realistic trial running period happens in August 2019, and then you are away from your Council duties for a

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period of time starting in September. So to the extent that you're unable to answer this question because you weren't there, just let me know. Do I have those dates right? I think I do.

What information did Council receive about the results of the trial running?

DIANE DEANS: Yeah. Now, I was there because -- I probably can't zero in on the exact words. But Council -- I was in the Council chamber the day that they announced we're taking the system. And I knew enough by then to know that there was a lot of wiggle words being used, and then that they had not met that standard, and they had changed the standard by then.

It wasn't 12 continuous days, it was Mr. Manconi was satisfied that even though there were some interruptions that, generally speaking, they felt that they had met the spirit. It was that sort of thing, and it's certainly not those words. Those are my words, not theirs.

But it was very clear to me that my perception based on what I heard and saw that they could not come and just sit in front of

Council and say, Yes, they met the 12 continuous days problem-free of trial running. We never heard those words spoken. And there's was a lot of hedging that was happening in the words.

And I sat in the Council chamber. It was a briefing, they had the Ready for Rail, the big key, the -- and I was in the audience watching all of this. And I was just, This isn't ready, and it's being forced open politically. And that was a strong sense that I had that day.

KATE MCGRANN: When you say "it was being forced open politically", what do you mean by that?

DIANE DEANS: Well, we had had four delays and the public were very frustrated, as was Council, as was the senior staff. Everybody was frustrated. But I think the tolerance level for more delays was getting short. And my personal opinion was, I mean, it was sort of disastrous at this point. But safety trumps everything else.

And so, for me, I did not want to accept that key and the responsibility that came with it because risk shifted to the municipality

once we took that system. So I didn't want to take that key until we, at the very least, met that minimum standard that had been set, and had been promoted heavily in the years and months prior.

And yet, that day, I sat in the Council chamber, it was very, very evident to me that it hadn't been met and, yet, it was being forced open. And then after-the-fact, and, you know, we saw that letter from Mr. Lauch where he expressed concerns that it was being forced open politically, and it's the sense that I had that date sitting in the Council chamber that this was -- this was not ready for prime time. It was not ready to put our customers on.

And I actually did not go to the opening because I personally didn't believe that it was ready and I wasn't ready to celebrate a system that I thought was -- should not have been accepted by the City.

KATE MCGRANN: Did Council have any opportunity to question the decision to accept the results of the trial running?

DIANE DEANS: Yes, we did. That day, we were given an opportunity to ask questions.

And certainly afterwards, the media were also asking a lot of questions. But there were no direct answers given. I mean, it was all kind of a shade of grey that, you know, Mr. Manconi was satisfied that they had met the spirit of it.

It was not -- it was not an emphatic,

They met the 12 days continuing run time, and we

are ready for revenue service. It wasn't that.

KATE MCGRANN: You've spoken about factors that may have influenced the decision to open or to accept the system: The four prior delays, frustration on the part of the City, City staff, the public, councillors.

If you feel you can answer this question, in your view was there -- would the environment, the overall environment at the time have left room to push the revenue service date further into the future to push the full revenues service and open to the public further into the future? Did that option exist?

DIANE DEANS: In my view, it absolutely existed. If I had -- if there had been a vote, I would not have voted to accept the system without the guarantee of those 12

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continuous days. There was not -- a decision was not made by Council based on the evidence to open that system.

KATE MCGRANN: Sitting here today, and looking back on how everything unfolded, do you think that there's anything that could have been done to create an environment, overall environment that may have been more receptive to further delay to the opening of the system?

DIANE DEANS: I mean, I think it was intestinal fortitude. I mean, I think it was up to Council. I mean, Council ultimately had the responsibility to be the voice of the public, and, frankly, the protectors of the public. And our ultimate responsibility was to ensure the safety and reliability of that system before we accepted it and put it into service. And I think we failed in that duty.

And that the vote never came to Council, it was driven through the Mayor's office, at least that's my opinion. It was driven through the Mayor's office, it was driven politically.

And I think that his tolerance for another delay just wasn't there. And look, the

public were very unhappy. But at the end of the day, safety of the system, safety of our riders, safety of the public has to be the number 1 and even if you have to go back and say, We are sorry, but this is not a system that is ready to accept riders, then we needed to do that. And that's how I felt about it. That's why I didn't attend the opening.

KATE MCGRANN: With respect to the operation of the system, and again to the extent you feel you can answer this, sitting where we are today, what is your view on whether the City had the resources it needed in order to operate the system efficiently?

DIANE DEANS: I mean, if you're talking about the system meaning the LRT system, I mean, I think they have the resources to operate the system. I don't think we had the resources to operate -- to effectively move our citizens around the city in the absence of a working system.

And so, we had gotten -- we had pink slipped, I think, over 300 bus drivers; we had sold off our fleet of buses. And then we found out that the system wasn't working effectively

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and we were stranding people all over the place, and we were stranding our riders, and people were choosing other options to move around our city.

And we are bleeding ridership. People were choosing to purchase bicycles and cars and other modes of transportation, and carpool and Uber and all kinds of things because the system wasn't reliable.

So in an overall sense? Yes. In terms of operating that system, we could probably operate the system if it was operational. But the problem was it wasn't always operational.

KATE MCGRANN: The Commissioner and Commission has been asked to investigate the commercial and technical circumstances that led to the breakdowns and the derailments on Stage I of Ottawa's LRT system.

Are there any other topics or areas that we haven't discussed this morning that you think it would be important for the Commission to look at as part of its investigation?

DIANE DEANS: No. Nothing -- nothing comes to mind. I mean, I think you've asked a

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lot of specific areas that I had most concerns about, problems along the way, sinkholes and stuff like that. But, no. I think, generally speaking, you have covered all of the topics.

KATE MCGRANN: And one of the things that the Commissioner has been asked to do is to make recommendations to try to prevent similar issues from happening again.

Are there any specific recommendations or areas for recommendation that you think you should consider as part of that work?

DIANE DEANS: That's a good question.

I think -- I actually think that municipalities, spending public dollars, probably should be looking at, like, using entities like

Infrastructure Ontario as opposed to private firms.

I'm not sure why that happened in Ottawa in the award of the Stage II contract.
But I sense that that was a mistake. And so I would say if the Commissioner looked at the role of Infrastructure Ontario, and if that, you know, is what he should recommend, or they should recommend, we follow in the future, I think that would be an important consideration.

I think the structure of these large-scale projects, I think in terms of financing, I think we need to consider how best to cost share into the future, these projects, because I think, ultimately, you know, if we ever did a really deep dive on what this project has cost the City of Ottawa financially, I think it's been far greater than any of us will ever know.

So I think, you know, I think we need to understand the impact on the City finances of a project like that going forward.

I think looking at the advisability of having long-term maintenance contracts from companies outside might be something worth the Commissioner's time in terms of consideration for how we might protect the public long-term, and insure the system.

I mean, maybe more -- maybe more advice on how in terms of technical advice and technical support to municipalities. It was really uncharted water for us when we got into this and we don't think in-house we had enough expertise to deal with the project of this magnitude on a lot of fronts.

But even in terms of setting up the project conditions, and all of that, we probably needed more help than we had in terms of understanding how we get the best value for money in the end.

I really think the way we set up the project was almost set up to fail in that we award the contract, the private sector proponent chooses the component parts. Like, we didn't have any say in the choice of the trains or any of that, that we're going to operate here, and the quality of the vehicles that the vehicles were, you know, the right technology for our winter city. All of those things.

We probably didn't have the expertise, but we also didn't have a say because he handed it all over to the private partner. And my sense is that a private company like that are driven by their bottom-line.

And so even though, you know, the belief in what counsel was told by our own staff is, Well, they're going to maintain this for a long time, you know, they're going to pick quality parts. That didn't happen. So there's some lessons certainly to be learned in terms of

1	all of that.
2	KATE MCGRANN: Ms. McClellan, do you
3	have any follow-up question based on our
4	discussions this morning?
5	LIZ MCLELLAN: I don't, no.
6	KATE MCGRANN: Mr. Wardle, do you have
7	any questions for the witness?
8	PETER WARDLE: No, thank you.
9	KATE MCGRANN: Well, that brings my
10	questions this morning to an end. Thank you
11	very much for your time.
12	DIANE DEANS: And thank you very much
13	for your work on this file. I appreciate the
14	opportunity.
15	Concluded at 11:23 A.M.
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, LEILA HECKERT, CVR, Certified
4	Verbatim Reporter, certify;
5	
6	That the foregoing proceedings were
7	taken before me at the time and date therein set
8	forth;
9	That the statements of the presenters
10	and all comments made at the time of the meeting
11	were recorded digitally by me;
12	That the foregoing is a certified
13	transcript of my shorthand notes so taken.
14	
15	Dated this 14th day of April, 2022.
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20	PER: LEILA HECKERT
21	CERTIFIED VERBATIM REPORTER
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