THE WALKERTON INQUIRY

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OUTLINE OF POTENTIAL ISSUES IN PART IB

Please note that this outline may change as Commission counsel proceed with their document review and other preparation for Part IB.

Section I

Certificates of Approval

- 1. Framework: history and nature of Certificate of Approval ("C of A") and Permit to Take Water processes (*Ontario Water Resources Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.O.40)
- 2. Policy and practice/ Changes in policy and practice: 1975-2000
 - (a) Types of conditions attached to C of As
 - (b) Summaries of C of As and conditions in Ontario
 - (c) Changes to legislation, policies and procedures
 - (d) Water works design guidelines
- 3. Granting of C of As
 - (a) Imposition of conditions
 - (b) Factors considered for new sources of water
 - (c) Consideration of land uses and buffer zones
- 4. Tracking and updating of C of As
 - (a) Provincial responses to internal and external comment
- 5. Use and dissemination of C of A information to local MOE staff, owner/ operator of water works, and local Medical Officer of Health, and the public

Section II

Water Quality Standards and Testing

- 1. Roles of MOE and Ministry of Health & Long Term Care (MOHLTC) laboratories: pre-1996
 - (a) Funding, including shift to charging municipalities for testing services in 1994, and basis for such charges
 - (b) Testing for municipal communal water systems, including reporting of both satisfactory and adverse results
 - (c) Communication with local MOE offices and local Medical Officers of Health
- 2. Drinking water quality standards
 - (a) Ontario Drinking Water Objectives ("ODWOs")
 - (b) Guidelines versus regulation
 - (c) Promulgation and revisions
 - (d) Roles of Ontario Drinking Water Co-ordinating Committee ("DWCC"), and federal/provincial subcommittee on drinking water, re: water quality standards
 - (e) Sampling and analysis requirements, protocols and procedures
 - (f) Reporting and notification procedures
- 3. Privatization of government laboratory services
 - (a) Historical roles of public and private laboratories in Ontario re: drinking water
 - (b) Cessation of routine municipal bacteriological testing and purpose of privatization
 - (c) Consideration of relevant issues, including:
 - (i) Capacity and capability of private laboratories
 - (ii) Certification and accreditation requirements
 - (iii) Communication to municipalities
 - (iv) Communication to local Medical Officers of Health and local MOE Environmental Officers, including guidance to client municipalities on choice of testing facilities
 - (v) Communication to the public
 - (vi) Budgetary impact on municipalities, particularly small and rural municipalities
 - (vii) Budgetary impact on MOE and MOHLTC
 - (d) Provincial responses to internal and external comment

- 4. Monitoring and assessment of Privatization Initiative: post-1996
 - (a) Responses from MOE and MOHLTC (then MOH) laboratories, local MOE offices and local Medical Officers of Health, including compliance, reporting and quality assurance concerns
 - (b) Responses from affected groups (e.g., municipalities, public health inspectors, private laboratories)
 - (c) Monitoring the accuracy and effectiveness of private laboratories
 - (d) Post-1996 reporting and notification procedures

Section III

Role of MOE in Standards, Monitoring, Compliance and Enforcement Re: Drinking Water

- Overview: Role of MOE in relation to MOHLTC, municipal owner/ operator, and local Medical Officers of Health and Health Units, Ontario Clean Water Agency ("OCWA"), and Federal government
- 2. Role of Ontario Drinking Water Co-ordinating Committee (DWCC)
 - (a) ODWOs and Bulletin 65-W-4 entitled "Chlorination of Potable Water Supplies" ("Chlorination Bulletin")
 - (b) Enforcement and implementation of ODWOs and Chlorination Bulletin.
 - (c) Minimum recommended sampling requirements program
- 3. Training standards
 - (a) Local operator training, certification, continuing education and monitoring, and grandparenting
 - (b) Water Works and Sewage Works, O.Reg. 435/93 re: training standards for local operators
 - (c) MOE manager and Environmental Officer training and continuing education
- 4. Monitoring of water works
 - (a) Routine operational monitoring and reporting
 - i) nature and frequency of testing
 - ii) reporting and communication of data
 - iii) record keeping
 - (b) MOE inspections
 - i) Inspection methodology

- ii) Dedicated inspections and follow-up
- iii) Utilization of unannounced site visits
- iv) Inspections under the Sewage and Water Inspection Program (SWIP)
- v) Government inspections after May 2000
- vi) Provincial responses to internal and external comment
- vii) Reporting, communication and record-keeping
- (c) Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP)
- (d) Roles and responsibilities of MOE supervisors, district managers, regional directors, other directors (e.g. Water Resources Branch), and abatement officers
- (e) Annual reporting by the operator to the MOE, and follow-up

5. MOE operational procedures

- (a) Delivery strategies and program prioritization
- (b) Work assignment and degree of specialization
- (c) Staff complement, vacancies and overtime opportunities
- (d) Record-keeping and institutional memory
- (e) Transfer of files and review of new files
- (f) Monitoring between inspections
- (g) Availability of expertise for operators and MOE staff
- (h) Consolidation and communication of policy
- (i) Relationship with local Medical Officer of Health
- (j) MOE relationship with MOHLTC and federal Departments of Health and Environment
- (k) Role of SAC

6. Compliance and enforcement

- (a) Historical overview of compliance policies
- (b) Responses to specific non-conformance and non-compliance
- (c) Voluntary versus mandatory abatement strategies
- (d) Use of Director's Orders

7. Environmental Commissioner/ Provincial Auditor

- (a) Impact of Environmental Bill of Rights on MOE policy re: drinking water, including exemptions
- (b) Provincial response to the Environmental Commissioner's annual reports re: drinking water
- (c) Provincial response to Provincial Auditor's reports re: drinking water
- (d) Other

- 8. Changes to legal and operations regimes which may have affected Walkerton
 - (a) Regulatory Reform
 - i) Bill 25, Red Tape Reduction Act
 - ii) Bill 57, Environmental Approvals Improvement Act
 - iii) Bill 107, Water and Sewage Improvement Act
 - iv) Bill 152, Services Improvement Act
 - v) Bill 146, Farming and Food Production Protection Act
 - vi) Bill 20, *Planning Act*
 - vii) Provincial Water Protection Fund
 - (b) Reductions in MOE budgets, personnel and resources
 - i) Reductions in operating and capital budgets
 - ii) Staff reductions generally
 - iii) Reductions in staff responsible for water
 - iv) Reductions in enforcement staff and prosecutions
 - v) Deskilling and deprofessionalization
 - vi) Recruitment, retention and morale of staff
 - vii) Delivery Strategies and communal water
 - viii) Issues raised or considered by DWCC
 - (c) Restructuring
 - i) Withdrawal of funding for sewer and water infrastructure
 - ii) Municipal amalgamations
 - iii) Who Does What panel: Downloading of responsibilities to municipalities
 - iv) Alternative Service Delivery initiatives
 - v) Centralization of decision-making
 - vi) Operational business changes to Ministry of Municipal Affairs & Housing ("MMAH"), MNR, MOHLTC, OMAFRA, and the MOE
 - vii) Provincial responses to internal and external comment

Section IV

Municipal Operation of Water Works

- 1. Overview: Roles of municipality, PUC, MOE, MMAH, Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (OMAFRA), and OCWA
- 2. Governance and funding of municipal water works
 - (a) Municipal government / PUC

- (i) Overall scheme under *Public Utilities Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.P.52
- (ii) Municipal finance and drinking water infrastructure
- (iii) Minimum standards for municipal financing of infrastructure, maintenance and operations
- (iv) Utility rate issues
- (v) Relationship between the municipality and the PUC, including accountability of PUC to the municipality
- (b) Provincial grant and loan programs
- (c) Federal grant and loan programs
- 3. Provincial regulation of the owner/ operator
 - (a) Water Works and Sewage Works, O.Reg. 435/93
 - (b) Oversight of municipal pricing, financing and investment in infrastructure
 - (c) Statutory duties and responsibilities of PUC commissioners and other municipally-elected officials
 - (d) Orientation and continuing education of PUC commissioners
 - (e) Minimum operational requirements (i.e. infrastructure and technology, record-keeping, training and supervision of staff, contingency planning)
- 4. Changing municipal role and capacity re: operation of water works
 - (a) Effect of municipal amalgamation
 - (b) Effect of downloading of responsibilities, including transfer of septic inspections to municipalities (*Environmental Protection Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.E.19)
 - (c) Effect of Bill 35, Energy Competition Act

Section V

Public Health

- 1. Overview: municipal communal drinking water
 - (a) Roles, duties and responsibilities of local Medical Officers of Health and Health Units
 - (b) Roles of MOHLTC and Chief Medical Officer of Health
 - (c) Roles of MOE, MMAH and OMAFRA re: safe drinking water
 - (d) Role of Health Canada re: safe drinking water in Ontario
 - (e) Knowledge about the health effects of *e. coli* in drinking water, and risk of pathogens generally, and timely communication of risks to operators, Health Units and local MOE inspectors

- 2. Changes in the public health system re: drinking water
 - (a) Impact of Who Does What process
 - (b) Reductions in budgets, personnel and resources
 - (c) Allocation of funding responsibilities between province and municipalities
 - (d) Cessation of routine municipal bacteriological testing by Government laboratories and coordination between MOE and MOHLTC
- 3. Adverse Drinking Water Results
 - (a) Roles of public health inspector and local Medical Officer of Health and MOE Regional staff
 - (b) Record keeping
 - (c) Reporting by MOE, including inspection reports, and responses by local Medical Officer of Health
 - (d) Adequacy of monitoring and enforcement (*Health Protection and Promotion Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.H.7)
- 4. Emergency planning
 - (a) Adequacy of policies and procedures
 - (b) Communication of information
 - (c) Boil Water Advisories
 - (d) Role of SAC

Section VI

Agriculture - Land Use and Groundwater Protection

- 1. Overview: Roles of OMAFRA, MOE, MOHLTC, Medical Officers of Health, Ministry of Natural Resources (Conservation Authorities), the Ontario Municipal Board, Farm Practices Protection Board, and the MMAH
- 2. Provincial role in groundwater protection
 - (a) Provincial groundwater quality management framework, including well head protection
 - (b) Provincial responses to internal and external comment re: monitoring of groundwater quality
- 3. Municipal role in groundwater protection

4. Environmental standards for agricultural operation

- (a) Applicable standards and exemptions
- (b) Best management practices, normal farm practices, and the provincial and municipal role
- (c) Municipal by-laws, agricultural uses and safe drinking water
- (d) Manure management standards and procedures
- (e) Agriculturally derived pathogens and drinking water
- (f) Aquifer vulnerability assessment and risk-based decisions on land use
- (g) E. coli, campylobacter, and other pathogens re: drinking water
- (h) Other tools