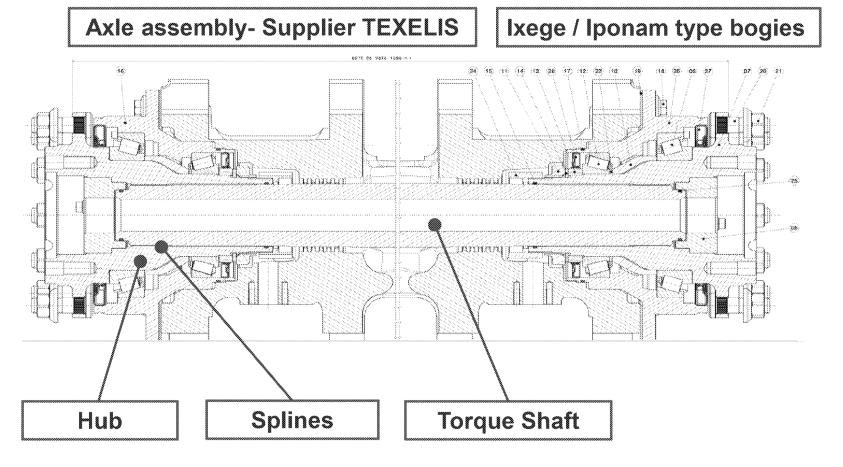
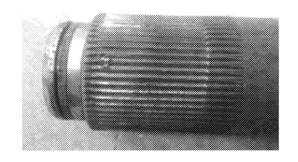


- 1. Spline wear problem overview
- 2. V5 fleet status
- 3. T20 axle solution
- 4. Ottawa retrofit planification

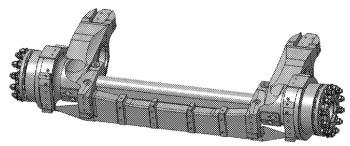


Spline wear problem overview





Wear of the splines leading to excessive play between the hubs and the torque shaft and ultimately failure of the splines and loss of drive between the two wheels.



2 axle assemblies/ bogie

Spline wear problem overview Safety Analysis

- Braking performances
 - On Motor bogie only, retarding force x 2 on intact side
 - → risk of flats on tyres, not a safety risk
 - Loss of brakes on complete bogie already taken into account through degraded mode (NBE-19-00076591 §5.1.2, §5.2.2, §5.5)
- Stability and track safety
 - Detailed analysis done on Istanbul 301 (NBE-01-00080556)
 - → No safety risk for independent wheels
- Detectability (in between 25kkm check): noise

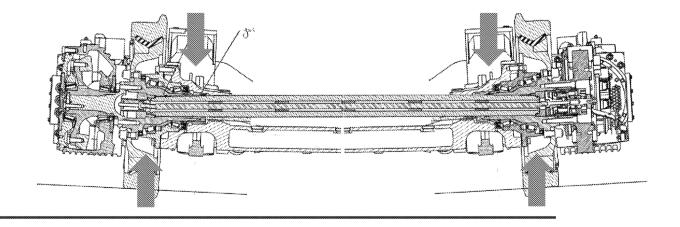
No injury / Reduction of system capacities => Risk severity III (Marginal)

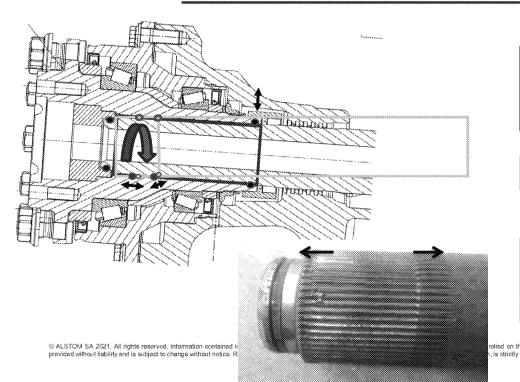
Spline wear problem overview Root cause explanation

Assembly → play in spline connection

Vertical load → axle beam bending

At 0 torque → Straight shaft + △ angle max





Torsional torque + Shaft rigidity

Partial realignment between shaft and hub

Δ angle

+ in-uniforme stress distribution in soline

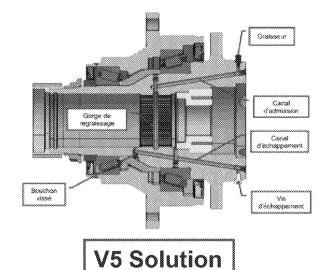
Contact pressure + Sliding

Power dissipation in spline
Wear
rease migration to extremities (gumning ex

Spline wear problem overview Improvement tracks

Spline connection working condition

Acceptable « P . v » factor versus Lubrication





Sliding speed

Play Axlebeam bending Etc. Good lubrication in assembly Good sealing performance (V5)

Regreasing solution in service (V5)

Contact Pressure

Spline geometry (V5) Torque Etc.

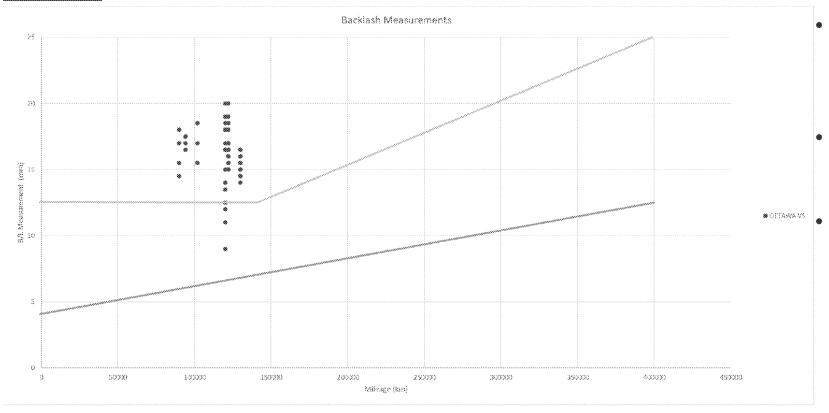
Interdependancy



Ottawa V5 fleet status

- V5 retrofit:
 - 100% revenue service fleet completed
 - LRV 41-46 to be completed not in revenue service
- V5 fleet mileage
 - Highest mileage post retrofit: 126.000 km
 - Lowest mileage post retrofit: 15.000 km

Ottawa V5 fleet status V5 spline wear follow-up



- Data gathered from 7
 LRV with high mileage
 so far
- B/L measurement at reflecting spline wear
- 25mm as replacing criteria (within 40kkm)
 - Alert zone
 - Comfort zone

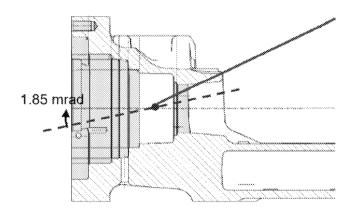
Alerting V5 fleet performance

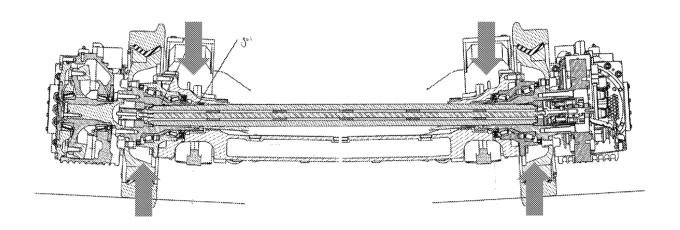


T20 axle solution



- Texelis T20 axle implemented on Toronto project
- 1 change in machining process in order to re-align hub / shaft spline connection





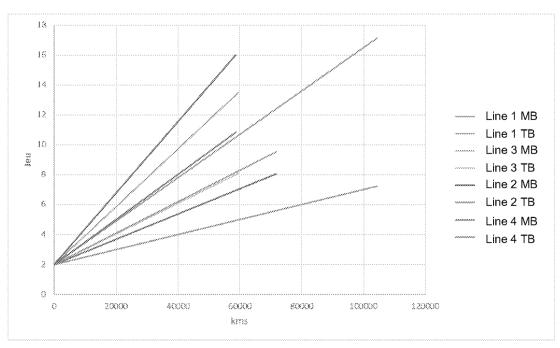
- Rotating angle calculation based on weighted average of IPONAM bogie axle loads and considering geometrical constraints for assembly operation. Rotating angle defined as **1.85mrd** (0.106°)
- Identical Back-to-Back measurement by adjusting mounting shims

T20 axle solution Simulation Results

- Simpack simulation model
- Good correlation simulation results VS fleet evolution.

	Wear	P Diss	
track	mm/km	kW*hr/100kkm	
Line 1 TB	5.02E-05	9.7	
Line 2 MB	8.43E-05	12.8	
Line 3 TB	1.02E-04	16.6	
Line 2 TB	1.05E-04	11.8	
Line 1 MB	1.45E-04	12.7	
Line 4 TB	1.50E-04	17.4	
Line 3 MB	1.93E-04	20.5	
Line 4 MB	2.38E-04	19.7	

	kW*hr / 100kkms	Gain car.
T20 Mean value	1.9	ref
V5 Mean value AW0	9.6	5.2
V5 Mean value AW3	13.8	7.5



V5 Fleets wear follow-up



Spline wear problem overview Design and retrofit status in different fleets

- IPONAM:
 - Ottawa: V5 in revenue service
 - Toronto: T20 in production
 - => Target to implent T20 for bogies remaining to be built
- IXEGE:
 - TTNG: V5 in revenue service, T20 for prototype
 - Istanbul: V5 in revenue service, T20 under discussion

Ottawa retrofit planing

- Targetting minimal number of LRV to be retrofitted in V5
- T20 retrofit:
 - Tentative start in Q4 2021 (December 21)
 - First LRV at 3-4 weeks turn-around time
 - Next 3 LRV ar 2 weeks turn-around time
 - Estimated 1 LRV / week after learning curve